



## **Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)**

Offered by BLUE CROSS OF CALIFORNIA

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2019.

**1-800-499-2793, TTY: 711**





### **It's important we treat you fairly**

That's why we follow Federal civil rights laws in our health programs and activities. We don't discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability. For people with disabilities, we offer free aids and services. For people whose primary language isn't English, we offer free language assistance services through interpreters and other written languages. Interested in these services? Call Customer Service for help (TTY: 711).

If you think we failed to offer these services or discriminated based on race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a complaint, also known as a grievance. You can file a complaint with our Compliance Coordinator in writing to Compliance Coordinator, 4361 Irwin Simpson Rd, Mailstop: OH0205-A537; Mason, Ohio 45040-9498. Or you can file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 200 Independence Avenue, SW; Room 509F, HHH Building; Washington, D.C. 20201 or by calling 1-800-368-1019 (TTY: 1- 800-537-7697) or online at <https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>. Complaint forms are available at <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>.

### **Get help in your language**

Separate from our language assistance program, we make documents available in alternate formats for members with visual impairments. If you need a copy of this document in an alternate format, please call the Customer Service number on the back of your ID card.

**English:** You have the right to get this information and help in your language for free. Call Customer Service for help.

**Spanish:** Tiene el derecho de obtener esta información y ayuda en su idioma de forma gratuita. Llame al número de Servicios para Miembros para obtener ayuda.

**Arabic:**

يحق لك الحصول على هذه المعلومات والمساعدة بلغتك مجاناً. اتصل بخدمة العملاء للمساعدة.

**Armenian:** Դուք իրավունք ունեք Ձեր լեզվով ստանալու այս տեղեկատվությունը և ցանկացած օգնություն՝ անվճար:  
Օգնություն ստանալու համար զանգահարեք հաճախորդների սպասարկման կենտրոն:

**Chinese:** 您有權使用您的語言免費獲得該資訊和協助。請致電客戶服務部尋求協助。

**Farsi:**

شما این حق را دارید که این اطلاعات و کمکها را به صورت رایگان به زبان خودتان دریافت کنید.  
برای دریافت کمک با مرکز خدمات مشتریان تماس بگیرید.

**French:** Vous avez le droit d'accéder gratuitement à ces informations et à une aide dans votre langue. Pour obtenir de l'aide, veuillez appeler le service client.

**Haitian:** Ou gen dwa resevwa enfòmasyon sa a ak asistans nan lang ou pale a pou gratis. Rele nimewo Sèvis Kliyan an pou jwenn èd.

**Italian:** Ha il diritto di ricevere queste informazioni ed eventuale assistenza nella sua lingua senza alcun costo aggiuntivo. Per assistenza, chiami il Servizio clienti.

**Japanese:** この情報と支援を希望する言語で無料で受けることができます。サポートが必要な場合はカスタマー サービスにお電話ください。

**Korean:** 귀하께서는 본 정보와 도움을 비용없이 귀하의 언어로 받으실 권리가 있습니다. 도움을 받으시려면 고객 서비스부로 연락해 주십시오.

**Polish:** Masz prawo do bezpłatnego otrzymania niniejszych informacji oraz uzyskania pomocy w swoim języku. Zadzwoń pod numer Działu Obsługi Klienta w celu uzyskania pomocy.

**Portuguese:** Você tem o direito de receber gratuitamente estas informações e ajuda no seu idioma. Ligue para o Atendimento ao Cliente para obter ajuda.

**Russian:** Вы имеете право получить данную информацию и помощь на вашем языке бесплатно. Для получения помощи звоните в отдел обслуживания клиентов.

**Tagalog:** May karapatan kang makuha ang impormasyon at tulong na ito sa sarili mong wika ng walang kabayaran. Tumawag sa Serbisyo para sa mga Kustomer para matulungan ka.

**Vietnamese:** Bạn có quyền được biết về thông tin này và được hỗ trợ bằng ngôn ngữ của bạn miễn phí. Hãy liên hệ với Dịch vụ khách hàng để được hỗ trợ.





*January 1 – December 31, 2019*

# Evidence of Coverage

## Your Medicare health benefits and services and prescription drug coverage as a member of Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2019. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

This plan, Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) is offered by BLUE CROSS OF CALIFORNIA. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says “we,” “us” or “our,” it means BLUE CROSS OF CALIFORNIA. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP).)

Anthem Blue Cross is an HMO CSNP plan with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in Anthem Blue Cross depends on contract renewal.

ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 1-800-499-2793 (TTY: 711).

Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-800-499-2793 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711.) We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

This document is available to order in Braille, large print and audio tape. To request this document in an alternate format, please call Customer Service at the phone number printed on the back of this booklet.

Benefits, premium, deductible and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2020.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.





# 2019 Evidence of Coverage

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Getting started as a member

# Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

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## Section 1. Introduction

### Section 1.1

#### **You are currently enrolled in Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP), which is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (“Special Needs Plan”)**

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP).

**Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC)** and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act’s (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: <https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families> for more information.

Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (a Medicare Advantage “Special Needs Plan”), which means its benefits are designed for people with special health care needs.

Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) is designed to provide additional health benefits that specifically help people who have diabetes mellitus.

Our plan includes providers who specialize in treating diabetes mellitus. It also includes health programs designed to serve the specialized needs of people with this condition. In addition, our plan covers prescription drugs to treat most medical conditions, including the drugs that are usually used to treat diabetes mellitus. As a member of the plan, you get benefits specially tailored to your condition and have all your care coordinated through our plan.

Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plan is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

### Section 1.2

#### **What is the *Evidence of Coverage* booklet about?**

This *Evidence of Coverage* booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The words “coverage” and “covered services” refer to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of our plan.

It’s important for you to learn what the plan’s rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* booklet.

If you are confused or concerned, or just have a question, please contact our plan’s Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### Section 1.3

#### **Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage***

##### **It's part of our contract with you**

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how the plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called “riders” or “amendments.”

The contract is in effect for the months in which you are enrolled in the plan between January 1, 2019, and December 31, 2019.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) after December 31, 2019. We can also

choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2019.

## **Medicare must approve our plan each year**

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

## **Section 2. What makes you eligible to be a plan member?**

### ***Section 2.1***

### **Your eligibility requirements**

*You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:*

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (Section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)
- -- *and* -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area.)
- -- *and* -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States
- -- *and* -- you do not have end-stage renal disease (ESRD), with limited exceptions, such as if you develop ESRD when you are already a member of a plan that we offer, or you were a member of a different plan that was terminated.
- -- *and* -- you meet the special eligibility requirements described below.

### **Special eligibility requirements for our plan**

Our plan is designed to meet the specialized needs of people who have certain medical conditions. To be eligible for our plan, you must have diabetes mellitus.

- Please note: If you lose your eligibility but can reasonably be expected to regain eligibility within one month, then you are still eligible for membership in our plan (Chapter 4, Section 2.1 tells you about coverage and cost

sharing during a period of deemed continued eligibility).

### ***Section 2.2***

### **What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?**

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services, skilled nursing facilities or home health agencies).
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physicians' services and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies).

### ***Section 2.3***

### **Here is the plan service area for Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)**

Although Medicare is a Federal program, our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in CA: Los Angeles, Orange

If you plan to move out of the service area, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

## Section 2.4

### U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.


## Section 3. What other materials will you get from us?

### Section 3.1

### Your plan membership card – use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable.

Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:

**Anthem**  **MEDICARE ADVANTAGE HMO**

**John Q. Member**  
Identification Number  
**MEMBER ID**

MED PLAN: Sample  
MED OFFICE: Local Office  
PCP: John J. Sample  
1-XXX-XXX-XXXX  
DB 100 Network


Group Number: GROUPNUMBER  
RX BIN: XXXXXX  
Issuer ID: XXXXXX  
Effective Date: 01/01/2010

Office Visit Copays: \$XX  
Emergency Room Copay: \$X

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<PlanName> (HMO)

**MedicareRx**  
Prescription Drug Coverage

**Anthem**  [anthem.com/ca](http://anthem.com/ca)

Providers: Do not bill Medicare. Please submit claims to your local Blue Cross/Blue Shield Plan. Include the 3 digit alpha prefix that precedes the patient ID number listed on the front of this card.

Customer Service: 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX  
TTY/TDD Line: 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX  
Provider Line: 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX  
Pharmacist Inquiries: 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX  
Dental Customer Service: 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX  
Blue View Vision: 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX

Medicare charge limitations may apply.  
Member: Present this card to your health care provider when you receive services. See your Evidence of Coverage for a complete description of coverage. Possession or use of this card does not guarantee eligibility for benefits.

Medical Claims & Inquiries:  
P.O. Box XXXXX, Los Angeles, CA 90060-0007  
Pharmacy Claims:  
P.O. Box XXXXX, Cincinnati, OH 45250-5613  
Blue View Vision:  
P.O. Box XXXXX, Mason, OH 45040-7111  
Dental Claims: P.O. Box XXXX, Oxnard, CA 93031

Anthem Blue Cross is the trade name of Blue Cross of California. Independent licensee of the Blue Cross Association.

As long as you are a member of our plan, in most cases, **you must *not* use your new red, white and blue Medicare card** to get covered medical services (with the exception of routine clinical research studies and hospice services). You may be asked to show your new Medicare card if you need hospital services. Keep your new red, white and blue Medicare card in a safe place in case you need it later.

**Here's why this is so important:** If you get covered services using your new red, white and blue Medicare card instead of using your Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) membership card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost or stolen, call Customer Service right away, and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)



## **Section 3.2**

### **The *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*: your guide to all providers in the plan's network**

The *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* lists our network providers.

#### **What are “network providers”?**

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment, and any plan cost sharing, as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The most recent list of providers is available on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>.

#### **Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?**

It is important to know which providers are part of our network because, with limited exceptions, while you are a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get your medical care and services.

The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (generally, when you are out of the area), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which the plan authorizes use of out-of-network providers. See Chapter 3 (*Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*) for more specific information about emergency, out-of-network and out-of-area coverage.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications.

You can also see the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca> or download the PDF from this website. Both Customer

Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network of providers.

## **Section 3.3**

### **The *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*: your guide to pharmacies in our network**

#### **What are “network pharmacies”?**

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members.

#### **Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?**

You can use the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.

There are changes to our network of pharmacies for next year. An updated *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* is located on our website at

<https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>. You may also call Customer Service for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*. **Please review the 2019 *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* to see which pharmacies are in our network.**

If you don't have the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*, you can get a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). At any time, you can call Customer Service to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>.

### Section 3.4

## The plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the “*Drug List*” for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved our plan’s *Drug List*.

The *Drug List* also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the *Drug List*. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (<https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### Section 3.5

## The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (the “*Part D EOB*”): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (or the “*Part D EOB*”).

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs, and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information

about the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

A *Part D Explanation of Benefits* summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## Section 4. Your monthly premium for Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)

### Section 4.1

## How much is your plan premium?

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for our plan. You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

## In some situations, your plan premium could be *more*

In some situations, your plan premium could be more than the amount listed above in Section 4.1. These situations are described below.

- If you signed up for extra benefits, also called “optional supplemental benefits,” then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. The monthly premium for the High Option Dental is \$35.00 per month. The monthly premium for the Optional Dental is \$9.00 per month. If you have any questions about your plan premium, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- Some members are required to pay a **Part D late-enrollment penalty** because they did not join a Medicare drug plan when they first became eligible or because they had a continuous period of 63 days or more when they didn’t have “creditable” prescription drug coverage. (“Creditable” means the drug coverage is expected

to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) For these members, the Part D late-enrollment penalty is added to the plan's monthly premium. Their premium amount will be the monthly plan premium plus the amount of their Part D late-enrollment penalty.

- If you are required to pay the Part D late-enrollment penalty, the cost of the late-enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable drug coverage. Chapter 1 Section 5 explains the Part D late-enrollment penalty.
- If you have a Part D late-enrollment penalty and do not pay it, you could be disenrolled from the plan.

## Section 5. Do you have to pay the Part D “late enrollment penalty”?

### Section 5.1

#### What is the Part D “late enrollment penalty”?

**Note:** If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late-enrollment penalty.

The late-enrollment penalty is an amount that is added to your Part D premium. You may owe a Part D late-enrollment penalty, if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. “Creditable prescription drug coverage” is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late-enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or creditable drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

When you first enroll in our plan, we let you know the amount of the penalty. Your Part D late-enrollment penalty is considered your plan premium. If you do not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, you could lose your prescription drug benefits.

### Section 5.2

#### How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- First, count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, after you were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months in which you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more. The penalty is 1% for every month that you didn't have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
- Then, Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2019, this average premium amount is \$33.19.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$33.19, which equals \$4.6466. This rounds to \$4.70. This amount would be added **to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late-enrollment penalty.**

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late-enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year**, because the average monthly premium can change each year. If the national average premium (as determined by Medicare) increases, your penalty will increase.
- Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that

has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.

- Third, if you are *under* 65 and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late-enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your late-enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

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### Section 5.3

## In some situations, you can enroll late and not have to pay the penalty

Even if you have delayed enrolling in a plan offering Medicare Part D coverage when you were first eligible, sometimes you do not have to pay the Part D late-enrollment penalty.

**You will not have to pay a penalty for late enrollment if you are in any of these situations:**

- If you already have prescription drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. Medicare calls this **“creditable drug coverage.”** *Please note:*
  - Creditable coverage could include drug coverage from a former employer or union, TRICARE or the Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
  - Please note: If you receive a “certificate of creditable coverage” when your health coverage ends, it may not mean your prescription drug coverage was creditable. The notice must state that you had “creditable” prescription drug coverage that expected to pay as much as

Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.

- The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.
- For additional information about creditable coverage, please look in your *Medicare & You 2019 Handbook* or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- If you were without creditable coverage, but you were without it for less than 63 days in a row.
- If you are receiving “Extra Help” from Medicare.

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### Section 5.4

## What can you do if you disagree about your Part D late-enrollment penalty?

If you disagree about your Part D late-enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review of the decision about your late-enrollment penalty. Generally, you must request this review **within 60 days** from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late-enrollment penalty. If you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late-enrollment penalty. Call Customer Service to find out more about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## Section 6. Do you have to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?

### Section 6.1

#### Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?

Most people pay a standard monthly Part D premium. However, some people pay an extra amount because of their yearly income. If your income is \$85,000 or above for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or \$170,000 or above for married couples, you must pay an extra amount directly to the government for your Medicare Part D coverage.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be and how to pay it. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. **You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium.**

### Section 6.2

#### How much is the extra Part D amount?

If your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as reported on your IRS tax return is above a certain amount, you will pay an extra amount in addition to your monthly plan premium. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit <https://www.medicare.gov/part-d/costs/premiums/drug-plan-premiums.html>.

### Section 6.3

#### What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?

If you disagree about paying an extra amount because of your income, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

### Section 6.4

#### What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?

The extra amount is paid directly to the government (not your Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage. If you are required by law to pay the extra amount, and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

## Section 7. More information about your monthly premium

#### Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members (those who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. **You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.**

Some people pay an extra amount for Part D because of their yearly income. This is known as

Income-Related Monthly Adjustment Amounts, also known as IRMAA. If your income is greater than \$85,000 for an individual (or married individuals filing separately) or greater than \$170,000 for married couples, **you must pay an extra amount directly to the government (not the Medicare plan)** for your Medicare Part D coverage.

- **If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you *will* be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.**
- If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, **not your Medicare plan**, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be.
- For more information about Part D premiums based on income, go to Chapter 1, Section 6 of this booklet. You can also visit <https://www.medicare.gov> on the web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you may call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778.

Your copy of *Medicare & You 2019* gives information about the Medicare premiums in the section called “2019 Medicare Costs.” This explains how the Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of *Medicare & You 2019* from the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

## ***Section 7.1***

### **If you pay a Part D late-enrollment penalty, there are several ways you can pay your penalty**

If you pay a Part D late-enrollment penalty, there are two ways you can pay the penalty. You choose to receive a bill, or choose to have your penalty automatically deducted from your monthly Social Security check. Your enrollment form had a section for you to select a payment option. If you did not select the automatic payment option, you will get a bill annually. Please contact Customer Service at the number listed on the back cover, if you would like to change the way you pay your late-enrollment penalty. If you decide to change the way you pay your Part D late-enrollment penalty, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your Part D late-enrollment penalty is paid on time.

#### **Option 1: You can pay by check**

Part D late-enrollment penalty payment checks should be made out to Anthem Blue Cross, and should be received by the sixth of each month.

Mail or drop off your Part D late-enrollment penalty payment to:

Anthem Blue Cross - Premiums Billing  
P.O. Box 30819  
Los Angeles, CA 90030-0819

#### **Option 2: You can have the Part D late-enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check**

You can have the Part D late-enrollment penalty taken out of your monthly Social Security check.

Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your penalty this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### **What to do if you are having trouble paying your Part D late-enrollment penalty**

Your Part D late-enrollment penalty is due in our office by the sixth of the month.

If you are having trouble paying your Part D late-enrollment penalty on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your penalty. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### ***Section 7.2***

### **Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?**

**No.** We are not allowed to begin charging a monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September, and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may need to start paying or may be able to stop paying a late-enrollment penalty. (The late-enrollment penalty may apply if you had a continuous period of 63 days or more when you didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage.) This could happen if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program, or, if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year:

- If you currently pay the Part D late-enrollment penalty and become eligible for "Extra Help" during the year, you would be able to stop paying your penalty.
- If you ever lose your low-income subsidy ("Extra Help"), you would be subject to the monthly Part D late-enrollment penalty if you have ever gone without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more.

You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

## **Section 8. Please keep your plan membership record up to date**

### ***Section 8.1***

### **How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you**

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage, including your primary care provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

### **Let us know about these changes:**

- Changes to your name, your address or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, workers' compensation or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find

phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

### **Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have**

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 10 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or, if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## **Section 9. We protect the privacy of your personal health information**

### ***Section 9.1***

### **We make sure that your health information is protected**

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.4 of this booklet.

## **Section 10. How other insurance works with our plan**

### ***Section 10.1***

### **Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?**

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the “primary payer” and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the “secondary payer,” only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability or end-stage renal disease (ESRD):
  - If you're under 65 and disabled, and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.



## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after

Medicare, employer group health plans and/or Medigap have paid.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

# Chapter 2

Important phone numbers and  
resources

# Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

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## **Section 1. Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)**

### **How to contact our plan's Customer Service**

For assistance with claims, billing or member card questions, please call or write to our plan's Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

#### **Customer Service — contact information**

- Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
- TTY:** 711. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- Fax:** 1-888-426-5087
- Write:** BLUE CROSS OF CALIFORNIA  
Attn: Customer Service  
12900 Park Plaza Drive, Suite 150, Mailstop 6150  
Cerritos, CA 90703-9329
- Website:** <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>

## How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefits included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

### Coverage decisions for medical care — contact information

- Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- TTY:** 711. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- Fax:** 1-888-426-5087
- Write:** BLUE CROSS OF CALIFORNIA - Coverage Determinations  
12900 Park Plaza Drive, Suite 150, Mailstop 6150  
Cerritos, CA 90703-9329
- Website:** <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>

### Coverage decisions for Part D prescription drugs — contact information

- Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- TTY:** 711. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- Fax:** 1-844-521-6938
- Write:** Medicare Prior Authorization Review  
P.O. Box 47686  
San Antonio, TX 78265-8686
- Website:** <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>

## How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

### Appeals for medical care or Part D prescription drugs — contact information

- Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- TTY:** 711. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- Fax:** 1-888-326-1479
- Write:** Anthem Blue Cross - Medicare Advantage Appeals & Grievances  
Attn: 12900 Park Plaza Drive, Suite 150, Mailstop 6151  
Cerritos, CA 90703-9329
- Website:** <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>

## How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

### Complaints about medical care or Part D prescription drugs — contact information

- Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- TTY:** 711. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- Fax:** 1-888-326-1479

**Write:** Anthem Blue Cross - Medicare Advantage Appeals & Grievances  
Attn: 12900 Park Plaza Drive, Suite 150, Mailstop 6151  
Cerritos, CA 90703-9329

**Medicare Website:** You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx>.

## **Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received**

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

**Please note:** If you send us a payment request, and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

### **Payment requests for medical care — contact information**

**Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

**TTY:** 711. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

**Fax:** 1-888-426-5087

**Write:** Anthem Blue Cross - Customer Services  
P.O. Box 366  
Artesia, CA 90702-0366

**Website:** [www.anthem.com/ca](http://www.anthem.com/ca)

### **Payment requests for Part D prescription drugs — contact information**

**Call:** 1-888-565-8361. Hours are 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Calls to these numbers are free.

**TTY:** 711. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

**Fax:** 1-608-741-5483  
**Write:** Express Scripts  
ATTN: Medicare Part D  
P.O. Box 14718  
Lexington, KY 40512-4718  
**Website:** [www.anthem.com/ca](http://www.anthem.com/ca)

## Section 2. Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called “CMS”). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations, including us.

### Medicare — contact information

**Call:** 1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227

Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

**TTY:** 1-877-486-2048

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.

**Website:** <https://www.medicare.gov>

This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.

The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:

- **Medicare Eligibility Tool:** Provides Medicare eligibility status information.
- **Medicare Plan Finder:** Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an *estimate* of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.

You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about our plan:

- **Tell Medicare about your complaint:** You can submit a complaint about our plan directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)



### **Section 3. State Health Insurance Assistance Program** (free help, information and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In California, the SHIP is called California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP).

California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

#### **In California:**

California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) – contact information

**Call:** 1-800-434-0222

**TTY:** 1-800-735-2929

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

**Write:** California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP)  
1300 National Drive  
Suite 200  
Sacramento, CA 95834-1992

**Website:** <http://www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP>

### **Section 4. Quality Improvement Organization** (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For California, the Quality Improvement Organization is called BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5.

BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

#### **In California:**

BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 – contact information

**Call:** 1-877-588-1123. Monday through Friday:  
9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. (Local Time)

**TTY:** 1-855-887-6668

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

**Write:** BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5  
10820 Guilford Rd  
Suite 202  
Annapolis Junction, MD 20701

**Website:** <http://www.BFCCQIOAREA5.com>

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.

**Website:** <https://www.ssa.gov>

## Section 5. Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or end-stage renal disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare.

If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare.

To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount, or, if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

### Social Security — contact information

**Call:** 1-800-772-1213

Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.

**TTY:** 1-800-325-0778

## Section 6. Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualified Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums.
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact Medi-Cal.

### In California:

California Department of Health Care Services – contact information

**Call:** 1-800-300-1506. 8:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.  
Monday through Friday

**TTY:** 711  
This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

**Write:** California Department of Health Care Services  
1601 Exposition Blvd  
Sacramento, CA 95815

**Website:** <http://www.medi-cal.ca.gov>

## Section 7. Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

### Medicare's “Extra Help” program

Medicare provides “Extra Help” to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This “Extra Help” also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

People with limited income and resources may qualify for “Extra Help.” Some people automatically qualify for “Extra Help” and don't need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for “Extra Help.”

You may be able to get “Extra Help” to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting “Extra Help,” call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day, seven days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Friday.

TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or

- Your State Medicaid Office (applications). (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

If you believe you have qualified for “Extra Help” and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has established a process that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

Please fax or mail a copy of your paperwork, showing you qualify for a subsidy, using the fax number or address shown on the back cover of this booklet.

Below are examples of the paperwork you can provide:

- A copy of your Medicaid card if it includes your eligibility date during the period of time in question;
- A copy of a letter from the state or SSA showing Medicare Low-Income Subsidy status;
- A copy of a state document that confirms active Medicaid status during the period of time in question;
- A screen print from the state's Medicaid systems showing Medicaid status during the period of time in question;
- Evidence of recent point-of-sale Medicaid billing and payment in the pharmacy's patient profile, backed up by one of the above indicators after the point-of-sale.

If you have been a resident of a long-term-care (LTC) facility (like a nursing home), instead of providing one of the items above, you should provide one of the items listed below. If you do, you may be eligible for the highest level of subsidy.

- A remittance from the facility showing Medicaid payment for a full calendar month for you during the period of time in question;
- A copy of a state document that confirms Medicaid payment to the facility for a full calendar month on your behalf; or

- A screen print from the state's Medicaid systems showing your institutional status, based on at least a full calendar month stay, for Medicaid payment purposes during the period of time in question.

Once we have received your paperwork and verified your status, we will call you so you can begin filling your prescriptions at the low-income copayment.

- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment, or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand-name drugs to Part D members who have reached the coverage gap and are not receiving "Extra Help." For brand name drugs, the 70% discount provided by manufacturers excludes any dispensing fee for costs in the gap. Members pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs.

If you reach the coverage gap, we will automatically apply the discount when your pharmacy bills you for your prescription and your *Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB)* will show any discount provided. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them, and move you through the coverage gap. The amount paid by

the plan (5%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If you reach the coverage gap, the plan pays 63% of the price for generic drugs and you pay the remaining 37% of the price. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (63%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. Also, the dispensing fee is included as part of the cost of the drug.

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program is available nationwide. Because our plan offers additional gap coverage during the coverage gap stage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 6 for more information about your coverage during the coverage gap stage.

If you have any questions about the availability of discounts for the drugs you are taking or about the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program in general, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance California Office of AIDS.

Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your state, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of state residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the state, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on

## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs or how to enroll in the program, please call:

**In California:**

California Office of AIDS - contact information

**Call:** 1-916-558-1784. 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday

**TTY:** 711

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

**Write:**

California Office of AIDS

P.O. Box 997426

MS 7700

Sacramento, CA 95899-7426

Website: <http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/aids/Pages/tOAAADAP.aspx>

### **What if you get “Extra Help” from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs? Can you get the discounts?**

No. If you get “Extra Help,” you already get coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

### **What if you don’t get a discount and you think you should have?**

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand-name drug, you should review your next *Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB)* notice. If the discount doesn’t appear on your *Part D Explanation of Benefits*, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up to date. If we don’t agree that you are owed a discount, you

can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in Section 3 of this chapter) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

## **Section 8. How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board**

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.

### **Railroad Retirement Board — contact information**

**Call:** 1-877-772-5772

Calls to this number are free. Available 9:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday through Friday. If you have a touch-tone telephone, recorded information and automated services are available 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.

**TTY:** 1-312-751-4701

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are *not* free.

**Website:** <https://secure.rrb.gov/>

## **Section 9. Do you have “group insurance” or other health insurance from an employer?**

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits

## Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources

administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions.

You can ask about your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY:

1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

# Chapter 3

Using the plan's coverage for your  
medical services

# Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

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## Section 1. Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

### Section 1.1

## What are “network providers” and “covered services”?

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- **“Providers”** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **“Network providers”** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- **“Covered services”** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for

medical care are listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

### Section 1.2

## Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, our plan must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Our plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).
- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
  - In most situations, your network PCP must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as specialists, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities or home health care agencies. This is called giving you a “referral.” For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.
  - Referrals from your PCP are not required for emergency care or urgently needed services. There are also some other kinds of care you can get without having approval in advance from your PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.2 of this chapter).
- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you

receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. *Here are three exceptions:*

- The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
- If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover, and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. The medical care will be coordinated for you with an out-of-network provider. **Prior authorization from our plan must be obtained PRIOR to obtaining services.** In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
- The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

## Section 2. Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

### *Section 2.1*

#### **You must choose a primary care provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care**

#### **What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?**

When you become a member of our plan, you must choose a plan physician to be your Primary Care

Provider (PCP). Your PCP is a licensed physician who meets state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care. Your plan's *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* will indicate which physicians may act as your PCP. As we explain below, you will get your routine or basic care from your PCP. Your PCP will also coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan. For example, in order to see a specialist or obtain other medical services/procedures, you usually need to get your PCP's approval first (this is called obtaining a "referral" to be seen by the specialist or have the medical services(s)/procedure(s)). Your PCP will provide most of your care and will help you arrange or coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a member of our plan.

If you are new to our plan and/or new to your PCP, we highly recommend that you go to a comprehensive health assessment appointment with CareMore prior to seeing your PCP. The comprehensive health assessment is how CareMore learns about your current physical health and how we assess your personal needs to plan for your individual care. Through your comprehensive health assessment, our health care team will be able to make specific recommendations about your care and tailor a plan to meet your individual needs.

At the end of your comprehensive health assessment visit, we will provide you with a personalized care plan that summarizes your overall health status and includes preventive as well as proactive recommendations we will address in your follow-up care. A copy of your personalized care plan is forwarded to your PCP so that everyone involved in your care knows exactly what you need. Our goal is your complete health, which includes meeting your social needs as well as your medical needs.

Should you require assistance with scheduling a comprehensive health assessment appointment, please call Customer Service at 1-800-499-2793 (TTY users should call 711). We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through

March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

Following your comprehensive health assessment appointment, you will usually see your PCP for basic, routine health care. The CareMore health care team will work closely with your PCP to arrange for and coordinate covered services you get as a member of our plan. "Coordinating" your covered services includes checking or consulting with other plan providers about your care and how it is going. Since your PCP will provide and coordinate most of your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your PCP's office. Chapter 8 tells you how we will protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information.

If you need covered services or supplies, you must contact your PCP (or a CareMore extensivist or nurse practitioner on the CareMore health care team if you have been receiving covered services from a Care Center) to have a request submitted to the plan for approval. This is called obtaining "prior authorization" (approval in advance). It is very important to obtain proper approval before you see a plan contracted specialist or receive specialty services. If you do not obtain "prior authorization" (approval in advance), you may have to pay for these services yourself.

## How do you choose your PCP?

You will receive a plan *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* at the time of enrollment to help you select the PCP of your choice. The PCP you choose will be listed on your enrollment form. You can change your PCP at any time (as explained later in this section). If there is a particular plan specialist or hospital you want to use, check first to make sure your PCP makes referrals to that specialist, or uses that hospital. The name and office telephone number of your PCP is printed on your member ID card.

## Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's

network of providers, and you would have to find a new PCP.

Change requests received by the 15th day of the month will become effective the first day of the following month. If you need assistance changing your PCP or to find out if the PCP you selected is available and accepting new patients, please contact Customer Service at 1-800-499-2793 (TTY 711). We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

Please be sure to tell Customer Service when you call if you are seeing a specialist or getting other covered services that need your PCP's approval (such as durable medical equipment or home health care). Customer Service will help make sure that you can continue with the specialty care and other services you have been getting when you change to a new PCP. They will also check to be sure the PCP you want to switch to is able to accept new patients.

Customer Service will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP and tell you when the PCP change will be effective. Customer Service will send you a new membership card that includes the name and phone number of your new PCP.

## Section 2.2

### What kinds of medical care can you get without getting approval in advance from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (X-rays of the breast), Pap tests and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Flu shots as long as you get them from a network provider.

- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers.
- Urgently needed services from network providers or from out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible, e.g., when you are temporarily outside of the plan's service area.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. (If possible, please call Customer Service before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- Men's prostate cancer screening exams, as long as you use a network provider
- Hearing services, as long as you use a network provider
- Routine vision exams and eyeglasses that are not Medicare-covered services, as long as you receive them from a contracted provider. (Medicare-covered services require authorization/referral.)
- Comprehensive health assessment appointment at CareMore Care Centers
- Health and wellness education programs.
- Exercise and strength training programs at plan-approved locations

### ***Section 2.3***

## **How to get care from specialists and other network providers**

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.

- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint or muscle conditions.

If your PCP thinks that you need specialized treatment, he/she will give you a referral (approval in advance) to see a plan specialist or certain other providers.

For some types of referrals your PCP may need to get an approval in advance from our plan (this is called obtaining "prior authorization"). If you are seeing a specialist for your care, you may need to return to your PCP for a referral for additional services.

It is very important to get a referral (approval in advance) from your PCP before you see a plan specialist or certain other providers. If you don't have a referral (approval in advance) before you get services from a specialist, you may have to pay for these services yourself.

If the specialist wants you to come back for more care, check first to be sure that the referral (approval in advance) you got from your PCP for the first visit covers more visits to the specialist. If it does not cover additional visits, a new referral (approval in advance) will need to be obtained.

If there is a specific plan network specialist you want to use, find out whether your PCP sends patients to this specialist. Each plan PCP has certain plan specialist you may see. You may generally change your PCP at any time if you want to see a plan specialist that your current PCP does not refer to. If there is a specific plan network hospital you want to use, you must first find out whether your PCP or the doctors you will be seeing use these hospitals.

When we give our decision, we base it on two things. First there are Medicare's rules. Second there are generally accepted standards of medical practice. These standards are proven and accepted by those who practice and study medicine. We also need to make sure you get the most cost effective care. This means it doesn't cost more than another option that will work just as well. But we also need it to be right for you. And that you get it in the right place and the right number of times. Finally, we cannot approve a

service just because it is more convenient than another option. You must get our approval before getting care from providers not in our plan unless it's for Urgent care, Emergency care or Renal dialysis outside the service area. To find a provider in our plan, check our Find a Doctor tool online or call Customer Service. If you are referred or feel you need to use a provider who is not in our plan, you must call us to get approval before you get care.

### **What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?**

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan, but, if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan, you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will make a good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider, or that your care is not being appropriately managed you have the right to file an appeal of our decision.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care.

Please call Customer Service toll-free at 1-800-499-2793 (TTY 711). We are available for

phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

## ***Section 2.4***

### **How to get care from out-of-network providers**

In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. Here are three exceptions:

1. The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Emergency care or Urgently needed services in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.
2. If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. Authorization from the plan should be obtained prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For these types of referrals, your PCP or specialist will need to get approval in advance from us. This is called getting "prior authorization." It is very important to get prior authorization (approval in advance) from your PCP or specialist before you see an out-of-network provider. If you do not have a prior authorization before you receive services from an out-of-network provider, you may have to pay for these services yourself.
- 3 Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

## Section 3. How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care, or during a disaster

### *Section 3.1*

#### Getting care if you have a medical emergency

##### What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?

A “**medical emergency**” is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help, or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.
- **As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.** We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Call the Customer Service telephone number listed on your plan membership ID card.

##### What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in

any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

This plan offers limited coverage for world-wide emergency/urgent coverage or ambulance services outside of the United States and its territories. Prescriptions purchased outside of the country are not covered even for emergency care. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

##### What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.
- – *or* – The additional care you get is considered “urgently needed services,” and you follow the rules for getting these urgently needed services (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

## **Section 3.2**

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### **Getting care when you have an urgent need for services**

#### **What are “urgently needed services”?**

“Urgently needed services” are nonemergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

#### **What if you are in the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

You should always try to obtain urgently needed services from network providers. However, if providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible and it is not reasonable to wait to obtain care from your network provider when the network becomes available, we will cover urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider.

Your assigned PCP will be available 24 hours a day/seven days a week/365 days a year to answer questions and concerns and to guide your medical care based on your needs. For after hours and holidays, your PCP has 24-hour telephone coverage and will respond to you as quickly as possible based on the circumstances. If your PCP is not available, a qualified doctor will be available to assist you in the absence of your PCP.

#### **What if you are *outside* the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, our plan will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider.

Our plan covers urgently needed services if you receive the care outside of the United States. See Chapter

4 (*Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*) for more information. If you have already paid for the covered services, we will reimburse you for our share of the cost for covered services. You can send the bill to us for payment. See Chapter 7 (*Asking the plan to pay its share of a bill you have received for covered services or drugs*) for information about what to do if you receive a bill or if you need to ask for reimbursement.

## **Section 3.3**

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### **Getting care during a disaster**

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website:

<https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca> for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

Generally, if you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

## **Section 4. What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?**

### **Section 4.1**

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#### **You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services**

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or, if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered*



*medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

## **Section 4.2**

### **If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost**

Our plan covers all medical services that are medically necessary, are listed in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren't covered by our plan, either because they are not plan-covered services, or they were obtained out of network and were not authorized.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Paying for the costs once a benefit limit has been reached will not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

## **Section 5. How are your medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research study"?**

### **Section 5.1**

#### **What is a "clinical research study"?**

A clinical research study (also called a "clinical trial") is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works, and, if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study, *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.**

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to let them know that you will be participating in a clinical trial and to find out more specific details about what your plan will pay.

## Section 5.2

### When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

*Here's an example of how the cost sharing works:* Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and we would pay another \$10. This means that

you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans, done as part of the study, if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

### Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

## Section 6. Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”

### Section 6.1

#### What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility.

If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will, instead, provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

You may choose to pursue medical care at any time, for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

### Section 6.2

#### What care from a religious non-medical health care institution is covered by our plan?

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is “nonexcepted.”

- “Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state or local law.
- “Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *nonreligious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - *and* – you must get approval in advance from our plan, before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will not be covered.

You are covered for an unlimited number of medically necessary inpatient hospital days. For more information, see Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*).

## Section 7. Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

### Section 7.1

#### Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments

for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

### **What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new

consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare, in order to own the item. Payments you made while in our plan, do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made fewer than 13 payments for the DME item under Original Medicare, *before* you joined our plan, your previous payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you return to Original Medicare in order to own the item. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

# Chapter 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

# Chapter 4. Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

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## Section 1. Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of our plan. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

### Section 1.1

#### Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- The **"deductible"** is the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share.
- A **"copayment"** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **"Coinsurance"** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable. If you think that you are being asked to pay improperly, contact Customer Service.

### Section 1.2

#### What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan, there is a limit to how much you have to pay out of pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B (see the Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2, below). This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.

As a member of our plan, the most you will have to pay out of pocket for in-network covered Part A and Part B services in 2019 is \$1,500. The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your late-enrollment penalty and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.) In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefit Chart.

If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$1,500, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay any late-enrollment penalty and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

### Section 1.3

#### Our plan does not allow providers to "balance bill" you

As a member of our plan, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan.

We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service, and even if there is a dispute, and we don’t pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works:

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
  - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan’s reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
  - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
  - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for nonparticipating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
- If you believe a provider has “balance billed” you, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## **Section 2. Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay**

### ***Section 2.1***

#### **Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan**

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services the plan covers and what you pay out of pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare-covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies and equipment) *must* be medically necessary. “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered. Chapter 3 provides more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-of-network provider.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. In most situations, your PCP must give you approval in advance before you can see other providers in the plan’s network. This is called giving you a “referral.” Chapter 3 provides more information about getting a referral and the situations when you do not need a referral.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other



network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called “prior authorization”) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked with a note in the Medical Benefits Chart.

Other important things to know about our coverage:


- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2019* Handbook. View it online at <https://www.medicare.gov> or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2019, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
- If you are within our plan’s one month period of deemed continued eligibility, we will continue to provide all plan-covered benefits, and your cost sharing amounts do not change during this period.








**You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.**


## Medical Benefits Chart


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<b>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i> A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening. Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.
<b>Adult Day Care Services</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral. You must obtain the covered service through a network provider.</i> Comprehensive programs are available to members who need supervision and assistance during the day.	You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for adult day care services with a limit of up to 1 day per week.


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>In order to be eligible for adult day care, you must require assistance with 2 or more daily living activities (ADLs). You may receive adult day care services up to 1 day per week. Services provided outside of the home that may be available to you are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Education to support performance of daily living activities</li> <li>• Physical maintenance and rehabilitation activities</li> <li>• Social work services</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Ambulance services</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization, except in an emergency.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan.</li> <li>• Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$100.00</b> copayment for each one-way Medicare-covered ambulance service.</p> <p>You will not have a copayment if Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) coordinates your transfer between institutions including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Between acute hospitals</li> <li>• Between Skilled Nursing Facilities</li> <li>• From an acute hospital to a Skilled Nursing Facility</li> </ul> <p>Medically necessary, non-emergency ambulance is covered only when given prior authorization and only when using a plan provider.</p>
<p> <b>Annual wellness visit</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as the following services are obtained from a plan provider (i.e. personal doctor/primary care physician.)</i></p> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>	
<p> <b>Bone mass measurement</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<p> <b>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as the following services are obtained from a plan provider.</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</li> <li>• One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older</li> <li>• Clinical breast exams once every 24 months</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p> <p>You may have associated cost sharing for diagnostic services. Please refer to the Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies section.</p>
<p><b>Cardiac rehabilitation services</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered cardiac or intensive cardiac rehabilitation services.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's referral. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	
<p> <b>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</b></p> <p>We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<p> <b>Cardiovascular disease testing</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<p> <b>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as the following services are obtained from a plan provider.</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months</li> <li>• If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Chiropractic services</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation</li> </ul> <p>*Only the copayments for Medicare-covered services apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered chiropractic services.</p>
<p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>For people 50 and older, the following are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months</li> </ul> <p>One of the following every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT)</li> <li>• Fecal immunochemical test (FIT)</li> </ul> <p>DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years.</p> <p>For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months</li> </ul> <p>For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>Other copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p> <p>Colonoscopy procedures may be performed in a hospital or ambulatory surgical center and you may pay any applicable copayment at the facility.</p>
<p><b>Consultation with an exercise coach</b></p> <p><i>You may self-refer as long as the services are obtained from a plan provider. Clinical rules and limitations apply.</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for 1 exercise coach consultation at a plan-approved location per year.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) offers a complete Fitness and Balance assessment. Your health care team will use your health records to decide if you need a referral. The visit will include a one-time meeting with an exercise coach and a personalized plan. The plan may help you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improve your strength</li> <li>• Fall less</li> <li>• Stay healthy</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Dental services - Medicare-covered</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization and referral required for Medicare-covered services.</i></p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare.</p> <p>*Only the copayments for Medicare-covered services apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered dental benefits.</p> <p>To see the cost-sharing amount you will pay for Medicare-covered specialist dental services, refer to the other section in this chapter called Physician/ Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits.</p>
<p><b>Dental services - Supplemental</b></p> <p>This plan covers additional dental coverage not covered by Original Medicare.</p> <p>We cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• This plan covers unlimited oral exams, 2 cleaning(s) every year, and 1 dental X-ray(s) every 3 years.</li> </ul> <p>When a procedure is excluded from coverage, you may be charged the dentist's full, usual, customary, and reasonable fee. You pay the applicable copayment for each service you receive from a network dentist.</p> <p>*Only the copayments for Medicare-covered services apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	<p>Please refer to the Evidence of Coverage - Chapter 4 Dental Procedure Charts for additional information.</p>
<p> <b>Depression screening</b></p> <p>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Diabetes management program</b></p> <p>Your health care team will use your health records to decide if you need a referral.</p> <p>CareMore Health offers Diabetic Care services. The health care team will help you learn how to manage your diabetes. They offer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medical support</li> <li>• Coordinated care</li> <li>• Diabetes education support for members</li> </ul> <p>Program services may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Comprehensive Health Assessment</li> <li>• Personalized care plan</li> <li>• Advanced practice clinicians (physician assistants, nurse practitioners) to provide individual assistance to lower uncontrolled blood sugar levels</li> <li>• Self-management skills</li> <li>• Learn the importance of preventive exams</li> <li>• Medication management</li> <li>• Wound care management and supplies</li> <li>• Foot care including toenail trimming</li> <li>• Exercise and strength training and Prescribed Fitness™</li> <li>• Education classes</li> <li>• Enhanced nutritional training customized to individual dietary preference</li> <li>• 24 hour Nurse Helpline</li> <li>• Smoking cessation program</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for covered program services.</p>
<p> <b>Diabetes screening</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p>	
<p> <b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors</li> <li>• Glucose monitors and supplies are limited to select manufacturers and may include: Freestyle Lite, Freestyle Freedom Lite, Freestyle InsuLinx, or Precision Xtra.</li> <li>• Glucose monitors specifically for those with visual impairments or other unique clinical requirements are available upon approval.</li> <li>• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> <li>• Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions</li> <li>• Quantity limit for test strips:</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for the diabetes self-management training preventive benefit.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for diabetic services and supplies.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for therapeutic shoes or inserts for diabetics.</p>



<b>Services That Are Covered for You</b>	<b>What You Must Pay When You Get These Services</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Using insulin: 100 per 25 days</li> <li>- Not using insulin: 50 per 25 days</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p> <p>(For a definition of “durable medical equipment,” see Chapter 12 of this booklet.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>0%</b> coinsurance when the purchase or rental price of the Medicare-covered durable medical equipment and related supplies is <b>\$0-\$499</b> per item. You pay a <b>20%</b> coinsurance when the purchase or rental price of the Medicare-covered durable medical equipment and related supplies is <b>\$500</b> or greater per item.</p>
<p><b>Electronic health monitoring</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization and referral required.</i></p> <p><b><u>Blood Glucose Monitoring:</u></b></p> <p>When medically necessary, members with uncontrolled diabetes, particularly those on insulin, may be eligible for electronic health monitoring of blood glucose.</p> <p>Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)’s clinical team will monitor blood sugar levels and adjust medications as needed.</p> <p><b><u>Blood Pressure Monitoring:</u></b></p> <p>Members with uncontrolled blood pressure levels may be eligible for electronic health monitoring of blood pressure when medically necessary. Blood pressure cuffs are for use at home for ongoing monitoring of members’ blood pressure and symptoms of hypertension.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for electronic health monitoring services.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)'s clinical team will assess members' symptoms and work closely with members' primary care providers to assist with adjusting medications based on lows and highs of the members' blood pressure readings and will help members get the necessary treatment.</p> <p><b><u>Weight Monitoring Device for cardiac patients:</u></b> When medically necessary, members may be eligible for a home-based electronic weight monitoring device. A sudden increase in weight could indicate potential heart failure symptoms.</p> <p>CareMore Care Center providers analyze readings and make health recommendations for members. CareMore Care Center providers will assess members' symptoms and help members get the necessary treatment with ease.</p>	
<p><b>Emergency care</b></p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and</li> <li>• Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.</li> </ul> <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>World-wide emergency/urgent coverage and urgently needed services outside the United States is limited up to <b>\$10,000.00</b> per calendar year combined.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$100.00</b> copayment for each Medicare-covered visit to a hospital emergency room inside or outside of the United States.</p> <p>The copayment will be waived if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition for which emergency care was required.</p> <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered.</p>


<b>Services That Are Covered for You</b>	<b>What You Must Pay When You Get These Services</b>
<p>For world-wide emergency and urgently needed services, Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) will pay the lesser of the provider's billed charges or the national Medicare fee schedule.</p>	
<p><b>Enhanced nutritional training</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization or referral not required. Clinical rules and limitations may apply.</i></p> <p>Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) offers enhanced nutritional counseling to help manage complex condition(s). This meeting is an individual assessment that gives you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Meal planning to manage your condition(s)</li> <li>• Goals to reduce complications</li> <li>• Tools to help meet your goals</li> </ul> <p>Group classes for enhanced nutritional counseling are available. Group classes offer social and group support to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Help you manage your disease or condition</li> <li>• Recommend ideas to help you make lifestyle changes</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for enhanced nutritional training program services at plan-approved locations.</p>
<p><b>Exercise and strength training</b></p> <p><i>Members may self-refer to this program. Prior authorization or referral not required. Rules and limitations apply.</i></p> <p>This program is a medically supervised exercise training program to improve and increase muscle strength, balance, mobility, flexibility, and overall fitness. Members are supervised by physical therapists or fitness coaches specially trained in kinesiology who develop a personalized plan for each member. The goal of the program is to help members achieve maximum functional potential.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for covered program services at a plan-approved location.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p> <b>Health and wellness education programs</b></p> <p><i>Members can ask for an initial Comprehensive Health Assessment appointment at a CareMore Care Center. Clinical rules and limitations may apply.</i></p> <p><b><u>Comprehensive Health Assessment:</u></b></p> <p>The initial Comprehensive Health Assessment visit is an important feature of this plan and members are encouraged to schedule an appointment at our CareMore Care Center upon enrollment. The program provides a complete medical check-up. It includes blood tests and other tests you may need for your condition and age. It helps us identify any health issues so we can give you the right referrals and keep you healthy. During your appointment, your healthcare provider will talk with you about your health and any questions you have. They will go over:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A list of your medicines and urgent refills</li> <li>• On-site lab results</li> <li>• Requests for needed durable medical equipment (DME)</li> <li>• Diabetes supplies (for members with diabetes)</li> <li>• Personalized care plan</li> <li>• Enrollment into the plan's education and chronic care programs</li> </ul> <p>There is an additional free appointment once a year to go over any changes in your health. This does not replace your regular yearly check-up. It is in addition to your yearly check-up to help us track your health. The results of your visit are used to create a personalized care plan for you. The results and personalized care plan are given to your doctor so he or she can go over the results with you and help you during the year.</p> <p>Contact Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) at 1-888-291-1387 for more information or to make an appointment.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for health and wellness education programs.</p>

<b>Services That Are Covered for You</b>	<b>What You Must Pay When You Get These Services</b>
<p><i>Prior authorization or referral not required. Clinical rules and limitations may apply.</i></p> <p><b>SilverSneakers® Fitness program:</b></p> <p>The SilverSneakers® Fitness program is a total health and fitness program that is beneficial for Medicare-eligible persons of all fitness levels. Membership allows access to contracted full-service fitness facilities throughout your area. While each fitness facility may vary slightly in amenities, care has been taken to ensure all facilities provide a variety of exercise options.</p>	
<p><b>Health education</b></p> <p>Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) offers health education on many health conditions. The health care team will use your personal plan to decide how best to help you learn about your condition. We use different methods to teach such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Materials and handouts</li> <li>• Tools to help you learn self-management skills</li> <li>• Personal or group classes</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for covered Health Education program services.</p>
<p><b>Hearing services - Medicare-covered</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as services and supplies are obtained from a plan approved provider.</i></p> <p>Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered hearing exams.</p>
<p><b>Hearing services - Supplemental</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as services and supplies are obtained from a plan approved provider.</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for up to 1 routine hearing test and up to 1 fitting/evaluation for a hearing aid every year.</p>

<b>Services That Are Covered for You</b>	<b>What You Must Pay When You Get These Services</b>
<p>This plan covers additional hearing coverage not covered by Original Medicare.</p> <p>The plan approved provider offers a routine hearing exam for the purpose of determining candidacy for hearing aids.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnostic hearing exams</li> <li>• Routine hearing tests (up to one (1)) visit every 12 months and fitting evaluation</li> </ul> <p><b>Hearing Aids:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The <b>\$500</b> per ear allowance can be applied to all levels of technology.</li> <li>2. Limited to 1 hearing aid per ear, once every 3 years.</li> <li>3. Devices are available in various styles (IIC – Invisible in the Canal, CIC – Completely in the Canal, ITC – In the Canal, ITE – In the Ear, BTE – Behind the Ear, OF – Open Fit, and RIC – Receiver in the Canal). However, not all devices are available in all of the styles listed.</li> <li>4. Hearing aid devices are considered medically necessary for the treatment of hearing loss when the loss is due to one of the following conditions:                         <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Sensorineural hearing loss</li> <li>b. Mixed hearing loss</li> <li>c. Conductive hearing loss which has been:                                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Unresponsive to medical interventions</li> <li>ii. Unresponsive to surgical interventions or not amenable to correction</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>5. <b>MEDICALLY NECESSARY HEARING AIDS</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Pure Tone Average (500, 1000, 2000 Hz) or High-Frequency Pure Tone Average (1000, 2000, 4000 Hz) of 30 dB or poorer/higher (&gt;30dB)</li> <li>b. Pure Tone Average (500, 1000, 2000 Hz) or High-Frequency Pure Tone Average (1000, 2000, 4000 Hz) of 26 dB or poorer/higher (&gt;26dB) for patients who have one or more of the following conditions:                                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Legal blindness or significant visual impairment</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<p>Hearing Aids: You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for 2 digital hearing aids (1 hearing aid per ear) from the approved list, once every 3 years. Alternatively, an allowance of up to <b>\$1,000.00 (\$500.00 per ear)</b> can be applied towards the cost of other hearing aids, once every 3 years.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>ii. Tinnitus</p> <p>iii. Or if patient has been a previous wearer of binaural hearing aids</p> <p>c. Replacement of a hearing aid that is out of warranty and no longer functioning adequately (in the event that the device cannot be sufficiently repaired to original functionality, or that your hearing loss has changed and the hearing aid is no longer appropriate for the loss)</p> <p>d. Replacement of the hearing aid(s) in warranty if the hearing loss has had a significant change (20+dB in 3 or more frequencies) and the hearing aid is no longer appropriate for the loss.</p> <p><b>Process:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To schedule an appointment with a network provider near you, call 1-866-344-7756 from 5 A.M. – 5 P.M. PST, Monday through Friday.</li> <li>2. Prior to the appointment, you will receive an educational guide that contains information on hearing loss, hearing aids, and what to expect at your first appointment.</li> <li>3. The network provider will perform a hearing exam and evaluation. If hearing aid(s) are medically necessary based on your exam and evaluation, then recommendations will be made based on your hearing, lifestyle, and finances.</li> <li>4. If you are a candidate for hearing aids, an order will be submitted to the plan approved provider. The order and your audiogram will undergo a CRP (Clinical Review Period). This process can take up to 30 days.</li> <li>5. Once you accept the hearing aid(s) delivery, the 60-day evaluation period will begin. After the 60-day evaluation period is complete, you will receive a year's supply of batteries shipped directly to your home.</li> </ol>	

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>6. You can return to your network provider as often as necessary during your first year (beginning on the first day you accept the instrument(s) delivery through the same day of the following year) for adjustments, cleanings, and repairs at no additional charge.</p>	
<p><b>Helpline</b></p> <p><i>Clinical rules and limitations apply.</i></p> <p>Members can get advice from providers through a toll-free number: 1-800-589-3148</p> <p>Helpline available 24 hours. These providers are trained to answer questions and offer advice regarding your health care.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for all Helpline services.</p>
<p> <b>HIV screening</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as the following services are obtained from a plan provider.</i></p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One screening exam every 12 months</li> </ul> <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<p><b>Home health agency care</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered home health agency covered services.</p>



Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>• Medical and social services</li> <li>• Medical equipment and supplies</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Hospice care</b></p> <p>You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.</p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs for symptom control and pain relief</li> <li>• Short-term respite care</li> <li>• Home care</li> </ul> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP).</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for hospice consultation services.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from a network provider, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services</li> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost-sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)</li> </ul> <p><u>For services that are covered by Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</u> Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p> <p><u>For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit:</u> Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (<i>What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice</i>).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p> <p>Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p>	
 <b>Immunizations</b>  <i>Prior authorization or referral required except as noted. Rules and limitations apply.</i>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pneumonia vaccine</li> <li>• Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary*</li> <li>• Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B</li> <li>• Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules</li> </ul> <p>*No prior authorization or referral required as long as the service is obtained from a plan provider.</p> <p>We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.</p>	
<p><b>In-Home Support</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral. You must obtain the covered service through a network provider.</i></p> <p><i>This is Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)'s supplemental benefit approved by Medicare. It is not the same as the California Department of Social Services In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) program.</i></p> <p>After you are discharged from an inpatient hospital stay and/or nursing facility, you may qualify to receive up to 4 four-hours shifts of assistance in performing activities of daily living (ADLs) provided by a plan approved vendor.</p> <p>Once you are discharged, a case manager and/or clinical team member will help coordinate the benefit.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for up to 4 four-hours shifts of assistance in performing activities of daily living (ADLs).</p>
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered stays at a network hospital.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for additional hospital days each benefit period.</p> <p>You are covered for 260 days each benefit period.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital.</p>

<b>Services That Are Covered for You</b>	<b>What You Must Pay When You Get These Services</b>
<p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>• Meals including special diets</li> <li>• Regular nursing services</li> <li>• Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)</li> <li>• Drugs and medications</li> <li>• Lab tests</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services</li> <li>• Necessary surgical and medical supplies</li> <li>• Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs</li> <li>• Operating and recovery room costs</li> <li>• Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy</li> <li>• Inpatient substance abuse services</li> <li>• Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.</li> </ul>	<p>A benefit period ends when you have not been admitted to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital for 60 days in a row.</p> <p>For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to a network hospital. Except in an emergency, your doctor must tell the plan that you are going to be admitted to the hospital.</p> <p>If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.</li> <li>• Physician services</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	
<p><b>Inpatient mental health care</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital.</li> <li>• The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered stays at a network hospital.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for additional hospital days.</p> <p>You are covered for up to 60 additional days per benefit period.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient psychiatric facility.</p> <p>A benefit period ends when you have not been admitted to a Medicare-covered inpatient psychiatric facility for 60 days in a row.</p> <p>For inpatient mental health, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to a network hospital.</p> <p>Except in an emergency, your doctor must tell the plan that you are going to be admitted to the hospital.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p> <p>If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physician services</li> <li>• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)</li> <li>• X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li> <li>• Surgical dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices</li> <li>• Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition</li> <li>• Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered benefits for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physician services</li> <li>• Diagnostic tests, such as lab tests, X-rays, and diagnostic radiology services and procedures</li> <li>• Surgical dressings, splints, and casts</li> <li>• Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li> </ul> <p>For Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic devices, see the prosthetic devices and related supplies section later in this chapter to find out what you pay.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>LiveHealth Online</b></p> <p>LiveHealth Online provides convenient access to interact with a board-certified doctor or licensed psychologist or therapist via live, two-way video on a computer or mobile device (tablet or smartphone) using a free application. It can be accessed by visiting <a href="http://www.livehealthonline.com">www.livehealthonline.com</a> or downloading the mobile application and sign up.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Click Sign Up and enter the plan's service key (CM1) when setting up your account.</li> <li>• Once you're logged in, click LiveHealth Online Medical and LiveHealth Online Psychology to review the profiles of the doctors, psychologists, or therapists available and select the one you would like to see.</li> <li>• For a medical visit, you will be asked about your health history and can select the pharmacy you would like to use if a prescription is needed. After answering this information, you'll be connected to the doctor you selected in about 10 minutes or less.</li> <li>• After the evaluation, a treatment plan is developed which may include a prescription from the doctor that is routed to a selected pharmacy. Online psychologists and therapists cannot prescribe medication(s).</li> </ul> <p>LiveHealth Online is available for use as follows:</p> <p>A board-certified doctor will quickly be available to see you when you cannot see your regular doctor for common conditions such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cold and flu symptoms such as cough, fever, and headaches</li> <li>• Allergies</li> <li>• Sinus infections</li> <li>• Bronchitis</li> <li>• Urinary tract infections</li> </ul> <p>A licensed psychologist or therapist will be available by appointment to see you when you are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Feeling stressed or worried and/or</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for LiveHealth Online.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Having a tough time</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Meals Program - Post hospitalization</b>  <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>After you are discharged from an inpatient stay at a hospital or skilled nursing facility, you may qualify to have up to 14 fully-prepared, nutritious home-delivered meals (2 meals per day for 7 days) delivered to your home by a plan approved vendor at no cost.</p> <p>Upon your discharge, a member of the case management and/or clinical team will coordinate your meals benefit. The case management and/or clinical team may schedule delivery depending on your health care needs, diagnosis, and/or recommendations made by your provider.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for covered supplemental post-discharge meals.</p>
<p> <b>Medical nutrition therapy</b>  <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when referred by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's referral. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their referral yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>



Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
 <b>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</b> MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans. MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</b> <i>Requires prior authorization.</i> These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services</li> <li>• Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan</li> <li>• Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia</li> <li>• Immunosuppressive Drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant</li> <li>• Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug</li> <li>• Antigens</li> <li>• Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs</li> </ul>	<p>There is no benefit limit on drugs covered under Medicare Part B prescription drugs covered under Original Medicare.</p> <p>Medicare Part B prescription drugs do not apply toward your Medicare Part D TrOOP (<b>\$5,100</b>).</p> <p>You pay <b>20%</b> coinsurance as your portion of the covered charges for chemotherapy and other drugs covered by Medicare Part B.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for plan-covered drugs administered by durable medical equipment (DME) (such as nebulizers, etc.) and do not require prior authorization.</p> <p>This includes prescriptions from a plan mail-order service.</p> <p>Step Therapy is a utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed. There are some Medicare Part B Drugs that will now require this step in addition to obtaining prior authorization. You can contact the plan for more information.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa)</li> <li>• Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases</li> </ul> <p><b>Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.</b></p>	
<p><b>Nutritional consultation</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization or referral not required. Clinical rules and limitations may apply.</i></p> <p>Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) offers personal nutrition counseling to help manage your condition. This meeting is an individual assessment that gives you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Goals for lifestyle changes</li> <li>• Help with meal planning</li> <li>• Tools to manage your condition</li> </ul> <p>Group classes for nutritional counseling are available. Group classes offer social and group support to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Help you manage your disease or condition</li> <li>• Recommend ideas to help you make lifestyle changes</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for up to 4 nutritional consultations per year.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
 <b>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</b> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b> <p><i>Prior authorization and referral required, except for mammogram, X-ray and routine lab done at a plan approved location.</i></p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays</li> <li>• Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies</li> <li>• Surgical supplies, such as dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Laboratory tests</li> <li>• Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.</li> <li>• Other outpatient diagnostic tests (diagnostic radiology)</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays</li> <li>• Surgical supplies, such as dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Laboratory tests</li> <li>• Blood</li> <li>• Other outpatient diagnostic tests, like ultrasounds, not specified in this section</li> </ul> <p>You pay a <b>\$75.00</b> copayment for each visit for the following Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology procedures: computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance (MRIs and MRAs), and nuclear medicine studies, which includes PET scans.</p> <p>You pay <b>\$60.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered therapeutic radiology services.</p> <p>If the doctor provides you services in addition to Outpatient Diagnostic Procedures, Tests and Lab Services, separate cost-sharing may apply.</p>
<b>Outpatient hospital services</b> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered outpatient hospital services not otherwise specified in this chapter.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery</li> <li>• Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Medical supplies such as splints and casts</li> <li>• Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf">https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11435.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>To see the cost-sharing amounts you will pay, refer to the other sections in this chapter, which will apply when services are rendered in the outpatient hospital:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cardiac rehabilitation services</li> <li>• Durable Medical Equipment</li> <li>• Emergency care</li> <li>• Medicare Part B prescription drugs</li> <li>• Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</li> <li>• Outpatient mental health care</li> <li>• Outpatient rehabilitation services</li> <li>• Outpatient surgery</li> <li>• Partial hospitalization</li> <li>• Prosthetics</li> <li>• Pulmonary rehabilitation services</li> </ul>
<p><b>Outpatient mental health care</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i> Covered services include:</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered outpatient mental health care or psychiatrist services.</p>

<b>Services That Are Covered for You</b>	<b>What You Must Pay When You Get These Services</b>
<p>Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</p>	
<p><b>Outpatient rehabilitation services</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered outpatient rehabilitation services.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient substance abuse services</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Coverage is available for treatment services that are provided in an ambulatory setting to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance abuse or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services found only in the inpatient hospital setting. Traditional outpatient treatment is a level of care in which a licensed mental health professional provides care to individuals in an outpatient setting, whether to the patient individually, in family therapy, or in a group modality.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$15.00</b> copayment per day for Medicare-covered outpatient substance abuse services.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered outpatient hospital services.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered ambulatory surgical center services.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Note:</b> If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”</p>	
<p><b>Outreach Support Program</b></p> <p><i>You must obtain the covered service through a network provider.</i></p> <p>The outreach support program addresses senior loneliness and encourages meaningful conversations among seniors, caregivers, and health care professionals.</p> <p>As medically necessary, you may be eligible to receive a regular outreach call from a “connector” who will talk with you and connect you to social services.</p> <p>Rules and limitations may apply. Contact Member Services for more information.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for the outreach support program.</p>
<p><b>Over the Counter (OTC) supplemental coverage</b></p> <p>Over-the-Counter (OTC) items are drugs and health related products that do not need a prescription. More than 1,000 OTC items are covered by this plan, as allowed by Medicare. Covered items include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Toothpaste</li> <li>• Eye drops</li> <li>• Nasal spray</li> <li>• Vitamins</li> <li>• Cough drops</li> <li>• Pain relievers</li> <li>• Antacids</li> <li>• First aid items</li> <li>• And more...</li> </ul>	<p>This plan covers up to <b>\$125</b> per quarter. This plan covers approved over-the-counter drugs and health-related products.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>There are three ways to access your benefit.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Place orders online through the web or the smartphone mobile application for in-store pick up or home delivery.</li> <li>2. Shop in stores using your OTC benefit card at more than 4,600 Walmart and Neighborhood Market stores and other participating retailers. Scan the barcode at checkout.</li> <li>3. Call to place an order. Pick items by shopping online or from the OTC catalog. Have your product names, OTC benefit card number and delivery information ready.</li> </ol> <p>There is a limit on the total dollar amount you can order each quarter. Purchases are limited to the available benefit dollars. All orders must be placed through the plan's approved retailer, or purchased at a participating retail store. Quantity limits may apply. Unused OTC amounts do roll over from quarter to quarter. Unused amounts at the end of the calendar year do not roll over to the next calendar year.</p>	
<p><b>Pain Management</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral. You must obtain the covered service through a network provider.</i></p> <p>Medically necessary, non-opioid pain management alternatives are available to you.</p> <p>This plan covers up to 24 visits for the following pain management services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acupuncture/Acupressure,</li> <li>• Chiropractic services, and/or</li> <li>• Therapeutic massage</li> </ul> <p>Rules and limitations may apply. Contact Member Services for more information.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for up to 24 visits of covered pain management services per calendar year.</p> <p>The maximum number of pain management visits each year is in combination with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acupuncture/Acupressure,</li> <li>• Chiropractic services, and</li> <li>• Therapeutic massages</li> </ul>
<p><b>Partial hospitalization services</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$15.00</b> copayment per day for Medicare-covered partial hospitalization services.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>“Partial hospitalization” is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Because there are no community mental health centers in our network, we cover partial hospitalization only as a hospital outpatient service.</p>	
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization and referral is required for specialist services.</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician’s office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location</li> <li>• Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</li> <li>• Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment</li> <li>• Certain telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner for patients in certain rural areas or other locations approved by Medicare</li> <li>• Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery</li> <li>• Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered primary care provider and specialist office visits.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered dental care.</p>




Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Podiatry services - Medicare-covered</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li> <li>• Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered podiatry services (medically necessary) received through CareMore Care Center programs.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered podiatry services (medically necessary) received in a network provider's office.</p>
<p><b>Podiatry services - Supplemental</b> <i>No referral is required for routine foot care services performed at a CareMore Care Center.</i></p> <p>This plan covers additional foot care services not covered by Original Medicare.</p> <p>We cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Routine foot care services (such as toenail trimming) provided at the CareMore Care Centers.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for routine foot care services received through CareMore Care Center programs.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for routine foot care services received in a network provider's office.</p> <p>You are covered for up to 12 routine foot care visit(s) every calendar year.</p>
<p><b>Prescribed Fitness™</b> <i>Referral from your health care team and prior authorization is required for this program. Rules and limitations apply.</i></p> <p>Prescribed Fitness™ is a disease-specific exercise program designed to meet the special exercise needs of members who have functional limitations associated with chronic disease, such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), chronic heart failure (CHF), and end-stage renal disease (ESRD). Members are supervised by physical therapists or fitness coaches specially trained in kinesiology who will develop a personalized plan for each member.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for covered program services at a plan-approved location.</p>
<p><b>Prescribed Meals</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral. You must obtain the covered service through a network provider</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for covered prescribed meals.</p> <p>You may qualify to receive 3 home-delivered meals per day for up to 42 days.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Based on clinical criteria, you may qualify for 3 fully-prepared, nutritious home-delivered meals per day for up to 42 days as recommended by a clinical provider.</p> <p>Periodic appointments will be arranged with a registered dietician to monitor and discuss your health conditions.</p>	
<p> <b>Prostate cancer screening exams</b></p> <p><i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as the following services are obtained from a plan provider.</i></p> <p>For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Digital rectal exam</li> <li>• Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<p><b>Prosthetic devices and related supplies</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see “Vision Care” later in this section for more detail.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered prosthetic devices and related supplies.</p>
<p><b>Pulmonary rehabilitation services</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation services.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and a referral for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	
<p><b>Respite Care</b></p> <p><i>Requires prior authorization and referral. You must obtain the covered service through a network provider.</i></p> <p>If you have been diagnosed with a chronic debilitating medical condition and an unpaid primary caregiver provides care assistance to you 24 hours a day, we will arrange and cover up to 40 hours (minimum of four 4 hours shifts) of respite care per calendar year for you to relieve your primary caregiver from the daily routine caregiving such as walking, bathing, getting in/out of bed/chair, dressing, toileting, and eating.</p> <p>Rules and limitations may apply. Contact Member Services for more information.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for up to 40 hours (minimum of four 4 hours shifts) of respite care per calendar year.</p>
<p> <b>Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</b></p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p> <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization and limitations may apply.</i></p> <p>For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Eligible members are:</b> people aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p><i>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</i> the members must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
 <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</b>  <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>
<b>Services to treat kidney disease</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime</li> <li>• Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3)</li> <li>• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)</li> <li>• Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered kidney disease education services and training.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered dialysis treatments.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Home dialysis equipment and supplies</li> <li>• Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</li> </ul> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, “Medicare Part B prescription drugs.”</p>	
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care</b> <i>Requires prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>(For a definition of “skilled nursing facility care,” see Chapter 12 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called “SNFs.”)</p> <p>You are covered for 100 days each benefit period. Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>• Meals, including special diets</li> <li>• Skilled nursing services</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>• Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)</li> <li>• Blood – including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.</li> <li>• Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for days 1 - 31 for Medicare-covered stays at a skilled nursing facility (SNF). You pay a <b>\$25.00</b> copayment per day for days 32 - 100 for Medicare-covered stays at a SNF.</p> <p>A benefit period begins the first day you go to a Medicare-covered skilled nursing facility (SNF).</p> <p>A benefit period ends when you have not been admitted to a Medicare-covered skilled nursing facility for 60 days in a row.</p> <p>The type of care you actually receive during the stay determines whether you are considered an inpatient for skilled nursing facility stays, but not for hospital stays.</p>


Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>• Physician/Practitioner services</li> </ul> <p>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost-sharing for a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)</li> <li>• A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital</li> </ul>	
 <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</b> <i>Requires prior authorization but members may self-refer to this program.</i> <u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. <u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost-sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>This service may be offered at your local CareMore Care Center. Whether you are trying to quit smoking and/or stop using tobacco or trying to make the commitment to quit, whether you have tried before or this is your first time, we are here to help you. The program is provided at the CareMore Care Center by a nurse practitioner. Our smoking and tobacco use cessation program will provide you with support and encouragement while teaching you the most effective ways to stop smoking and/or using tobacco. The nurse practitioner will provide you with practical approaches and behavior-shaping techniques to help you prepare yourself for quitting, understanding the ways of quitting, knowing what to expect on the day you quit, and quitting tools to minimize withdrawal symptoms and the health benefits and advantages of stopping smoking. Medication treatment and management may be part of your personalized treatment plan if medically necessary.</p> <p>Covered services may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Initial assessment with comprehensive medical history and physical exam</li> <li>• Personalized care plan</li> <li>• Medication management</li> <li>• Member education classes</li> </ul> <p>To obtain prior authorization, contact Member Services. If medically necessary, certain medications may be recommended and prescribed to aid in the treatment of your care plan. Contact Member Services to verify any applicable copayments on prescribed smoking cessation medications.</p>	
<p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</b>  <i>Requires prior authorization.</i></p> <p>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for supervised exercise therapy.</p>




Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication</li> <li>• Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office</li> <li>• Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</li> <li>• Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</li> </ul> <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>	
<p><b>Transportation</b></p> <p><i>Prior authorization is required. Rules and limitations apply.</i></p> <p>Covered transportation services are provided to plan-approved, non-emergency, and routine medical care visits for members who are ambulatory or use standard-sized wheelchairs, are able to ride with others, and who do not have limiting medical conditions that would restrict them from normal means of public transportation, such as buses, vans, or taxicabs.</p>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for 44 one-way trips to scheduled medical appointments and services at plan-approved locations per year.</p> <p>Plan approved locations are locations that are contracted with Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) and/or they require an authorization.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for unlimited round trips to scheduled medical appointments and services provided through Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP)'s care programs, excluding Nifty after Fifty® (NAF).</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p>Transportation services must be provided by a contracted and designated transportation service carrier. Your rides may be serviced by different types of transportation, including vans, ridesharing, or private vehicles. You will generally not be covered for routine transportation services if you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Require the use of oversized wheelchairs, require continuous infusion, or must be in a reclining position.</li> <li>• Have any other medical condition that makes using normal means of public transportation difficult.</li> </ul> <p>To schedule your transportation, call the Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) Transportation Unit at 1-877-211-6687 from 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday (excluding holidays).</p> <p>Please schedule transportation no less than 24 business hours prior to your medical appointment. Each member is allowed one escort, which must be communicated to the Transportation department no less than two hours before the scheduled pick up time. Escorts must be 17 years of age or older. Service animals are allowed.</p> <p><b>Cancellation Policy:</b>              Please notify Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) Transportation Unit of any cancellation 24 business hours prior to your scheduled ride.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If your scheduled ride is not cancelled, it may count towards your trip limit.</li> <li>• If you need to cancel a Monday appointment, please call on Friday to make sure the trip does not count towards your trip limit.</li> </ul>	

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<p><b>Urgently needed services</b></p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>United States and world-wide coverage includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• World-wide emergency/urgent coverage and urgently needed services outside the United States is limited up to <b>\$10,000.00</b> per calendar year combined.</li> <li>• For world-wide emergency/urgent coverage services, Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) will pay the lesser of the provider's billed charges or the national Medicare fee schedule.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for each visit for Medicare-covered urgently needed services.</p>
<p> <b>Vision care</b></p> <p><i>You may self-refer for routine eye exams performed by network optometrist. Medicare-covered services require prior authorization and referral.</i></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered outpatient physician services to diagnose and treat conditions of the eye received by a primary care provider.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for Medicare-covered specialist services to diagnose and treat conditions of the eye received by a network specialist.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for post cataract surgery contact lenses or eyeglasses. You are responsible for paying any costs for eyeglass frames over <b>\$250.00</b>. You are responsible for paying any costs for such contact lenses over <b>\$350.00</b> instead of eyeglass lenses.</p> <p>You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for 1 routine eye exam every calendar year when you use a network provider. If the provider recommends additional procedures or tests, you may be responsible for paying additional costs.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.</li> <li>• For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.</li> <li>• One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)</li> <li>• Routine eye exam (eye refraction) - Once every calendar year.</li> <li>• Eyeglass frames - Once every other calendar year, you may select an eyeglass frame and receive a <b>\$100</b> allowance toward the purchase price.</li> <li>• Eyeglass lenses (Standard) - Once every other calendar year. After your copay, you may receive any one of the following lens options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• standard plastic single vision lenses (1 pair),</li> <li>• standard plastic bifocal lenses (1 pair),</li> <li>• standard plastic trifocal lenses (1 pair), or</li> <li>• standard plastic lenticular lenses (1 pair).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Eyeglass lens enhancements - After obtaining covered eyewear from a network provider, you may add any of the following lens enhancements at no extra cost after you pay your lens copay: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• factory scratch coating or</li> <li>• UV coating.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Contact lenses – Once every other calendar year, you may choose contact lenses instead of eyeglass lenses and receive a <b>\$100</b> allowance toward the cost of a supply of contact lenses including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• elective conventional lenses; or</li> <li>• elective disposable lenses; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>You pay a <b>\$20.00</b> copayment for 1 pair of eyeglass lenses every other calendar year. You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for 1 pair of frames, at the contracted rate up to <b>\$100.00</b> every other calendar year. You are responsible for paying any costs for such frames over <b>\$100.00</b>. You pay a <b>\$0.00</b> copayment for contact lenses, at the contracted rate up to <b>\$100.00</b> every other calendar year. You are responsible for paying any costs for such contact lenses over <b>\$100.00</b>.</p>

Services That Are Covered for You	What You Must Pay When You Get These Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• non-elective contact lenses are covered in full when obtained by a network provider.</li> </ul> <p>*Only the copayments for Medicare-covered services apply to the maximum out-of-pocket amount.</p>	
 <b>"Welcome to Medicare" Preventive Visit</b> <i>No prior authorization or referral required as long as the following services are obtained from a plan provider (i.e. personal doctor/primary care physician.)</i> <p>The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.</p> <p>Office visit copayment may apply if other covered services that require a copayment are provided.</p>

## 2019 DENTAL PROCEDURES CHART FOR BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS

The dental procedures chart provides you with a list of the covered procedures and copayments for the Basic Dental benefits you receive as an Anthem Blue Cross Member.

**Note:** None of the procedures listed in the chart below apply to your maximum out-of-pocket amount

### DIAGNOSTIC TREATMENT

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D0120	Periodic oral evaluation – established patient	\$5
D0140	Limited oral evaluation – problem focused	\$5
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation – new or established patient	\$15

<b>ADA</b>	<b>PROCEDURE</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS</b>
D0160	Detailed and extensive oral evaluation – problem focused, by report	\$5
D0170	Re-evaluation – limited, problem focused (established patient; not postoperative visit)	\$5
D0180	Comprehensive periodontal evaluation – new or established patient	\$15
	Office visit – per visit (including all fees for sterilization and/or infection control)	\$5

**RADIOGRAPHS/DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING  
(X-RAYS)**

<b>ADA</b>	<b>PROCEDURE</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS</b>
D0210	Intraoral – complete series (including bitewings)	\$5
D0220	Intraoral – periapical first film	\$0
D0230	Intraoral – periapical each additional film	\$0
D0240	Intraoral – occlusal film	\$0
D0250	Extraoral – first film	\$0
D0260	Extraoral – each additional film	\$0
D0270	Bitewing – single film	\$0
D0272	Bitewings – two films	\$0
D0273	Bitewings – three films	\$0
D0274	Bitewings – four films	\$0
D0277	Vertical bitewings – 7 to 8 films	\$0
D0330	Panoramic film	\$10

**TESTS AND EXAMINATIONS**

<b>ADA</b>	<b>PROCEDURE</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS</b>
D0460	Pulp vitality tests	\$5
D0470	Diagnostic casts	\$15

## PREVENTIVE SERVICES

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
<i>Procedures identified with an asterisk (*) are limited to twice a year, unless medically necessary.</i>		
D1110	Prophylaxis – adult*	\$35
D1208	Topical application of fluoride (prophylaxis not included) – adult*	\$5
D1310	Nutritional counseling for control of dental disease	\$0
D1330	Oral hygiene instructions	\$0
D1351	Sealant – per tooth	\$15
D1510	Space maintainer – fixed – unilateral	\$40
D1515	Space maintainer – fixed – bilateral	\$80
D1520	Space maintainer – removable – unilateral	\$50
D1525	Space maintainer – removable – bilateral	\$70
D1550	Re-cementation of space maintainer	\$9
D1555	Removal of fixed space maintainer	\$9

## RESTORATIVE TREATMENT

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D2140	Amalgam – one surface, primary or permanent	\$25
D2150	Amalgam – two surfaces, primary or permanent	\$30
D2160	Amalgam – three surfaces, primary or permanent	\$40
D2161	Amalgam – four or more surfaces, primary or permanent	\$55
D2330	Resin-based composite – one surface, anterior	\$40
D2331	Resin-based composite – two surfaces, anterior	\$45

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D2332	Resin-based composite – three surfaces, anterior	\$50
D2335	Resin-based composite – four or more surfaces or involving incisal angle (anterior)	\$65

## CROWNS

- *Replacement limit 1 every 5 years.*
- *An additional charge will be applied for any procedure using noble or high noble metal.*
- *Cases involving 7 or more crowns in the same treatment plan require additional \$125 member fee per unit in addition to copay.*
- *There is a \$75 per crown/bridge unit copayment in addition to regular copayments for porcelain on molars.*

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D2710	Crown – resin-based composite (indirect)	\$115
D2712	Crown – 3/4 resin-based composite (indirect)	\$115
D2720	Crown – resin with high noble metal	\$185
D2721	Crown – resin with predominantly base metal	\$185
D2722	Crown – resin with noble metal	\$185
D2740	Crown – porcelain/ceramic substrate	\$335
D2750	Crown – porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$430
D2751	Crown – porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$430
D2752	Crown – porcelain fused to noble metal	\$430
D2780	Crown – ¾ cast high noble metal	\$430
D2781	Crown – ¾ cast predominantly base metal	\$430
D2782	Crown – ¾ cast noble metal	\$430
D2790	Crown – full cast high noble metal	\$430
D2791	Crown – full cast predominantly base metal	\$430
D2792	Crown – full cast noble metal	\$430



ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D2794	Crown – titanium	\$430
D2910	Recement inlay, onlay, or partial coverage restoration	\$19
D2915	Recement cast or prefabricated post and core	\$19
D2920	Recement crown	\$25
D2930	Prefabricated stainless steel crown – primary tooth	\$35
D2931	Prefabricated stainless steel crown – permanent tooth	\$35
D2940	Sedative filling	\$20
D2950	Core buildup, including any pins	\$30
D2951	Pin retention – per tooth, in addition to restoration	\$20
D2952	Post and core in addition to crown, indirectly fabricated	\$100
D2953	Each additional indirectly fabricated post-same tooth	\$100
D2954	Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown	\$100
D2957	Each additional prefabricated post-same tooth	\$100

## ENDODONTICS

ADA	PROCEDURES	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
<i>All procedures exclude final restoration.</i>		
D3110	Pulp cap – direct (excluding final restoration)	\$25
D3120	Pulp cap – indirect (excluding final restoration)	\$25
D3310	Endodontic therapy, anterior tooth (excluding final restoration)	\$240

ADA	PROCEDURES	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D3320	Endodontic therapy, bicuspid tooth (excluding final restoration)	\$297
D3330	Endodontic therapy, molar (excluding final restoration)	\$373
D3346	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy – anterior	\$240
D3347	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy – bicuspid	\$297
D3348	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy – molar	\$373

#### PERIODONTICS

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D4341	Periodontal scaling and root planing – four or more teeth per quadrant	\$80
D4342	Periodontal scaling and root planing – one to three teeth per quadrant	\$80
D4355	Full mouth debridement to enable comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis	\$50
D4910	Periodontal maintenance (2 in a 12 month period)	\$40

#### REMOVABLE PROSTHODONTICS

- *Replacement limit 1 every 5 years*
- *Relines are limited to 1 every 24 months.*
- *Includes up to 3 adjustments within 6 months of delivery.*

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D5110	Complete denture – maxillary	\$475
D5120	Complete denture – mandibular	\$475

<b>ADA</b>	<b>PROCEDURE</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS</b>
D5130	Immediate denture – maxillary	\$475
D5140	Immediate denture – mandibular	\$475
D5211	Maxillary partial denture – resin base (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)	\$340
D5212	Mandibular partial denture – resin base (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)	\$340
D5213	Maxillary partial denture – cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)	\$525
D5214	Mandibular partial denture – cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)	\$525
D5281	Remove unilateral partial denture – one piece cast metal (including clasps and teeth)	\$350
D5410	Adjust complete denture – maxillary	\$28
D5411	Adjust complete denture – mandibular	\$28
D5421	Adjust partial denture – maxillary	\$28
D5422	Adjust partial denture – mandibular	\$28
D5510	Repair broken complete denture base	\$45
D5520	Replace missing or broken teeth – complete denture (each tooth)	\$30
D5610	Repair resin denture base	\$45
D5620	Repair cast framework	\$45
D5630	Repair or replace broken clasp	\$50
D5640	Replace broken teeth – per tooth	\$45
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture	\$45
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture	\$49

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D5670	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (maxillary)	\$306
D5671	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (mandibular)	\$306
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture	\$135
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	\$135
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture	\$95
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture	\$95
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture (chairside)	\$95
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture (chairside)	\$95
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture (chairside)	\$95
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside)	\$95
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture (laboratory)	\$150
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture (laboratory)	\$150
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture (laboratory)	\$140
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture (laboratory)	\$140
D5850	Tissue conditioning, maxillary	\$35
D5851	Tissue conditioning, mandibular	\$35

#### **CROWNS/FIXED BRIDGES - PER UNIT**

- *Replacement limit 1 every 5 years*
- *An additional charge will be applied for any procedure using noble or high noble metal.*
- *Cases involving 7 or more crowns in the same treatment plan require additional \$125 member fee per unit in addition to copay.*
- *There is a \$75 crown/bridge unit copayment in addition to regular copayments for porcelain on molars.*

<b>ADA</b>	<b>PROCEDURE</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS</b>
D6205	Pontic – indirect resin based composite	\$177
D6210	Pontic – cast high noble metal	\$311
D6211	Pontic – cast predominantly base metal	\$311
D6212	Pontic – cast noble metal	\$311
D6214	Pontic – titanium	\$430
D6240	Pontic – porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$299
D6241	Pontic – porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$299
D6242	Pontic – porcelain fused to noble metal	\$299
D6250	Pontic – resin with high noble metal	\$177
D6251	Pontic – resin with predominantly base metal	\$177
D6252	Pontic – resin with noble metal	\$177
D6710	Crown – indirect resin-based composite	\$185
D6720	Crown – resin with high noble metal	\$185
D6721	Crown – resin with predominantly base metal	\$185
D6722	Crown – resin with noble metal	\$185
D6750	Crown – porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$299
D6751	Crown – porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$299
D6752	Crown – porcelain fused to noble metal	\$299
D6780	Crown – $\frac{3}{4}$ cast high noble metal	\$291
D6781	Crown – $\frac{3}{4}$ cast predominantly base metal	\$430
D6782	Crown – $\frac{3}{4}$ cast noble metal	\$430
D6790	Crown – full cast high noble metal	\$299
D6791	Crown – full cast predominantly base metal	\$291
D6792	Crown – full cast noble metal	\$291
D6794	Crown – titanium	\$430

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D6930	Recement fixed partial denture	\$40
D6970	Post and core in addition to fixed partial denture retainer, indirectly fabricated	\$114
D6972	Prefabricated post and core in addition to fixed partial denture retainer	\$100
D6973	Core build up for retainer, including any pins	\$65
D6976	Each additional cast post – same tooth	\$65
D6977	Each additional prefabricated post – same tooth	\$65

#### ORAL SURGERY

- *Includes routine post operative visits/treatment.*
- *Surgical removal of impacted teeth not covered unless pathology (disease) exists.*
- *Surgical removal of wisdom tooth/third molar for orthodontic reasons only is not covered.*

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D7111	Extraction, coronal remnants – deciduous tooth	\$23
D7140	Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal)	\$35
D7210	Surgical removal of erupted tooth requiring elevation of mucoperios-teal flap and removal of bone and/or section of tooth	\$60
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth – soft tissue	\$80
D7510	Incision and drainage of abscess – intraoral soft issue	\$80
D7511	Incision and drainage of abscess – intraoral soft issue – complicated (includes drainage of multiple fascial spaces)	\$80
D7520	Incision and drainage of abscess – extraoral soft tissue	\$80

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D7521	Incision and drainage of abscess – extraoral soft issue – complicated (includes drainage of multiple fascial spaces)	\$80

#### ADJUNCTIVE GENERAL SERVICES

ADA	PROCEDURE	MEMBER COPAYMENT BASIC DENTAL BENEFITS
D9110	Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain – minor procedure	\$35
D9215	Local anesthesia in conjunction with operative surgical procedures	\$0
D9310	Office visit for observation (during regularly scheduled hours) – no other services performed	\$0
D9430	Office visit for observation (during regularly scheduled hours) – no other services performed	\$5
D9440	Office visit – after regularly scheduled hours	\$50
D9450	Case presentation, detailed and extensive treatment planning	\$0
D9951	Occlusal adjustment – limited	\$25

**ADA Code:** The standard code assigned to dental services by the American Dental Association. Federal law requires the use of ADA codes to report dental procedures. Procedure codes may be revised from time to time by the American Dental Association. The plan may revise this code list as required by law.

- You are responsible for applicable member copayments and the cost of the noble and/or high noble metals.
- The copayments shown for the Basic dental benefits apply only when services are performed by contracted general dentists. You must receive all dental services through your assigned contracted dentist. If you are referred to contracted specialists, higher costs will apply. With the Basic dental

benefits, to determine cost, please request the fee schedule ahead of time from the referred specialist prior to services being rendered. If you need assistance with requesting the fee schedule, please contact a Member Services Representative. Your selected general dentist is responsible for coordinating your dental care and will submit all required documentation for any necessary referral.

- There is a \$75 copayment per crown/bridge unit in addition to regular copayments for porcelain on molars. For cases involving seven (7) or more crowns and/or fixed bridge units in the same treatment plan, there is an additional \$125 copayment per unit in addition to copayment for each crown/ bridge unit.

- Members who have not kept up with their routine dental appointments (once every six (6) months) may find that they require services involving periodontal scaling and root planning or full-mouth debridement before routine care such as regular cleanings can or will be provided.
- Removable or fixed prosthodontics such as complete dentures, removable partial dentures and bridgework are performed by contracted general dentists. Prosthodontist specialists are not included in the contracted network.

**Note:** If noble or high noble metals are used for fillings, crowns, bridges, or prosthetic devices, there will be an additional charge based on the amount of metal used.

#### **Exclusions**

1. Services performed by a general dentist or specialty care dentist, not contracted with Anthem Blue Cross, without prior approval by us (except for out of area emergency services).
2. Any procedures not specifically listed as a covered benefit in the Evidence of Coverage.
3. Dental procedures initiated prior to the member's eligibility under this Plan or started after the member's termination from the Plan.
4. Any dental services, or appliances which are determined to be not reasonable and/or necessary for maintaining or improving the member's dental health, as determined by the Anthem Blue Cross Selected General Dentist.
5. Dental procedures or services performed solely for cosmetic purposes or solely for appearance, unless otherwise specified as a covered service on the Evidence of Coverage.
6. Orthognathic surgery.
7. General anesthesia or intravenous sedation.
8. Any inpatient/outpatient hospital charges of any kind including dentist and/or physician charges, prescriptions or medications.
9. Replacement of dentures, crowns, appliances or bridgework that have been lost, stolen, or damaged due to abuse, misuse, or neglect.
10. Treatment of malignancies, cysts, or neoplasms.
11. Procedures, appliances, or restorations whose main purpose is to change the vertical dimension of occlusion, correct congenital, developmental, or medically induced dental disorders including, but not limited to, treatment of myofunctional, myoskeletal, or temporomandibular joint disorders unless otherwise specified as an orthodontic benefit on the Evidence of Coverage.
12. Dental implants and services associated with the placement of implants, prosthodontic restoration of dental implants, and specialized implant maintenance services.
13. Precision attachments.
14. Dental services provided for or paid by a federal or state government agency or authority, political subdivision, or other public program other than Medicaid or Medicare.
15. Dental services required while serving in the Armed Forces of any country or international authority.
16. Services considered unnecessary or experimental in nature.
17. Dental procedures or appliances for minor tooth guidance or for the control of harmful habits such as thumb sucking and tongue thrusting.
18. Any dental procedure or treatment unable to be performed in the dental office due to the general health or physical limitations of the member including, but not limited to physical or emotional resistance, inability to visit the dental office, or allergy to commonly utilized local anesthetics.

#### **Limitations**

1. Cleanings (prophylaxis) and fluoride treatments are limited to twice a year, unless medically necessary.
2. An additional charge will be applied for any procedure using noble or high noble metal.
3. Relines are limited to one every twenty four (24) months.
4. Full-mouth X-rays: Once every three (3) years, unless medically necessary.



5. Periodontal maintenance procedures (following active periodontal therapy) are limited to 2 in a 12-month period.
6. Dentures (full or partial): Replacement only after five (5) years have elapsed following any prior provision of such dentures under an Anthem Blue Cross Benefit Plan. Replacements will be a benefit only if the existing denture is unsatisfactory and cannot be made satisfactory as determined by the Anthem Blue Cross contracted general dentist.
7. Sealants: Plan benefit applies to primary and permanent molar teeth, within four (4) years of eruption.
8. Replacement of any crowns or fixed bridges (per unit) are limited to once every five (5) years.
9. Cases involving seven (7) or more crowns and/or fixed bridge units in the same treatment plan require additional \$125 copayment per unit in addition to copayment for each crown/bridge unit.
10. There is a \$75 copayment per crown/bridge unit in addition to regular copayments for porcelain on molars.
11. Surgical removal of wisdom teeth/third molar for orthodontic reasons only is not a covered benefit.
12. Delivery of removable prosthodontics includes up to three (3) adjustments within six (6) months of delivery date of service.
13. Surgical removal of impacted teeth is not a covered benefit unless pathology disease exists.
14. The copayments listed for endodontic procedures do not include the cost of final restoration.

## ***Section 2.2***

### **Extra "optional supplemental" benefits you can buy**

Our plan offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package as a plan member. These extra benefits are called "Optional Supplemental Benefits." If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them and you may have to pay an

additional premium for them. The optional supplemental benefits described in this section are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

You may elect to enroll in an optional supplemental benefit package during the annual enrollment period from October 15 through December 7. To enroll, call Member Services and ask for a "Short Enrollment Form." Return the completed form to the address given on the form. You have the option of enrolling in these benefits up to 90 days after your effective date. Once you've enrolled, your optional supplemental benefits would become effective on the first of the following month. You can pay your optional supplemental benefits monthly plan premium combined with your regular monthly plan premium or late enrollment penalty, if you have one. The premium information provided in Chapter 1, Section 4 also applies to your optional supplemental benefits monthly premium, with one exception. As Chapter 1, Section 4 indicates, if you do not pay your regular plan premium or late enrollment penalty, if you have one, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your payment within 90 days. However, the grace period for your optional supplemental benefits is 60 days. Therefore, if you do not pay your premiums, your optional supplemental benefits will terminate after 60 days and if you have a regular premium or late enrollment penalty, the rest of your benefits will terminate after 90 days.

If you are disenrolled due to nonpayment of premiums, you will not be able to re-enroll in an optional supplemental benefits package until the next annual enrollment period. If you decide you no longer want to be enrolled in an optional supplemental benefits package, send us a statement of your request. Please make sure to clarify that you do not want to disenroll from the Medicare Advantage plan, just the optional supplemental benefits portion. Your statement should include your name, Member ID and signature. Any premium overpayments will be applied to your regular monthly plan premium if you have one, or you can request to have the overpayment

refunded to you. Once you have disenrolled from the next annual election period.  
these benefits, you will not be able to re-enroll until

**High Option Dental Plan**

**\$35 monthly premium**

**SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS**

**Covered Benefits & Member Responsibility**

**\$1500 CALENDAR YEAR MAXIMUM - \$0 CALENDAR YEAR DEDUCTIBLE**

*The following is a complete list of dental procedures for which benefits are payable under this plan.*

*Non-listed procedures are not covered. This plan does not allow alternate benefits.*

*If elected, Member is responsible for all non-covered procedures.*

**DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES**

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D0120	Periodic oral evaluation	0%	2 exams per calendar year
D0140	Limited oral evaluation	0%	
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation	0%	
D0171	Re-evaluation, post operative office visit	0%	
D0180	Comprehensive periodontal evaluation	0%	
D0210	Intraoral, complete series of radiographic images	0%	1 FMX or Panoramic image per calendar year
D0220	Intraoral, periapical, first radiographic image	0%	Up to 7 units per calendar year
D0230	Intraoral, periapical, each add 'l radiographic image	0%	
D0270	Bitewing, single radiographic image	0%	1 series of bitewing images per calendar year
D0272	Bitewings, two radiographic images	0%	
D0273	Bitewings, three radiographic images	0%	
D0274	Bitewings, four radiographic images	0%	

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D0330	Panoramic radiographic image	0%	1 FMX or Panoramic image per calendar year

#### PREVENTIVE SERVICES

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D1110	Prophylaxis, adult	0%	2 cleanings per calendar year
D1208	Topical application of fluoride, excluding varnish	0%	2 fluoride treatments per calendar year

#### RESTORATIVE SERVICES

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D2140	Amalgam, one surface, primary or permanent	20%	
D2150	Amalgam, two surfaces, primary or permanent	20%	
D2160	Amalgam, three surfaces, primary or permanent	20%	
D2161	Amalgam, four or more surfaces, primary or permanent	20%	
D2330	Resin-based composite, one surface, anterior	20%	
D2331	Resin-based composite, two surfaces, anterior	20%	
D2332	Resin-based composite, three surfaces, anterior	20%	
D2335	Resin-based composite, four or more surfaces, involving incisal angle	20%	
D2391	Resin-based composite, one surface, posterior	20%	
D2392	Resin-based composite, two surfaces, posterior	20%	
D2393	Resin-based composite, three surfaces, posterior	20%	

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D2394	Resin-based composite, four or more surfaces, posterior	20%	
D2740	Crown, porcelain/ceramic substrate	20%	1 per tooth per 60 month period
D2750	Crown, porcelain fused to high noble metal	20%	
D2751	Crown, porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	20%	
D2752	Crown, porcelain fused to noble metal	20%	
D2790	Crown, full cast high noble metal	20%	
D2791	Crown, full cast predominantly base metal	20%	
D2792	Crown, full cast noble metal	20%	
D2910	Re-cement or re-bond inlay, onlay, veneer, or partial coverage	20%	
D2915	Re-cement or re-bond indirectly fabricated/ prefabricated post & core	20%	
D2920	Re-cement or re-bond crown	20%	
D2940	Protective restoration	20%	
D2950	Core buildup, including any pins when required	20%	
D2951	Pin retention, per tooth, in addition to restoration	20%	
D2952	Post and core in addition to crown, indirectly fabricated	20%	
D2954	Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown	20%	
D2955	Post removal	20%	

## ENDODONTIC SERVICES

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D3110	Pulp cap, direct (excluding final restoration)	50%	
D3120	Pulp cap, indirect (excluding final restoration)	50%	
D3220	Therapeutic pulpotomy (excluding final restoration)	50%	
D3221	Pulpal debridement, primary and permanent teeth	50%	
D3310	Endodontic therapy, anterior tooth (excluding final restoration)	50%	
D3320	Endodontic therapy, bicuspid tooth (excluding final restoration)	50%	
D3330	Endodontic therapy, molar (excluding final restoration)	50%	
D3346	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy, anterior	50%	
D3347	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy, bicuspid	50%	
D3348	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy, molar	50%	
D3351	Apexification/recalcification, initial visit	50%	
D3352	Apexification/recalcification, interim medication replacement	50%	
D3353	Apexification/recalcification, final visit	50%	
D3410	Apicoectomy, anterior	50%	
D3421	Apicoectomy, bicuspid (first root)	50%	
D3425	Apicoectomy, molar (first root)	50%	
D3430	Retrograde filling, per root	50%	

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D3450	Root amputation, per root	50%	
D3920	Hemisection, not including root canal therapy	50%	
D4210	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty, four or more teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4211	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty, one to three teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4240	Gingival flap procedure, four or more teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4241	Gingival flap procedure, one to three teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4260	Osseous surgery, four or more teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4261	Osseous surgery, one to three teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4270	Pedicle soft tissue graft procedure	50%	
D4273	Autogenous connective tissue graft procedure, first tooth	50%	
D4275	Non-autogenous connective tissue graft, first tooth	50%	
D4283	Autogenous connective tissue graft procedure, each additional tooth, per site	50%	
D4285	Non-autogenous connective tissue graft procedure, each additional tooth, per site	50%	
D4341	Periodontal scaling and root planing, four or more teeth per quadrant	50%	
D4342	Periodontal scaling and root planing, one to three teeth per quadrant	50%	

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D4355	Full mouth debridement	50%	
D4910	Periodontal maintenance	50%	

**REMOVABLE APPLIANCE THERAPY (DENTURES AND DENTURE RELATED SERVICES)**

Code	Description	Member Responsibility	Limitations
D5110	Complete denture, maxillary	50%	1 per arch per 60 month period
D5120	Complete denture, mandibular	50%	
D5130	Immediate denture, maxillary	50%	
D5140	Immediate denture, mandibular	50%	
D5211	Maxillary partial denture, resin base	50%	
D5212	Mandibular partial denture, resin base	50%	
D5213	Maxillary partial denture, cast metal, resin base	50%	
D5214	Mandibular partial denture, cast metal, resin base	50%	
D5221	Immediate maxillary partial denture, resin base	50%	
D5222	Immediate mandibular partial denture, resin base	50%	
D5223	Immediate maxillary partial denture, cast metal framework, resin denture base	50%	
D5224	Immediate mandibular partial denture, cast metal framework, resin denture base	50%	
D5421	Adjust partial denture, maxillary	50%	

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D5422	Adjust partial denture, mandibular	50%	
D5510	Repair broken complete denture base	50%	
D5520	Replace missing or broken teeth, complete denture	50%	
D5610	Repair resin denture base	50%	
D5620	Repair cast framework	50%	
D5630	Repair or replace broken clasp, per tooth	50%	
D5640	Replace broken teeth, per tooth	50%	
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture	50%	
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture, per tooth	50%	
D5670	Replace all teeth & acrylic on cast metal frame, maxillary	50%	
D5671	Replace all teeth & acrylic on cast metal frame, mandibular	50%	
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture	50%	
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	50%	
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture	50%	
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture	50%	
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture, chairside	50%	
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture, chairside	50%	



<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture, chairside	50%	
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture, chairside	50%	
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture, laboratory	50%	
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture, laboratory	50%	
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture, laboratory	50%	
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture, laboratory	50%	
D5850	Tissue conditioning, maxillary	50%	
D5851	Tissue conditioning, mandibular	50%	

#### **ORAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SERVICES**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D7111	Extraction, coronal remnants, deciduous tooth	50%	
D7140	Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root	50%	
D7210	Extraction, erupted tooth requiring removal of bone and/or sectioning of tooth	50%	
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth, soft tissue	50%	
D7230	Removal of impacted tooth, partially bony	50%	
D7240	Removal of impacted tooth, completely bony	50%	
D7241	Removal impacted tooth, complete bony, complication	50%	

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D7250	Removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure)	50%	
D7260	Oroantral fistula closure	50%	
D7261	Primary closure of a sinus perforation	50%	
D7280	Exposure of an unerupted tooth	50%	
D7282	Mobilization of erupted/ malpositioned tooth	50%	
D7283	Placement, device to facilitate eruption, impaction	50%	
D7285	Incisional biopsy of oral tissue, hard (bone, tooth)	50%	
D7286	Incisional biopsy of oral tissue, soft	50%	
D7287	Exfoliative cytological sample collection	50%	
D7288	Brush biopsy, transepithelial sample collection	50%	
D7310	Alveoloplasty with extractions, four or more teeth per quadrant	50%	
D7311	Alveoloplasty with extractions, one to three teeth per quadrant	50%	
D7320	Alveoloplasty, w/o extractions, four or more teeth per quadrant	50%	
D7321	Alveoloplasty, w/o extractions, one to three teeth per quadrant	50%	
D7410	Excision of benign lesion, up to 1.25 cm	50%	
D7411	Excision of benign lesion, greater than 1.25 cm	50%	

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D7412	Excision of benign lesion, complicated	50%	
D7450	Removal, benign odontogenic cyst/tumor, up to 1.25 cm	50%	
D7451	Removal, benign odontogenic cyst/tumor, greater than 1.25 cm	50%	
D7460	Removal, benign nonodontogenic cyst/tumor, up to 1.25 cm	50%	
D7461	Removal, benign nonodontogenic cyst/tumor, greater than 1.25 cm	50%	
D7465	Destruction of lesion(s) by physical or chemical method, by report	50%	
D7510	Incision & drainage of abscess, intraoral soft tissue	50%	
D7511	Incision & drainage of abscess, intraoral soft tissue, complicated	50%	
D7520	Incision & drainage of abscess, extraoral soft tissue	50%	
D7521	Incision & drainage of abscess, extraoral soft tissue, complicated	50%	
D7530	Remove foreign body, mucosa, skin, tissue	50%	
D7540	Removal of reaction producing foreign bodies, musculoskeletal system	50%	
D7960	Frenulectomy (frenectomy or frenotomy), separate procedure	50%	

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D7963	Frenuloplasty	50%	

#### **ADJUNCTIVE GENERAL SERVICES**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Member Responsibility</b>	<b>Limitations</b>
D9110	Palliative (emergency) treatment, minor procedure	50%	
D9120	Fixed partial denture sectioning	50%	
D9210	Local anesthesia not in conjunction, operative or surgical procedures	50%	
D9211	Regional block anesthesia	50%	
D9212	Trigeminal division block anesthesia	50%	
D9215	Local anesthesia in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures	50%	
D9223	Deep sedation/general anesthesia, each 15 minute increment	50%	
D9230	Inhalation of nitrous oxide/analgesia, anxiolysis	50%	
D9243	Intravenous moderate (conscious) sedation/analgesia, each 15 minute increment	50%	
D9248	Non-intravenous (conscious) sedation, includes non-IV minimal and moderate sedation	50%	
D9310	Consultation, other than requesting dentist	50%	

#### **Optional Dental Plan (\$9 monthly premium)**

#### **SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS**

#### **Covered Benefits & Member Copayments**

**No Annual Deductible**

**No Annual Dollar Amount Maximum**

- Members must select, and be assigned to, a dental administrator contracted CM40 dental office to utilize covered benefits. Your assigned office will initiate a treatment plan or will initiate the specialty referral process with the dental administrator if the services are dentally necessary and outside the scope of general dentistry.
- Member copayments are payable to the dental office at the time services are rendered.
- This schedule does not guarantee benefits. All services are subject to eligibility and dental necessity at the time of service.
- Dental procedures not listed as covered benefits are available at the dental office's usual and customary fee.

**DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES**

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D0120	Periodic oral evaluation	\$0
D0140	Limited oral evaluation	\$0
D0145	Oral Evaluation under age 3	\$0
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation	\$0
D0160	Oral evaluation, problem focused	\$0
D0170	Re-evaluation, limited, problem focused	\$0
D0180	Comprehensive periodontal evaluation	\$0
D0210	Intraoral, complete series (includes bitewings)	\$0
D0220	Intraoral, periapical, first film	\$0
D0230	Intraoral, periapical, each additional film	\$0
D0240	Intraoral, occlusal film	\$0
D0250	Extraoral, first film	\$0
D0260	Extraoral, each additional film	\$0
D0270	Bitewing, single film	\$0
D0272	Bitewings, 2 films	\$0
D0273	Bitewings, 3 films	\$0
D0274	Bitewings, 4 films	\$0
D0277	Vertical bitewings, 7 to 8 films	\$0
D0330	Panoramic Film	\$0
D0415	Collection of microorganisms for culture	\$25
D0425	Caries susceptibility tests	\$15

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D0460	Pulp vitality tests	\$0
D0470	Diagnostic casts	\$0
D0472	Accession of tissue, gross exam, prep & report	\$40
D0473	Accession of tissue, gross/micro. exam, prep, report	\$40
D0474	Accession of tissue, gross/micro. exam, report	\$40

#### PREVENTIVE SERVICES

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D1110	Prophylaxis, adult	\$0
	Prophylaxis, adult (3rd or more per calendar year)	\$45
D1120	Prophylaxis, child	\$0
	Prophylaxis, child (3rd or more per 12 months)	\$35
D1203	Topical application of fluoride, child	\$0
	Topical application fluoride, child (3rd + in 12 mo.)	\$10
D1204	Topical application of fluoride, adult	\$0
D1206	Topical fluoride varnish	\$10
D1310	Nutritional counseling for control of dental disease	\$0
D1320	Tobacco counseling, control/prevention oral disease	\$0
D1330	Oral hygiene instruction	\$0
D1351	Sealant, per tooth	\$5
D1352	Preventive resin restoration – permanent tooth	\$5
D1510	Space maintainer, fixed, unilateral	\$65
D1515	Space maintainer, fixed, bilateral	\$65

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D1520	Space maintainer, removable, unilateral	\$65
D1525	Space maintainer, removable, bilateral	\$65
D1550	Recementation of space maintainer	\$15
D1555	Removal of fixed space maintainer	\$15

## RESTORATIVE

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D2140	Amalgam, 1 surface, primary or permanent	\$0
D2150	Amalgam, 2 surfaces, primary or permanent	\$0
D2160	Amalgam, 3 surfaces, primary or permanent	\$0
D2161	Amalgam, 4 or more surfaces, primary/ permanent	\$0
D2330	Resin-based composite, 1 surface, anterior	\$0
D2331	Resin-based composite, 2 surfaces, anterior	\$0
D2332	Resin-based composite, 3 surfaces, anterior	\$0
D2335	Resin-based composite, 4+ surfaces/incisal angle	\$60

### \* GUIDELINES for Inlays, Onlays, and Single Crowns:

The total maximum amount chargeable to the member for elective upgraded procedures (explained below) is \$250.00 per tooth. Providers are required to explain covered benefits as well as any elective differences in materials and fees prior to providing an elective upgraded procedure. This means that \$250 is the most you will pay for elective upgraded procedures explained below.

1. Brand name restorations (e.g. Sunrise, Captek, Vitadur-N, Hi-Ceram, Optec, HSP, In-Ceram, Empress, Cerec, AllCeram, Procera, Lava, etc.) may be considered elective upgraded procedures if their related CDT procedure codes are not listed as covered benefits. In general, brand name restorations are not covered.
2. Benefits for anterior and bicuspid teeth: Resin, porcelain and any resin to base metal or porcelain to base metal crowns are covered benefits for anterior and bicuspid teeth. Adding a porcelain margin may be considered an elective upgraded procedure.
3. Benefits for molar teeth: Cast base metal restorations are covered benefits for molar teeth. Resin-based composite and porcelain/ceramic crowns are not covered benefits on molar teeth. Any resin to metal or porcelain to metal crowns may be considered elective upgraded procedures. Adding a porcelain margin may be considered an elective upgraded procedure.
4. Base metal is the benefit. If elected, the member may be charged additional lab costs for a) noble metal, b) high noble metal, or c) titanium.

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D2390	Resin-based composite crown, anterior	\$60
D2391	Resin-based composite, 1 surface, posterior	\$65
D2392	Resin-based composite, 2 surfaces, posterior	\$75
D2393	Resin-based composite, 3 surfaces, posterior	\$80
D2394	Resin-based composite, 4+ surfaces, posterior	\$85

**\* GUIDELINES for Inlays, Onlays, and Single Crowns:**

The total maximum amount chargeable to the member for elective upgraded procedures (explained below) is \$250.00 per tooth. Providers are required to explain covered benefits as well as any elective differences in materials and fees prior to providing an elective upgraded procedure. This means that \$250 is the most you will pay for elective upgraded procedures explained below.

1. Brand name restorations (e.g. Sunrise, Captek, Vitadur-N, Hi-Ceram, Optec, HSP, In-Ceram, Empress, Cerec, AllCeram, Procera, Lava, etc.) may be considered elective upgraded procedures if their related CDT procedure codes are not listed as covered benefits. In general, brand name restorations are not covered.
2. Benefits for anterior and bicuspid teeth: Resin, porcelain and any resin to base metal or porcelain to base metal crowns are covered benefits for anterior and bicuspid teeth. Adding a porcelain margin may be considered an elective upgraded procedure.
3. Benefits for molar teeth: Cast base metal restorations are covered benefits for molar teeth. Resin-based composite and porcelain/ceramic crowns are not covered benefits on molar teeth. Any resin to metal or porcelain to metal crowns may be considered elective upgraded procedures. Adding a porcelain margin may be considered an elective upgraded procedure.
4. Base metal is the benefit. If elected, the member may be charged additional lab costs for a) noble metal, b) high noble metal, or c) titanium.

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D2510	Inlay, metallic, 1 surface	\$185*
D2520	Inlay, metallic, 2 surfaces	\$185*
D2530	Inlay, metallic, 3 or more surfaces	\$185*
D2542	Onlay, metallic, 2 surfaces	\$190*
D2543	Onlay, metallic, 3 surfaces	\$225*
D2544	Onlay, metallic, 4 or more surfaces	\$225*
D2610	Inlay, porcelain/ceramic, 1 surface	\$190*
D2620	Inlay, porcelain/ceramic, 2 surfaces	\$190*
D2630	Inlay, porcelain/ceramic, 3 or more surfaces	\$190*



<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D2642	Onlay, porcelain/ceramic, 2 surfaces	\$200*
D2643	Onlay, porcelain/ceramic, 3 surfaces	\$210*
D2644	Onlay, porcelain/ceramic, 4 or more surfaces	\$220*
D2650	Inlay, resin-based composite, 1 surface	\$225*
D2651	Inlay, resin-based composite, 2 surfaces	\$240*
D2652	Inlay, resin-based composite, 3 or more surfaces	\$260*
D2662	Onlay, resin-based composite, 2 surfaces	\$270*
D2663	Onlay, resin-based composite, 3 surfaces	\$285*
D2664	Onlay, resin-based composite, 4 or more surfaces	\$300*
D2710	Crown, resin-based composite (indirect)	\$120*
D2712	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ resin-based composite (indirect)	\$120*
D2720	Crown, resin with high noble metal	\$225*
D2721	Crown, resin with predominantly base metal	\$225*
D2722	Crown, resin with noble metal	\$225*
D2740	Crown, porcelain/ceramic substrate	\$245*
D2750	Crown, porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$225*
D2751	Crown, porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$225*
D2752	Crown, porcelain fused to noble metal	\$225*
D2780	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ cast high noble metal	\$225*
D2781	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ cast predominantly base metal	\$225
D2782	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ cast noble metal	\$225*
D2783	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ porcelain/ceramic	\$225*
D2790	Crown, full cast high noble metal	\$225*
D2791	Crown, full cast predominantly base metal	\$225
D2792	Crown, full cast noble metal	\$225*
D2794	Crown, titanium	\$225*
D2799	Provisional crown	\$120

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D2910	Recement inlay, onlay, partial coverage restoration	\$40
D2915	Recement cast or prefabricated post & core	\$10
D2920	Recement crown	\$0
D2930	Prefabricated stainless steel crown, primary tooth	\$40
D2931	Prefabricated stainless steel crown, permanent tooth	\$40
D2932	Prefabricated resin crown	\$16
D2933	Prefabricated stainless steel crown, resin window	\$16
D2934	Prefabricated esthetic coated SS crown, primary	\$16
D2940	Protective restoration (temporary)	\$10
D2950	Core build-up, including any pins	\$80
D2951	Pin retention, per tooth, in addition to restoration	\$15
D2952	Post & core in addition to crown, indirect fabric.	\$90*
D2953	Each additional indirect fabric. post, same tooth	\$40*
D2954	Prefabricated post & core in addition to crown	\$80
D2955	Post removal (not in conj. with endodontic therapy)	\$10
D2957	Each additional prefabricated post, same tooth	\$40
D2960	Labial veneer (resin laminate), chairside	\$200
D2961	Labial veneer (resin laminate), laboratory	\$325
D2962	Labial veneer (porcelain laminate), laboratory	\$500
D2970	Temporary crown (fractured tooth)	\$80

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D2971	Add'l procedure/new crown, existing partial denture	\$40
D2980	Crown repair, by report	\$40

## ENDODONTICS

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D3110	Pulp cap – direct (excluding final restoration)	\$0
D3120	Pulp cap – indirect (excluding final restoration)	\$0
D3220	Therapeutic pulpotomy (excluding final restoration)	\$40
D3221	Pulpal debridement, primary & permanent teeth	\$20
D3230	Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling), anterior primary	\$40
D3240	Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling), posterior, primary	\$40
D3310	Anterior (excluding final restoration)	\$60
D3320	Bicuspid (excluding final restoration)	\$125
D3330	Molar (excluding final restoration)	\$265
D3331	Treatment of root canal obstruction; non-surgical	\$225
D3332	Incomplete endodontic therapy, inoperable	\$120
D3333	Internal root repair of perforation defects	\$160
D3346	Retreatment of previous root canal – anterior	\$70
D3347	Retreatment of previous root canal – bicuspid	\$135
D3348	Retreatment of previous root canal – molar	\$275
D3351	Apexification/recalcification/pulp reg. – initial visit	\$80

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D3352	Apexification/recalcification/pulp reg. – interim med.	\$80
D3353	Apexification/recalcification – final visit	\$80
D3410	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery – anterior	\$105
D3421	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery – bicuspid	\$105
D3425	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery – molar	\$105
D3426	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery – ea. add. root	\$55
D3430	Retrograde filling – per root	\$0
D3450	Root Amputation – per root	\$95
D3910	Surgical procedure for isolation with rubber dam	\$20
D3920	Hemisection (incl. root removal), not incl. root canal	\$90
D3950	Canal prep. & fitting of preformed dowel/post	\$0

## PERIODONTICS

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D4210	Gingivectomy/gingivoplasty, 4+ teeth per quadrant	\$110
D4211	Gingivectomy/gingivoplasty, 1-3 teeth per quadrant	\$14
D4212	Gingivectomy/gingivoplasty, restorative procedure, per tooth	\$0
D4240	Ging. flap procedure, 4+ teeth per quadrant	\$130
D4241	Ging. flap procedure, 1-3 teeth per quadrant	\$130
D4245	Apically positioned flap	\$160
D4249	Clinical crown lengthening, hard tissue	\$324
D4260	Osseous surgery, 4+ teeth per quadrant	\$250
D4261	Osseous surgery, 1-3 teeth per quadrant	\$250

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D4263	Bone replacement graft, 1st site in quadrant	\$220
D4264	Bone replacement graft, ea. additional site, quad.	\$120
D4270	Pedicle soft tissue graft procedure	\$405
D4271	Free soft tissue graft procedure (incl. donor site)	\$405
D4274	Distal/proximal wedge procedure	\$235
D4320	Provisional splinting - intracoronal	\$135
D4321	Provisional splinting - extracoronal	\$135

GUIDELINE: No more than two (2) quadrants of periodontal scaling and root planing per appointment/per day are allowable.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D4341	Periodontal scaling & root planing, 4+ teeth/quad.	\$55
D4342	Periodontal scaling & root planing, 1-3 teeth/quad.	\$55
D4355	Full mouth debridement	\$30
D4381	Localized delivery of antimicrobial agent/ per tooth	\$40
D4910	Periodontal maintenance	\$35
D4920	Unscheduled dressing change/non-treating dentist	\$20

#### **PROSTHODONTICS – REMOVABLE**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D5110	Complete denture, maxillary	\$260
D5120	Complete denture, mandibular	\$260
D5130	Immediate denture, maxillary	\$240
D5140	Immediate denture, mandibular	\$240
D5211	Maxillary partial denture, resin base	\$240
D5212	Mandibular partial denture, resin base	\$240

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D5213	Maxillary partial denture, cast metal/resin base	\$260
D5214	Mandibular partial denture, cast metal/resin base	\$260
D5225	Maxillary partial denture, flexible base	\$325
D5226	Mandibular partial denture, flexible base	\$325
D5281	Removable unilateral partial denture, 1 pc. cast	\$225
D5410	Adjust complete denture, maxillary	\$10
D5411	Adjust complete denture, mandibular	\$10
D5421	Adjust partial denture, maxillary	\$10
D5422	Adjust partial denture, mandibular	\$10
D5510	Repair broken complete denture base	\$30
D5520	Replace missing/broken teeth, complete denture	\$30
D5610	Repair resin denture base	\$30
D5620	Repair cast framework	\$30
D5630	Repair or replace broken clasp	\$35
D5640	Replace broken teeth, per tooth	\$30
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture	\$30
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture	\$35
D5670	Replace all teeth & acrylic/cast metal frame, max.	\$80
D5671	Replace all teeth & acrylic/cast metal frame, mand.	\$80
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture	\$60
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture	\$60
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture	\$60
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture	\$60
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture, chairside	\$35

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture, chairside	\$35
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture, chairside	\$35
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture, chairside	\$35
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture, laboratory	\$60
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture, laboratory	\$60
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture, laboratory	\$60
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture, laboratory	\$60
D5810	Interim complete denture, maxillary	\$160
D5811	Interim complete denture, mandibular	\$160
D5820	Interim partial denture, maxillary	\$60
D5821	Interim partial denture, mandibular	\$60
D5850	Tissue conditioning, maxillary	\$20
D5851	Tissue conditioning, mandibular	\$20

## IMPLANT SERVICES

GUIDELINE: Implants and all services associated with implants are listed at the actual member copayment amount. No additional fee is allowable for porcelain, noble metal, high noble metal, or titanium for implants and procedures associated with implants.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D6010	Surgical placement of implant body, endosteal	\$2,000
D6056	Prefabricated abutment, includes placement	\$210
D6058	Abutment supported porcelain/ceramic crown	\$1,110
D6059	Abutment supported porcelain/high noble crown	\$1,096
D6060	Abutment supported porcelain/base metal crown	\$1,035

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D6061	Abutment supported porcelain/noble metal crown	\$1,056
D6062	Abutment supported cast metal crown, high noble	\$1,003
D6063	Abutment supported cast metal crown, base metal	\$861
D6064	Abutment supported cast metal crown, noble metal	\$912
D6094	Abutment supported crown, titanium	\$670
D6065	Implant supported porcelain/ceramic crown	\$1,040
D6066	Implant supported porcelain/metal crown	\$1,013
D6067	Implant supported metal crown	\$984
D6068	Abutment supported retainer, porcelain/ceramic FPD	\$1,110
D6069	Abutment supported retainer, metal FPD, high noble	\$1,096
D6070	Abut. support. retainer, porc./metal FPD, base metal	\$1,035
D6071	Abut. support. retainer, porc./metal FPD, noble	\$1,056
D6072	Abut. support. retainer, cast metal FPD, high noble	\$1,028
D6073	Abut. support. retainer, cast metal FPD, base metal	\$930
D6074	Abut. support. retainer, cast metal FPD, noble	\$1,005
D6194	Abut. supported retainer crown, FPD, titanium	\$670
D6075	Implant supported retainer for ceramic FPD	\$1,092
D6076	Implant supported retainer for porc./metal FPD	\$1,064
D6077	Implant supported retainer for cast metal FPD	\$984



Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D6092	Recement implant/abutment supported crown	\$45
D6093	Recement implant/abutment supported FPD	\$65

### PROSTHODONTICS - FIXED

\* GUIDELINES for Pontics and Abutment Inlays, Onlays and Crowns

The total maximum amount chargeable to the member for elective upgraded procedures (explained below) is \$250.00 per tooth. Providers are required to explain covered benefits as well as any elective differences in materials and fees prior to providing an elective upgraded procedure.

**1. Brand name restorations** (e.g. Sunrise, Captek, Vitadur-N, Hi-Ceram, Optec, HSP, In-Ceram, Empress, Cerec, AllCeram, Procera, Lava, etc.) may be considered elective upgraded procedures if their related CDT procedure codes are not listed as covered benefits.

**2. Benefits for anterior and bicuspid teeth:** Resin, porcelain and any resin to base metal or porcelain to base metal crowns are covered benefits for anterior and bicuspid teeth. Adding a porcelain margin may be considered an elective upgraded procedure.

**3. Benefits for molar teeth:** Cast base metal restorations are covered benefits for molar teeth. Resin-based composite and porcelain/ceramic crowns are not covered benefits on molar teeth. Any resin to metal or porcelain to metal crowns may be considered elective upgraded procedures. Adding a porcelain margin may be considered an elective upgraded procedure.

**4. Base metal is the benefit.** If elected, the member may be charged additional lab costs for a) noble metal, b) high noble metal, or c) titanium.

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D6205	Pontic, indirect resin based composite	\$225*
D6210	Pontic, cast high noble metal	\$225*
D6211	Pontic, cast predominantly base metal	\$225*
D6212	Pontic, cast noble metal	\$225*
D6214	Pontic, titanium	\$225*
D6240	Pontic, porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$225*
D6241	Pontic, porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$225*

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D6242	Pontic, porcelain fused to noble metal	\$225*
D6245	Pontic, porcelain/ceramic	\$225*
D6250	Pontic, resin with high noble metal	\$225*
D6251	Pontic, resin with predominantly base metal	\$225*
D6252	Pontic, resin with noble metal	\$225*
D6253	Provisional pontic	\$120
D6545	Retainer, cast metal for resin bonded fixed prosth.	\$150*
D6548	Retainer, proc./ceramic, resin bonded fixed prosth.	\$150*
D6600	Inlay, porcelain/ceramic, 2 surfaces	\$250*
D6601	Inlay, porcelain/ceramic, 3 or more surfaces	\$267*
D6602	Inlay, cast high noble metal, 2 surfaces	\$245*
D6603	Inlay, cast high noble metal, 3 or more surfaces	\$260*
D6604	Inlay, cast base metal, 2 surfaces	\$245
D6605	Inlay, cast base metal, 3 or more surfaces	\$260
D6606	Inlay, cast noble metal, 2 surfaces	\$245*
D6607	Inlay, cast noble metal, 3 or more surfaces	\$260*
D6624	Inlay, titanium	\$260*
D6608	Onlay, porcelain/ceramic, 2 surfaces	\$275*
D6609	Onlay, porcelain/ceramic, 3 or more surfaces	\$290*
D6610	Onlay, cast high noble metal, 2 surfaces	\$267*
D6611	Onlay, cast high noble metal, 3 or more surfaces	\$283*
D6612	Onlay, cast base metal, 2 surfaces	\$267
D6613	Onlay, cast base metal, 3 or more surfaces	\$283
D6614	Onlay, cast noble metal, 2 surfaces	\$267*
D6615	Onlay, cast noble metal 3 or more surfaces	\$283*
D6634	Onlay, titanium	\$283*

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D6710	Crown, indirect resin based composite	\$145*
D6720	Crown, resin with high noble metal	\$225*
D6721	Crown, resin with predominantly base metal	\$225*
D6722	Crown, resin with noble metal	\$225*
D6740	Crown, porcelain/ceramic	\$225*
D6750	Crown, porcelain fused to high noble metal	\$225*
D6751	Crown, porcelain fused to predominantly base metal	\$225*
D6752	Crown, porcelain fused to noble metal	\$225*
D6780	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ cast high noble metal	\$225*
D6781	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ cast predominantly base metal	\$225
D6782	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ cast noble metal	\$225*
D6783	Crown, $\frac{3}{4}$ porcelain/ceramic	\$225*
D6790	Crown, full cast high noble metal	\$225*
D6791	Crown, full cast predominantly base metal	\$225
D6792	Crown, full cast noble metal	\$225*
D6793	Provisional retainer crown	\$120
D6794	Crown, titanium	\$225*
D6930	Recement fixed partial denture	\$0
D6940	Stress breaker	\$162
D6970	Post & core in addition to FPD retainer, indirect	\$90*
D6972	Prefabricated post & core in add. to FPD retainer	\$80
D6973	Core buildup for retainer, including any pins	\$10
D6976	Each additional indirectly fabricated post/same tooth	\$40*
D6977	Each additional prefabricated post, same tooth	\$40
D6980	Fixed partial denture repair, by report	\$40

**ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D7111	Extraction, coronal remnants, deciduous tooth	\$0
D7140	Extraction, erupted tooth or exposed root	\$0
D7210	Surgical removal of erupted tooth	\$30
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth, soft tissue	\$30
D7230	Removal of impacted tooth, partially bony	\$65
D7240	Removal of impacted tooth, completely bony	\$85
D7241	Removal impacted tooth, complete bony, complication	\$85
D7250	Surgical removal residual tooth roots, cutting proc.	\$40
D7261	Primary closure of a sinus perforation	\$283
D7270	Tooth reimplantation/stabilization, accident	\$260
D7280	Surgical access of an unerupted tooth	\$138
D7282	Mobilization of erupted/malpositioned tooth	\$80
D7283	Placement, device to facilitate eruption, impaction	\$80
D7285	Biopsy of oral tissue, hard (bone, tooth)	\$0
D7286	Biopsy of oral tissue, soft	\$0
D7287	Exfoliative cytological sample collection	\$5
D7288	Brush biopsy, transepithelial sample collection	\$5
D7310	Alveoloplasty with extractions, 4+ teeth, quadrant	\$45
D7311	Alveoloplasty with extractions, 1-3 teeth, quadrant	\$45
D7320	Alveoloplasty, w/o extractions, 4+ teeth, quadrant	\$60

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>MEMBER COPAYMENT</b>
D7321	Alveoloplasty, w/o extractions, 1-3 teeth, quadrant	\$60
D7340	Vestibuloplasty, ridge extension (2nd epithelialization)	\$120
D7350	Vestibuloplasty, ridge extension	\$165
D7450	Removal, benign odontogenic cyst/tumor, up to 1.25	\$130
D7451	Removal, benign odontogenic cyst/tumor, over 1.25	\$265
D7460	Removal, benign nonodontogenic cyst/tumor, to 1.25	\$150
D7461	Removal, benign nonodontogenic cyst/tumor, 1.25+	\$200
D7471	Removal of lateral exostosis, maxilla or mandible	\$160
D7472	Removal of torus palatinus	\$120
D7473	Removal of torus mandibularis	\$120
D7485	Surgical reduction of osseous tuberosity	\$80
D7510	Incision & drainage of abscess, intraoral soft tissue	\$16
D7511	Incision/drainage, abscess, intraoral soft, complicated	\$25
D7520	Incision & drainage, abscess, extraoral soft tissue	\$16
D7521	Incision/drainage, abscess, extraoral soft, complicate	\$25
D7530	Remove foreign body, mucosa, skin, tissue	\$32
D7560	Maxillary sinusotomy, remove th. frag./foreign body	\$80
D7960	Frenulectomy (frenectomy or frenotomy), sep. proc.	\$0
D7963	Frenuloplasty	\$0
D7970	Excision of hyperplastic tissue, per arch	\$32

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D7971	Excision of pericoronal gingival	\$40

#### ADJUNCTIVE GENERAL SERVICES

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D9110	Palliative (emergency) treatment, minor procedure	\$0
D9120	Fixed partial denture sectioning	\$12
D9210	Local anesthesia not with operative/surgical proced.	\$0
D9211	Regional block anesthesia	\$0
D9212	Trigeminal division block anesthesia	\$0
D9215	Local anesthesia with operative/surgical procedure	\$0

**\*\* GUIDELINE:** Deep sedation/general anesthesia is a covered benefit only when in conjunction with covered oral surgery and pedodontic procedures when dispensed in a dental office by a practitioner acting within the scope of his/her licensure; and when warranted by documented conditions that local anesthetic is contraindicated. General anesthesia, as used for dental pain control, means the elimination of all sensations accompanied by a state of unconsciousness. Patient apprehension and/or nervousness are not of themselves sufficient justification for deep sedation/general anesthesia or intravenous conscious sedation/analgesia.

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D9220	Deep sedation/general anesthesia, 1 <sup>st</sup> 30 minutes	\$225**
D9221	Deep sedation/general anesthesia, each add. 15 min.	\$125**
D9230	Inhalation of nitrous oxide/analgesia, anxiolysis	\$40
D9241	Intravenous conscious sedation/analgesia, 1 <sup>st</sup> 30 min.	\$225**
D9242	IV conscious sedation/analgesia, each add. 15 min.	\$125**
D9248	Non-intravenous conscious sedation	\$100
D9310	Consultation, other than requesting dentist	\$50

Code	Description	MEMBER COPAYMENT
D9430	Office visit, observation, regular hrs., no other serv.	\$0
D9440	Office visit, after regularly scheduled hours	\$25
D9450	Case presentation, detailed & extensive treatment	\$0
D9630	Other drugs and/or medicaments, by report	\$15
D9910	Application of desensitizing medicament	\$10
D9911	Application of desensitizing resin, per tooth	\$15
D9930	Treatment of complications, post surgical, unusual	\$10
D9940	Occlusal guard, by report	\$160
D9942	Repair and/or reline of occlusal guard	\$40
D9950	Occlusion analysis, mounted case	\$0
D9951	Occlusal adjustment, limited	\$30
D9952	Occlusal adjustment, complete	\$60
D9971	Odontoplasty 1-2 teeth	\$10
	Broken appointment, less than 24 hour notice	\$25
	Office visit, per visit	\$6

The dental administrator will arrange for you to receive services from a contracted Dental Specialist if the necessary treatment is outside the scope of General Dentistry. Your General Dentist will initiate the referral process with the dental administrator. When you receive services from a Dental Specialist utilizing the proper referral process, the Member copayments listed in this copayment schedule will apply.

**Classification of Metals** (Source: ADA Council on Scientific Affairs)

The noble metal classification system has been adopted as a more precise method of reporting various alloys used in dentistry. The alloys are defined on the basis of the percentage of metal content:

**High Noble:** Gold (Au), Palladium (Pd), and/or Platinum (Pt) equal to or more than 60% (with at least 40% Gold (Au));

**Titanium and Titanium Alloys:** Titanium (Ti) more than 85%;

**Noble:** Gold (Au), Palladium (Pd), and/or Platinum (Pt) equal to or more than 25%;

**Predominantly Base:** Gold (Au), Palladium (Pd), and/or Platinum (Pt) less than 25%.

**Limitations & Exclusions**

**Limitations:**

1. Prophylaxis are covered twice per calendar year. Additional prophylaxis are available at the listed member copayment/coinsurance amount.
2. Full Mouth X-rays are limited to once every 36 consecutive months.
3. Fluoride treatments are covered twice per calendar year.
4. Crowns, Jackets, Inlays and Onlays are benefits on the same tooth only once every five years, and consistent with professionally recognized standards of dental practice.
5. Replacement of existing Full and Partial Dentures are covered once per arch every five years, except when they cannot be
6. made functional through reline or repairs.
7. Denture Relines are covered twice per calendar year, and only when consistent with professionally recognized standards of dental practice.
12. Home Health services.
13. General anesthesia, analgesia, intravenous/intramuscular sedation or the services of an anesthesiologist other than listed as Covered Benefit.
14. Treatment started before the member was eligible, or after the member was no longer eligible.
15. Procedures, appliances, or restorations to correct congenital, developmental or medically induced dental disorder, including but not limited to: myofunctional (e.g. speech therapy), myoskeletal, or temporomandibular joint dysfunctions (e.g. adjustments/corrections to the facial bones) unless otherwise covered as an orthodontic benefit.
16. Procedures which are determined not to be dentally necessary consistent with professionally recognized standards of dental practice.
17. Treatment of malignancies, cysts, or neoplasms.
18. Orthodontic treatment started prior to member's effective date of coverage.
19. Appliances needed to increase vertical dimension or restore occlusion.
20. Any services performed outside of your Primary Care Dentist's office, unless expressly authorized by the dental administrator, or unless as outlined and covered in "Emergency Dental Care" section.

#### **Exclusions:**

1. Any procedure not specifically listed as a Covered Benefit.
2. Replacement of lost or stolen prosthetics or appliances including crowns, bridges, partial dentures, full dentures, and orthodontic appliances.
3. Any treatment requested, or appliances made, which are either not necessary for maintaining or improving dental health, or are for cosmetic purposes unless otherwise covered as a benefit.
4. Procedures considered experimental, treatment involving implants or pharmacological regimens other than listed as Covered Benefit (see "Independent Medical Review" in the Evidence of Coverage and Disclosure Form).
5. Oral surgery requiring the setting of bone fractures or bone dislocations.
6. Hospitalization.
7. Outpatient services.
8. Ambulance services.
9. Durable Medical Equipment.
10. Mental Health services.
11. Chemical Dependency services.

## **Section 3. What services are not covered by the plan?**

### ***Section 3.1***

#### **Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)**

This section tells you what services are "excluded" from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is "excluded," it means that this plan doesn't cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.



If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal, to be a medical service that we should have paid for, or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing

a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Medical Benefits Chart, or in the chart below.

Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare	✓	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.  Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		✓  May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan.  (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Private room in a hospital.		✓  Covered only when medically necessary.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	✓	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	✓	
*Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care.	✓	
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.		✓  • Excludes instrumental activities of daily living (IADLs) such as heavy housework, shopping, and paying bills.

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	✓	
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<p>✓</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.</li> <li>• Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</li> </ul>
Non-routine dental care.		<p>✓</p> <p>Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.</p>
Orthopedic shoes		<p>✓</p> <p>If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.</p>
Supportive devices for the feet		<p>✓</p> <p>Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.</p>
Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids.		<p>✓</p> <p>Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery.</p>
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	✓	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	✓	
There are no benefits for professional services or materials connected with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Orthoptics or vision training and any associated supplemental testing;</li> </ul>	✓	

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Corneal Refractive Therapy (CRT);</li> <li>▪ Orthokeratology (a procedure using contact lenses to change the shape of the cornea in order to reduce myopia);</li> <li>▪ Refitting of contact lenses after the initial (90-day) fitting period;</li> <li>▪ Plano lenses (lenses with refractive correction of less than + .50 diopter);</li> <li>▪ Two pair of glasses in lieu of bifocals;</li> <li>▪ Replacement of lenses and frames furnished under this Plan which are lost or broken, except at the normal intervals when services are otherwise available;</li> <li>▪ Medical or surgical treatment of the eyes;</li> <li>▪ Corrective vision treatment of an Experimental Nature;</li> <li>▪ Low Vision services and materials;</li> <li>▪ Plano contact lenses to change eye color cosmetically;</li> <li>▪ Costs for services and/or materials exceeding Plan Benefit allowances;</li> <li>▪ Artistically-painted contact lenses;</li> <li>▪ Contact lens modification, polishing or cleaning;</li> <li>▪ Additional office visits associated with contact lens pathology;</li> <li>▪ Contact lens insurance policies or service agreements;</li> <li>▪ Services and/or materials not indicated as covered Plan Benefits.</li> <li>▪ Aniseikonic lenses.</li> </ul>		

<b>Services not covered by Medicare</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Corrective eyewear required by an employer as a condition of employment, and safety eyewear unless specifically covered under plan.</li> <li>▪ Services provided as a result of any Worker's Compensation law.</li> <li>▪ Discounts on frames where the manufacturer prohibits discounts.</li> <li>▪ Nonprescription lenses.</li> <li>▪ Missed or canceled appointments.</li> <li>▪ In excess of Maximum Allowable Amount.</li> <li>▪ Incurred prior to your Effective Date.</li> <li>▪ Incurred after the termination date of this coverage except as specified elsewhere in this Certificate.</li> <li>▪ For services or supplies primarily for educational, vocational, or training purposes, except as otherwise specified herein.</li> <li>▪ For sunglasses and accompanying frames.</li> <li>▪ For safety glasses and accompanying frames.</li> <li>▪ For services or supplies combined with any other offer, coupon or in-store advertisement.</li> </ul>		

\*Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.

# Chapter 5

Using the plan's coverage for your  
Part D prescription drugs

# Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

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## Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

The “Extra Help” program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

## Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this *Evidence of Coverage* about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the “*Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs*” (also known as the “*Low-Income Subsidy Rider*” or the “*LIS Rider*”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't receive this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “*LIS Rider*.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

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## Section 1. Introduction

### Section 1.1

#### This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs.** The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, *What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs.*)

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, the plan also covers some drugs under the plan's medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare Part A benefits, our plan generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, our plan covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*) tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. Our plan only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related

conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (*What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice*). For information on hospice coverage, see the hospice section of Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan's Part D benefit rules. Section 9, *Part D drug coverage in special situations* includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare.

### Section 1.2

#### Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.
- Your prescriber must either accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he or she is qualified to write prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask your prescribers the next time you call or visit, if they meet this condition. If not, please be aware it takes time for your prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.



- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, *Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service.*)
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (See Section 3, *Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List."*)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration, or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

## Section 2. Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

### Section 2.1

#### To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan's *Drug List*.

### Section 2.2

#### Finding network pharmacies

##### How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (<https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. If you switch from one network pharmacy to another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask either to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

##### What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or use the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>.

##### What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy. Our plan will cover home infusion therapy if:
  - Your prescription drug is on our plan's formulary, or a formulary exception has been granted for your prescription drug.
  - Your prescription drug is not otherwise covered under our plan's medical benefit.
  - Our plan has approved your prescription for home infusion therapy.

- Your prescription is written by an authorized prescriber.

Please refer to your *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* to find a home infusion pharmacy provider in your area. For more information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term-care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## Section 2.3

### Using the plan's mail-order services

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order services. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. The drugs available through our plan's mail-order service are marked as “**mail-order**” drugs in our *Drug List*.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order ***at least a 30-day supply of the drug and no more than a 90-day supply.***

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you use a mail-order pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription will not be covered.

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 7-10 days. If for some reason your mail-order prescription is delayed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Pharmacy processing time will average about two to six business days; however, you should allow additional time for postal service delivery. It is advisable for first-time users of the mail-order pharmacy to have at least a 30-day supply of medication on hand when a mail-order request is placed. If the prescription order has insufficient information, or, if we need to contact the prescribing physician, delivery could take longer.

It is advisable for first-time users of the mail-order pharmacy to ask the doctor for two signed prescriptions:

- One for an initial supply to be filled at their local retail participating pharmacy.
- The second for up to a three-month supply with refills to send to the mail-order pharmacy.

### **New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office:**

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by providing consent on your first new home delivery prescription, sent in by your physician.

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail-order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling the Customer Service phone number on your membership card.

If you have never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount and form) and, if necessary, allow you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by calling the Customer Service phone number on your membership card.

#### **Refills on mail order prescriptions:**

For refills, please contact your pharmacy 30 days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

So the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order before shipping, please make sure to let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you by calling the Customer Service phone number on your membership card.

## **Section 2.4**

### **How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?**

The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") of "maintenance" drugs on our plan's *Drug List*. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

- 1. Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- 2. For certain kinds of drugs**, you can use the plan's network **mail-order services**. The drugs available through our plan's mail-order service are marked as "**mail-order**" drugs in our *Drug List*. Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order *at least* a 30-day supply of the drug and *no more than* a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.

## **Section 2.5**

### **When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?**

#### **Your prescription may be covered in certain situations**

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy.

To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. If you cannot use a

network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- You are traveling within the United States and its territories and become ill, or lose or run out of your prescription drugs.
- The prescription is for a medical emergency or urgent care.
- You are unable to obtain a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because a network pharmacy that provides 24-hour service is not available within a 25-mile driving distance.
- You are filling a prescription for a covered drug that is not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail pharmacy (for example, an orphan drug or other specialty pharmaceutical).
- In case of a medical emergency or urgently needed care and an in-network pharmacy is not available. You will need to pay the full cost of the drug and submit documentation to receive reimbursement from the plan. The plan will not reimburse the difference between the out-of-network pharmacy charge and the plan's in-network allowable amount.

In these situations, **please check first with Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

### **How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?**

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

## **Section 3. Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"**

### ***Section 3.1***

### **The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered**

The plan has a "*List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*." In this *Evidence of Coverage*, we call it the "**Drug List**" for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's *Drug List*.

The drugs on the *Drug List* are only those covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this Chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs).

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's *Drug List* as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter, and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)
- -- or -- supported by certain reference books. (These reference books are: the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System and the USPDI or its successor and, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology or their successors.)

### **The Drug List includes both brand-name and generic drugs**

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand-name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand-name drug and

usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand-name drugs.

### **What is *not* on the *Drug List*?**

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the *Drug List*.

---

## **Section 3.2**

### **There are six “cost-sharing tiers” for drugs on the *Drug List***

Every drug on the plan's *Drug List* is in one of six cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Cost-Sharing Tier 1: includes preferred generic drugs. This is a cost-sharing tier with the lowest cost share.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 2: includes generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 3: brand and generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 4: brand and generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 5: includes specialty drugs. Drugs in this cost-sharing tier generally cost you more than drugs in other cost-sharing tiers.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 6: includes select care drugs. This is a cost-sharing tier with the lowest cost share.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's *Drug List*.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

---

## **Section 3.3**

### **How can you find out if a specific drug is on the *Drug List*?**

You have three ways to find out:

1. Check the most recent *Drug List* we provided electronically.
2. Visit the plan's website (<https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>). The *Drug List* on the website is always the most current.
3. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's *Drug List* or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

## **Section 4. There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs**

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## **Section 4.1**

### **Why do some drugs have restrictions?**

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and cost sharing.

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need

to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our *Drug List*. This is because different restrictions or cost sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

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## Section 4.2

### What kinds of restrictions?

Our plan uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

#### Restricting brand-name drugs when a generic version is available

Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand-name drug and usually costs less. **When a generic version of a brand-name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version.** We usually will not cover the brand-name drug when a generic version is available. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then, we will cover the brand-name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand-name drug than for the generic drug.)

#### Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called “**prior authorization.**” Sometimes the requirement for getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

### Quantity limits

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have, by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

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## Section 4.3

### Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?

The plan's *Drug List* includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the *Drug List*. For the most up-to-date information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or check our website (<https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>).

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

## Section 5. What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

### Section 5.1

#### There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered

We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions.

For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered, but the brand-name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their use. Or there might be limits on what amount of the drug (number of pills, etc.) is covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you may want us to waive the restriction for you.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be. The plan puts each covered drug into one of six different cost-sharing tiers. How much you pay for your prescription depends in part on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. Your options depend on what type of problem you have:

- If your drug is not on the *Drug List*, or, if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.

- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

### Section 5.2

#### What can you do if your drug is not on the *Drug List*, or, if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the *Drug List*, or is restricted, here are things you can do:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug (only members in certain situations can get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug, or to file a request to have the drug covered.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception, and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

#### You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the *Drug List*, or, when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:

#### 1. The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:

- The drug you have been taking is **no longer on the plan's *Drug List***.
- or -- the drug you have been taking is **now restricted in some way** (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).

#### 2. You must be in one of the situations described below:

- **For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year:** We will cover a temporary

supply of your drug **during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year.** This temporary supply will be for a maximum of a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of a 30-day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term-care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

- **For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term-care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:** We will cover one 31-day supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above long-term care temporary supply situation.

To ask for a temporary supply, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan, or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

### **You can change to another drug**

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### **You can ask for an exception**

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you

would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's *Drug List*. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

## **Section 5.3**

### **What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?**

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

#### **You can change to another drug**

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### **You can ask for an exception**

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by



Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Specialty tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in these tiers.

## Section 6. What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

### Section 6.1

#### The *Drug List* can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan might make changes to the *Drug List*.

For example, the plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the *Drug List*.** New drugs become available, including new generic drugs. Perhaps the government has given approval to a new use for an existing drug. Sometimes, a drug gets recalled, and we decide not to cover it. Or we might remove a drug from the list because it has been found to be ineffective.
- **Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.**
- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug** (for more information about restrictions to coverage, see Section 4 in this chapter).
- **Replace a brand-name drug with a generic drug.**

We must follow Medicare's requirements for we change the plan's *Drug List*.

### Section 6.2

#### What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

##### Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur during the year, we post information on our website about those changes. We will update our online Drug List on a regularly scheduled basis to include any changes that have occurred after the last update. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are then taking. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

##### Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?

Changes that can affect you this year: In the below cases, you will be affected by the coverage changes during the current year.

- **A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug).**
  - We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our Drug List if we are replacing it with a new generic drug that will appear on the same or lower cost sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. Also, when adding the new generic drug, we may decide to keep the brand name drug on our Drug List, but immediately move it to a different cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions.
  - We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug.
  - You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What

to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

- If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s) we made. This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.

■ **Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market**

- Once in a while, a drug may be suddenly withdrawn because it has been found to be unsafe or removed from the market for another reason. If this happens, we will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will let you know of this change right away.
- Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

Other changes to drugs on the Drug List.

■ **Other Changes to drugs on the Drug List**

- We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For instance, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare. We must give you at least 30 days' notice or give you a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
- During this 30-day period, you should be working with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover.
- Or you or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have*

*a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).*

**Changes to drugs on the Drug List that will not affect people currently taking the drug:** For changes to the Drug List that are not described above, if you are currently taking the drug the following types of changes will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

- If we move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier
- If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug
- If we remove your drug from the Drug List

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (but not because of a market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. You will not get direct notice this year about changes that do not affect you. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you, and it is important to check the new year's Drug List for any changes to drugs.

## Section 7. What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?

### *Section 7.1*

#### **Types of drugs we do not cover**

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are "excluded." This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section. The only exception: If the requested drug is found, upon appeal, to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D, and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific

situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.5 in this booklet.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. "Off-label use" is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
  - Generally, coverage for "off-label use" is allowed only when the use is supported by certain reference books. These reference books are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, the DRUGDEX Information System, for cancer, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology, or their successors. If the use is not supported by any of these reference books, then our plan cannot cover its "off-label use."

Also, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

- Nonprescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs when used to promote fertility
- Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring

services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

**If you receive "Extra Help" paying for your drugs,** your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

## Section 8. Show your plan membership card when you fill a prescription

### *Section 8.1*

#### **Show your membership card**

To fill your prescription, show your plan membership card at the network pharmacy you choose.

When you show your plan membership card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of your covered prescription drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

### *Section 8.2*

#### **What if you don't have your membership card with you?**

If you don't have your plan membership card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

## Section 9. Part D drug coverage in special situations

### Section 9.1

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#### What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

**Please note:** When you enter, live in or leave a skilled nursing facility, you are entitled to a Special Enrollment Period. During this time period, you can switch plans or change your coverage. (Chapter 10, *Ending your membership in the plan*, tells when you can leave our plan and join a different Medicare plan.)

### Section 9.2

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#### What if you're a resident in a long-term-care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term-care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term-care (LTC) facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term-care (LTC) facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or, if you need more information, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### What if you're a resident in a long-term-care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?

If you need a drug that is not on our *Drug List* or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a **temporary supply** of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for a maximum of 31 days, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. (Please note that the long-term-care (LTC) pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our *Drug List*, or, if the plan has any restriction on the drug's coverage, we will cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do.

### Section 9.3

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#### What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be

*secondary* to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

### **Special note about 'creditable coverage':**

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is “creditable” and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is “creditable,” it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

**Keep these notices about creditable coverage,** because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator, or the employer, or union.

## ***Section 9.4***

### **What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?**

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an antinausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification, from either the prescriber or your hospice provider, that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover

all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

## **Section 10. Programs on drug safety and managing medications**

### ***Section 10.1***

### **Programs to help members use drugs safely**

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis.

During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors.
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition.
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender.
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time.
- Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to.
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking.

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

receiving hospice care or live in a long-term care facility.

## ***Section 10.2***

### **Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications**

We have a program that can help make sure our members safely use their prescription opioid medications, or other medications that are frequently abused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide you are at risk for misusing or abusing your opioid or benzodiazepine medications, we may limit how you can get those medications. The limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from one pharmacy
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from one doctor
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we decide that one or more of these limitations should apply to you, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will have information explaining the terms of the limitations we think should apply to you. You will also have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our determination that you are at-risk for prescription drug abuse or the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to ask us for an appeal. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

The DMP may not apply to you if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer, or you are

## ***Section 10.3***

### **Medication Therapy Management (MTM) programs to help members manage their medications**

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs. For example, some members have several medical conditions, take different drugs at the same time, and have high drug costs.

These programs are voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the programs for us. The programs can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. Some members who take medications for different medical conditions may be able to get services through an MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them.

It's a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly "wellness" visit so you can talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with

your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please

notify us, and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

# Chapter 6

What you pay for your Part D  
prescription drugs



# Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

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## Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

The “Extra Help” program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

## Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this *Evidence of Coverage* about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the “*Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs*” (also known as the “*Low-Income Subsidy Rider*” or the “*LIS Rider*”), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don’t receive this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the “*LIS Rider*.” (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

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## Section 1. Introduction

### Section 1.1

#### Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use “drug” in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs.

Here are materials that explain these basics:

- **The plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*:**  
To keep things simple, we call this the “*Drug List*.”
  - This *Drug List* tells which drugs are covered for you.
  - It also tells which of the six “cost-sharing tiers” the drug is in, and whether there are any restrictions on your coverage for the drug.
  - If you need a copy of the *Drug List*, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also

find the *Drug List* on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>. The *Drug List* on the website is always the most current.

- **Chapter 5 of this booklet:** Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.
- **The plan's *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*:** In most situations, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The *Provider/Pharmacy Directory* has a list of pharmacies in the plan’s network. It also tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month's supply).

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### Section 1.2

#### Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. The amount that you pay for a drug is called

“cost sharing,” and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- The “**deductible**” is the amount you must pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- “**Copayment**” means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- “**Coinsurance**” means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

## Section 2. What you pay for a drug depends on which “drug payment stage” you are in when you get the drug

### *Section 2.1*

#### What are the drug payment stages for Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) members?

As shown in the table below, there are “drug payment stages” for your prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in, at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled.

Stage 1 Yearly deductible stage	Stage 2 Initial coverage stage	Stage 3 Coverage gap stage	Stage 4 Catastrophic coverage stage
Because there is no deductible for the plan, this payment stage does not apply to you.	You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your drugs, and <b>you pay your share of the cost.</b> You stay in this stage until your year-to-date “ <b>total drug costs</b> ” (your payments, plus any Part D plan’s payments) total \$3,820.  (Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)	During the coverage gap stage, for drugs in Tier 1, you pay \$0.00, for drugs in Tier 2, you pay \$7.50 and for drugs in Tier 6, you pay \$0.00. For brand-name drugs in Tiers 3, 4 and 5, you pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee. You pay no more than 37% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (63%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay	During this stage, <b>the plan will pay most of the cost</b> of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2019).  (Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)

Stage 1 Yearly deductible stage	Stage 2 Initial coverage stage	Stage 3 Coverage gap stage	Stage 4 Catastrophic coverage stage
		counts and moves you through the coverage gap. You stay in this stage until your year-to-date <b>“out-of-pocket costs”</b> (your payments) reach a total of \$5,100. This amount and rules for counting costs toward this amount have been set by Medicare.  (Details are in Section 6 of this chapter.)	

\*The amount you pay will depend on if you qualify for low-income subsidy (LIS), also known as Medicare’s “Extra Help” program. For more information about the “Extra Help” program, please see Chapter 2, Section 7.

## Section 3. We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

### *Section 3.1*

#### **We send you a monthly report called the “Part D Explanation of Benefits” (the “Part D EOB”)**

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next.

In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **“out-of-pocket”** cost.
- We keep track of your **“total drug costs.”** This is the amount you pay out of pocket or others pay on your behalf, plus the amount paid by the plan.

Our plan will prepare a written report called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (it is sometimes called the “*Part D EOB*”) when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month.

It includes:

- **Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid and what you, and others on your behalf, paid.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This is called “year-to-date” information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.

## Section 3.2

### Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies.

Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card when you get a prescription filled.** To make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying, show your plan membership card every time you get a prescription filled.

- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for prescription drugs when we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, you may give us copies of receipts for drugs that you have purchased. (If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2 of this booklet.) Here are some types of situations when you may want to give us copies of your drug receipts to be sure we have a complete record of what you have spent for your drugs:

- When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.
- When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
- Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.

- **Send us information about the payments others have made for you.** Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count

toward your out-of-pocket costs and help qualify you for catastrophic coverage. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. You should keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.

- **Check the written report we send you.** When you receive a *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (a "*Part D EOB*") in the mail, please look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Be sure to keep these reports. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

## Section 4. There is no deductible for our plan

### Section 4.1

#### You do not pay a deductible for your Part D drugs

There is no deductible for our plan. You begin in the initial coverage stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. See Section 5 for information about your coverage in the initial coverage stage.

## Section 5. During the initial coverage stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs, and you pay your share

### Section 5.1

#### What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the initial coverage stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

#### The plan has six cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's *Drug List* is in one of six cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Cost-Sharing Tier 1: includes preferred generic drugs. This is a cost-sharing tier with the lowest cost share.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 2: includes generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 3: brand and generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 4: brand and generic drugs.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 5: includes specialty drugs. Drugs in this cost-sharing tier generally cost you more than drugs in other cost-sharing tiers.
- Cost-Sharing Tier 6: includes select care drugs. This is a cost-sharing tier with the lowest cost share.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's *Drug List*.

#### Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A retail pharmacy that is in our plan's network
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan's *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*.

### Section 5.2

#### A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug

During the initial coverage stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

- **"Copayment"** means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- **"Coinsurance"** means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

- If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay *either* the full price of the drug *or* the copayment amount, *whichever is lower*.
- We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.

<b>Your share of the cost when you get a <i>one-month</i> supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:</b>			
<b>Tier</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)** (up to a 30-day supply)</b>	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)</b>	<b>Mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply)</b>
<b>Tier 1: Preferred Generic</b>	\$0.00*	\$0.00*	Mail order is not available for drugs in Tier 1.
<b>Tier 2: Generic</b>	\$7.50*	\$7.50*	Mail order is not available for drugs in Tier 2.
<b>Tier 3: Preferred Brand</b>	\$37.50*	\$37.50*	Mail order is not available for drugs in Tier 3.
<b>Tier 4: Nonpreferred Drugs</b>	\$85.00*	\$85.00*	Mail order is not available for drugs in Tier 4.
<b>Tier 5: Specialty Tier</b>	33%*	33%*	33%*
<b>Tier 6: Select Care Drugs</b>	\$0.00*	\$0.00*	Mail order is not available for drugs in Tier 6.

\* The amount you pay will depend on if you qualify for low-income subsidy (LIS), also known as Medicare’s “Extra Help” program. For more information about the “Extra Help” program, please see Chapter 2, Section 7.

\*\*In addition to your copayment at an out-of-network pharmacy, you pay the difference between the actual charge and what we would have paid at a network pharmacy. So, amounts you pay may vary at out-of-network pharmacies.

### ***Section 5.3***

## **If your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month’s supply**

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month’s supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month’s supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month’s supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply, you will not have to pay for the full month’s supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month’s supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a *percentage* of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month’s supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month’s supply, the *amount* you pay will be less.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the “daily cost-sharing rate”) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.
  - Here’s an example: Let’s say the copay for your drug for a full month’s supply (a 30-day supply) is \$30. This means that the amount you pay



per day for your drug is \$1. If you receive a seven days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by seven days, for a total payment of \$7.

Daily cost sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days' supply you receive.

## Section 5.4

### A table that shows your costs for a long-term 90-day supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription.

A long-term supply is a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term 90-day supply of a drug.

- Please note: If your covered drug costs are less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay *either* the full price of the drug or the copayment amount, *whichever is lower*.

Your share of the cost when you get a long-term supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:		
Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 90-day supply)	Mail order cost sharing (up to a 90-day supply)
Tier 1: Preferred Generic	\$0.00*	\$0.00*
Tier 2: Generic	\$22.50*	\$15.00*
Tier 3: Preferred Brand	\$112.50*	\$75.00*
Tier 4: Nonpreferred Drugs	\$255.00*	\$170.00*
Tier 5: Specialty Tier	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in the Specialty Tier.	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in the Specialty Tier.
Tier 6: Select Care Drugs	\$0.00*	\$0.00*

\* The amount you pay will depend on if you qualify for low-income subsidy (LIS), also known as Medicare's "Extra Help" program. For more information about the "Extra Help" program, please see Chapter 2, Section 7.

### **Section 5.5**

## **You stay in the initial coverage stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$3,820**

You stay in the initial coverage stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the **\$3,820 limit for the initial coverage stage**.

Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

- **What you have paid** for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. This includes:
  - The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the initial coverage stage.
- **What the plan has paid** as its share of the cost for your drugs during the initial coverage stage. (If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2019, the amount that plan paid during the initial coverage stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB)* that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf during the year. Many people do not reach the \$3,820 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this \$3,820 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the initial coverage stage and move on to the coverage gap stage.

## **Section 6. During the coverage gap stage, the plan provides some drug coverage**

### **Section 6.1**

## **You stay in the coverage gap stage until your out-of-pocket costs reach \$5,100**

During the coverage gap stage, for drugs in Tier 1, you pay \$0.00, for drugs in Tier 2, you pay \$7.50 and for drugs in Tier 6, you pay \$0.00. For brand-name drugs in Tiers 3, 4 and 5, you pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee. You pay no more than 37% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (63%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and moves you through the coverage gap.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. You pay no more than 37% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (63%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying the discounted price for brand-name drugs and no more than 37% of the costs of generic drugs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. In 2019, that amount is \$5,100.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count as your out-of-pocket costs. When you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$5,100, you leave the coverage gap stage and move on to the catastrophic coverage stage.

## Section 6.2

### How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

#### These payments *are included* in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, ***you can include*** the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs, and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
  - The initial coverage stage
  - The coverage gap stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

#### It matters who pays

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations**. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.

- Some of the payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand-name drugs is included. But the amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

#### Moving on to the catastrophic coverage stage

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$5,100 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the coverage gap stage to the catastrophic coverage stage.

#### These payments *are not included* in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are ***not allowed to include*** any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:

- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.
- Non-Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the coverage gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs, such as TRICARE and the Veterans Affairs.
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, workers' compensation).

*Reminder:* If any other organization, such as the ones listed above, pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan.

Call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- **We will help you.** The *Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB)* report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of \$5,100 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the coverage gap stage and have moved on to the catastrophic coverage stage.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

## Section 7. During the catastrophic coverage stage, the plan pays most of the cost for your drugs

### *Section 7.1*

### Once you are in the catastrophic coverage stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year

You qualify for the catastrophic coverage stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$5,100 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the catastrophic coverage stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost for your drugs.

- **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug in Tier 1 will be a **\$0.00 copayment**.

- **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug in Tier 2 will be the **greater of \$3.40 copayment or 5% coinsurance**.
- **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug in Tier 3 will be the **greater of \$8.50 copayment or 5% coinsurance**.
- **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug in Tier 4 will be the **greater of \$8.50 copayment or 5% coinsurance**.
- **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug in Tier 5 will be the **greater of \$8.50 copayment or 5% coinsurance**.
- **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug in Tier 6 will be a **\$0.00 copayment**.

We will pay the rest.

## Section 8. What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them

### *Section 8.1*

### Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine

Our plan provides coverage for a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine medication itself**. The vaccine is a prescription medication.

- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine.** (This is sometimes called the “administration” of the vaccine.)

## What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?

What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:

**1. The type of vaccine** (what you are being vaccinated for).

- Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going to Chapter 4, *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.
- Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.

**2. Where you get the vaccine medication.**

**3. Who gives you the vaccine.**

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances.

For example:

- Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Other times when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.

To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine. Remember you are responsible for all of the costs associated with vaccines (including their administration) during the coverage gap stage of your benefit.

*Situation 1:* You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy, and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment for the vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

*Situation 2:* You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration.
- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7 of this booklet (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).
- You will be reimbursed the amount you paid, less your normal copayment for the vaccine (including administration), less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get “Extra Help,” we will reimburse you for this difference.)

*Situation 3:* You buy the Part D vaccine at your pharmacy and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7 of this booklet.
- You will be reimbursed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine, less any difference between the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get “Extra Help,” we will reimburse you for this difference.)

*Note:* When you get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office (see Situation 2 above), you **do not** have to pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration yourself. You have the option of having your provider bill the vendor directly for the cost of the vaccine and its administration. Please talk to your

provider about these payment options prior to services being rendered to select the best option for you.

first, at Customer Service, whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

## ***Section 8.2***

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### **You may want to call us at Customer Service before you get a vaccination**

The rules for coverage of vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that you call us

- We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our network.
- If you are not able to use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to do to get payment from us for our share of the cost.

## Chapter 7

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

# Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

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## Section 1. Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

### *Section 1.1*

#### **If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or, if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment**

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan.

In either case, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called “reimbursing” you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you’ve paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

#### **1. When you’ve received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan’s network**

You can receive emergency services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. When you receive emergency or urgently needed services from a provider who is not part of our

network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### **2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay**

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made, and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

#### **3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan**

Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan, and you paid out of pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### **4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled**

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your membership card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.)

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### **5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you**

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information.

However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### **6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations**

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*; or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know

about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has information about how to make an appeal.

## **Section 2. How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received**

### ***Section 2.1***

#### **How and where to send us your request for payment**

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts, to us at this address:

Anthem Blue Cross  
Attention Customer Service  
Cerritos, CA90703-9329

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills, and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

## Section 3. We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

### Section 3.1

#### We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered, and you followed all the rules for getting the care or drug, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

### Section 3.2

#### If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If

you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 9. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal."

Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service, go to Section 5.3 in Chapter 9.
- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 6.5 of Chapter 9.

## Section 4. Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us

### Section 4.1

#### In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us track your out-of-pocket drug costs

There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the catastrophic coverage stage more quickly.

Here are two situations when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

### 1. When you buy the drug for a price that is lower than our price:

Sometimes when you are in the coverage gap stage, you can buy your drug **at a network pharmacy** for a price that is lower than our price.

- For example, a pharmacy might offer a special price on the drug. Or you may have a discount card that is outside our benefit that offers a lower price.
- Unless special conditions apply, you must use a network pharmacy in these situations and your drug must be on our *Drug List*.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the catastrophic coverage stage.
- **Please note:** If you are in the coverage gap stage, we may not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly, and may help you qualify for the catastrophic coverage stage more quickly.

### 2. When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer:

Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the catastrophic coverage stage.
- **Please note:** Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly, and may help you qualify for the catastrophic coverage stage more quickly.

Since you are not asking for payment in the two cases described above, these situations are not considered coverage decisions. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

# Chapter 8

## Your rights and responsibilities

## Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities

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## **Section 1. Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan**

### ***Section 1.1***

#### **We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)**

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Our plan has people and free interpreter services available to answer questions from disabled and non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or contact our Civil Rights Coordinator.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call us at 1-800-499-2793 (TTY: 711) or by writing us at: Civil Rights Coordinator, 4361 Irwin-Simpson Rd, Mailstop: OH0205-A537; Mason, Ohio 45040. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights. Contact information is included in this *Evidence of Coverage* or with this mailing, or you may contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) for additional information.

#### **Debemos brindarle información de manera que le sea útil (en idiomas distintos del inglés, en Braille, en letra grande u otros formatos alternativos, etc.)**

Para que le brindemos información de un modo adecuado para usted, comuníquese con el Servicio de Atención al Cliente (los números de teléfono aparecen en el dorso de este folleto).

Nuestro plan cuenta con personal y servicios de interpretación gratuitos, disponibles para responder las preguntas de los miembros discapacitados y que no hablen inglés. También podemos brindarle información en Braille, letra grande u otros formatos alternativos, sin costo alguno, si lo requiere. Tenemos la obligación de proporcionarle información sobre los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y adecuado para usted. Para que le brindemos información de un modo adecuado para usted, comuníquese con el Servicio de Atención al Cliente (los números de teléfono aparecen en el dorso de este folleto) o comuníquese con nuestra Coordinadora de Derechos Civiles (Civil Rights Coordinator).

Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, por favor llame para presentar una queja formal con nosotros en 1-800-499-2793 (TTY: 711) o escríbanos: Civil Rights Coordinator, 4361 Irwin-Simpson Rd, Mailstop: OH0205-A537; Mason, Ohio 45040. También puede presentar un reclamo ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente con la Oficina de Derechos Civiles (Office for Civil Rights). La información de contacto está incluida en esta Evidencia de Cobertura o con este envío, o puede comunicarse con el Servicio de Atención al Cliente (los números de teléfono aparecen en el dorso de este folleto) para obtener información adicional.

### ***Section 1.2***

## **We must treat you with fairness and respect at all times**

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. **We do not discriminate** based on a person's race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697), or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

### ***Section 1.3***

## **We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs**

As a member of our plan, you have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. Call Customer Service to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral. (Chapter 3 explains more about this).

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of*

*time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs, and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

### ***Section 1.4***

## **We must protect the privacy of your personal health information**

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan, as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practices," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

## **How do we protect the privacy of your health information?**

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you first*. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.



- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information, including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

## **You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others**

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Below is the Notice of Privacy Practices as of May, 2018. This Notice can change so to make sure you're viewing the most recent version, you can request the current version from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or view it on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>.

## **Notices of privacy practices**

Protecting your personal health information is important. Each year, we're required to send you specific information about your rights and some of our duties to help keep your information safe. This notice combines three of these required yearly communications:

- State notice of privacy practices
- HIPAA notice of privacy practices
- Breast reconstruction surgery benefits

## **State notice of privacy practices**

When it comes to handling your health information, we follow state laws, which are sometimes stricter than the federal HIPAA privacy law. This notice:

- Explains your rights and our duties under state law.
- Applies to health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits you may have.

Your state may give you additional rights to limit sharing your health information. Please call the Customer Service phone number on your ID card for more details.

## **Your personal information**

Your nonpublic (private) personal information (PI) identifies you and it's often gathered in an insurance matter. You have the right to see and correct your PI. We may collect, use and share your PI as described in this notice. Our goal is to protect your PI because your information can be used to make judgments about your health, finances, character, habits, hobbies, reputation, career and credit.

We may get your PI from others, such as doctors, hospitals or other insurance companies. We may also share your PI with others outside our company without your approval, in some cases. But we take reasonable measures to protect your information. If an activity requires us to give you a chance to opt out, we'll let you know. We'll also tell you how you can

let us know you don't want your PHI used or shared for an activity you can opt out of.

## HIPAA notice of privacy practices

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW HEALTH, VISION AND DENTAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO YOUR HEALTH BENEFITS. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

We keep the health and financial information of our current and former members private as required by law, accreditation standards and our own rules. We're also required by federal law to give you this notice to explain your rights and our legal duties and privacy practices.

### Your protected health information

There are times we may collect, use and share your Protected Health Information (PHI) as allowed or required by law, including the HIPAA Privacy rule. Here are some of those times:

**Payment:** We collect, use and share PHI to take care of your account and benefits, or to pay claims for health care you get through your plan.

**Health care operations:** We collect, use and share PHI for your health care operations.

**Treatment activities:** We don't provide treatment, but we collect, use and share information about your treatment to offer services that may help you, including sharing information with others providing you treatment.

Examples of ways we use your information:

- We keep information on file about your premium and deductible payments.
- We may give information to a doctor's office to confirm your benefits.
- We may share explanation of benefits (EOB) with the subscriber of your plan for payment purposes.

- We may share PHI with your doctor or hospital so that they may treat you.
- We may use PHI to review the quality of care and services you get.
- We may use PHI to help you with services for conditions like asthma, diabetes or traumatic injury.
- We may use publicly and/or commercially available data about you so you can get available health plan benefits and services.
- We may use your PHI to create, use or share de-identified data as allowed by HIPAA.
- We may also use and share PHI directly or indirectly with health information exchanges for payment, health care operations and treatment. If you don't want your PHI to be shared in these situations, visit [anthem.com/health-insurance/about-us/](https://anthem.com/health-insurance/about-us/privacy) privacy for more information.

**Sharing your PHI with you:** We must give you access to your own PHI. We may also contact you about treatment options or other health-related benefits and services. When you or your dependents reach a certain age, we may tell you about other plans or programs for which you may be eligible, including individual coverage. We may also send you reminders about routine medical checkups and tests.

You may get emails that have limited PHI, such as welcome materials. We'll ask your permission before we email you.

**Sharing your PHI with others:** In most cases, if we use or share your PHI outside of treatment, payment, operations or research activities, we have to get your okay in writing first. We must also get your written permission before:

- Using your PHI for certain marketing activities.
- Selling your PHI.
- Sharing any psychotherapy notes from your doctor or therapist.

We may also need your written permission for other situations not mentioned above. You always have the right to cancel any written permission you have given at any time.

You have the right and choice to tell us to:

- Share information with your family, close friends or others involved with your current treatment or payment for your care.
- Share information in an emergency or disaster relief situation.

If you can't tell us your preference, for example in an emergency or if you're unconscious, we may share your PHI if we believe it's in your best interest. We may also share your information when needed to lessen a serious and likely threat to your health or safety.

**Other reasons we may use or share your information:**

We are allowed, and in some cases required, to share your information in other ways — usually for the good of the public, such as public health and research. We can share your information for these specific purposes:

- Helping with public health and safety issues, such as:
  - Preventing disease
  - Helping with product recalls
  - Reporting adverse reactions to medicines
  - Reporting suspected abuse neglect, or domestic violence
  - Preventing or reducing a serious threat to anyone's health or safety
- Doing health research.
- Obeying the law, if it requires sharing your information.
- Responding to organ donation groups for research and certain reasons.
- Addressing workers' compensation, law enforcement and other government requests, and to alert proper authorities if we believe you may be a victim of abuse or other crimes.
- Responding to lawsuits and legal actions.

If you're enrolled with us through an employer, we may share your PHI with your group health plan. If the employer pays your premium or part of it, but

doesn't pay your health insurance claims, your employer can only have your PHI for permitted reasons and is required by law to protect it.

**Authorization:** We'll get your written permission before we use or share your PHI for any purpose not stated in this notice. You may cancel your permission at any time, in writing. We will then stop using your PHI for that purpose. But if we've already used or shared your PHI with your permission, we cannot undo any actions we took before you told us to stop.

**Genetic information:** We cannot use your genetic information to decide whether we'll give you coverage or decide the price of that coverage.

**Race, ethnicity and language:** We may receive race, ethnicity and language information about you and protect this information as described in this notice. We may use this information to help you, including identifying your specific needs, developing programs and educational materials and offering interpretation services. We don't use race, ethnicity and language information to decide whether we'll give you coverage, what kind of coverage and the price of that coverage. We don't share this information with unauthorized persons.

**Your rights**

Under Federal law, you have the right to:

- Send us a written request to see or get a copy of your PHI, including a request for a copy of your PHI through email. Remember, there's a risk your PHI could be read by a third party when it's sent unencrypted, meaning regular email. So we will first confirm that you want to get your PHI by unencrypted email before sending it to you.
- Ask that we correct your PHI that you believe is wrong or incomplete. If someone else, such as your doctor, gave us the PHI, we'll let you know so you can ask him or her to correct it.
- Send us a written request not to use your PHI for treatment, payment or health care operations activities. We may say "no" to your request, but we'll tell you why in writing.

- Request confidential communications. You can ask us to send your PHI or contact you using other ways that are reasonable. Also, let us know if you want us to send your mail to a different address if sending it to your home could put you in danger.
- Send us a written request to ask us for a list of those with whom we've shared your PHI.
- Ask for a restriction for services you pay for out of your own pocket: If you pay in full for any medical services out of your own pocket, you have the right to ask for a restriction. The restriction would prevent the use or sharing of that PHI for treatment, payment or operations reasons. If you or your provider submits a claim to us, we may not agree to a restriction (see "Your rights" above). If a law requires sharing your information, we don't have to agree to your restriction.
- Call Customer Service at the phone number on your ID card to use any of these rights. A representative can give you the address to send the request. They can also give you any forms we have that may help you with this process.

## How we protect information

We are dedicated to protecting your PHI, and we've set up a number of policies and practices to help keep your PHI secure and private. If we believe your PHI has been breached, we must let you know.

We keep your oral, written and electronic PHI safe using physical, electronic and procedural means. These safeguards follow Federal and state laws. Some of the ways we keep your PHI safe include securing offices that hold PHI, password-protecting computers and locking storage areas and filing cabinets. We require our employees to protect PHI through written policies and procedures. These policies limit access to PHI to only those employees who need the data to do their job. Employees are also required to wear ID badges to help keep people who do not belong out of areas where sensitive data is kept. Also, where required by law, our affiliates and nonaffiliates must protect the privacy of data we share in the normal course of business. They are not allowed to give PHI to others

without your written OK, except as allowed by law and outlined in this notice.

## Potential impact of other applicable laws

HIPAA (the Federal privacy law) generally doesn't cancel other laws that give people greater privacy protections. As a result, if any state or federal privacy law requires us to give you more privacy protections, then we must follow that law in addition to HIPAA.

## Calling or texting you

We, including our affiliates and/or vendors, may call or text you by you using an automated telephone dialing system and/or a prerecorded voice. But we only do this in accordance with the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA). The calls may be about treatment options or other health-related benefits and services for you. If you don't want to be contacted by phone, just let the caller know or call 1-844-203-3796 to add your phone number to our Do Not Call list. We will then no longer call or text you.

## Complaints

If you think we have not protected your privacy, you can file a complaint with us at the Customer Service phone number on your ID Card. You may also file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights by visiting [hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/](https://hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/). We will not take action against you for filing a complaint.

## Contact information

You may call us at the Customer Service phone number on your ID card. Our representatives can help you apply your rights, file a complaint or talk with you about privacy issues.

## Copies and changes

You have the right to get a new copy of this notice at any time.

Even if you have agreed to get this notice by electronic means, you still have the right to ask for a paper copy.

We reserve the right to change this notice. A revised notice will apply to PHI we already have about you, as well as any PHI we may get in the future. We're required by law to follow the privacy notice that's in effect at this time. We may tell you about any changes to our notice through a newsletter, our website or a letter.

## Effective date of this notice

The original effective date of this notice was April 14, 2003. The most recent revision date of this Notice is May, 2018.

## Breast reconstruction surgery benefits

A mastectomy that's covered by your health plan includes benefits that comply with the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, which provides for:

- Reconstruction of the breast(s) that underwent a covered mastectomy.
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to restore a symmetrical appearance.
- Prostheses and coverage for physical complications related to all stages of a covered mastectomy, including lymphedema.

You'll pay your usual deductible, copay and/or coinsurance. For details, contact your plan administrator.

For more information about the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act, go to the United States Department of Labor website at <http://www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa/laws-and-regulations/laws/whcra>.

## Section 1.5

## We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers and your covered services

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained

above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English, in Braille, large print, or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.
- **Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.**
  - For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network, and how we pay the providers in our network.
  - For a list of the providers in the plan's network, see the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*.
  - For a list of the pharmacies in the plan's network, see the *Provider/Pharmacy Directory*.
  - For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>.
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**
  - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
  - To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet, plus the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. These chapters, together with the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, tell you what drugs are covered, and explain the rules you

must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.

- If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**
  - If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or, if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.
  - If you are not happy, or, if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times and other concerns.)
  - If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

## ***Section 1.6***

### **We must support your right to make decisions about your care**

#### **You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care**

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.
- **To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care.** You have the right to receive

an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

### **You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself**

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation.

This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called “**advance directives**.” There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called “**living will**” and “**power of attorney for health care**” are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an “advance directive” to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service to ask for the forms (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal

document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.

- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

### **What if your instructions are not followed?**

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the California Department of Health Care Services.

## **Section 1.7**

### **You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made**

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints.

What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to

ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly.**

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

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### ***Section 1.8***

## **What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?**

### **If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

### **Is it about something else?**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.

- Or, you can **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

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### ***Section 1.9***

## **How to get more information about your rights**

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can **contact Medicare**.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication “Your Medicare Rights & Protections.” (The publication is available at: <https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534.pdf>.)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

## **Section 2. You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan**

---

### ***Section 2.1***

## **What are your responsibilities?**

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this *Evidence of Coverage* booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.



- Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
- Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Please call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
  - We are required to follow rules set by Medicare to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from our plan. This is called “**coordination of benefits**” because it involves coordinating the health and drug benefits you get from our plan with any other health and drug benefits available to you. We’ll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 10.)
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems, and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question, and you don't understand the answer you are given, ask again.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For that reason, some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part A, and most plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
  - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your medical services. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
  - If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
    - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
  - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
  - **If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.** (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our

## Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities

service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.

- **If you move *within* our service area, we still need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact

information for these organizations in Chapter 2.

- **Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns.** We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
  - Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
  - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

## Chapter 9

What to do if you have a problem  
or complaint (coverage decisions,  
appeals, complaints)

# Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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## Background

### Section 1. Introduction

#### *Section 1.1*

#### **What to do if you have a problem or concern**

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

#### *Section 1.2*

#### **What about the legal terms?**

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says “making a complaint” rather than “filing a grievance,” “coverage decision” rather than “organization determination” or “coverage determination” or “at-risk determination,” and “Independent Review Organization” instead of “Independent Review Entity.” It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

### Section 2. You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

#### *Section 2.1*

#### **Where to get more information and personalized assistance**

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

#### **Get help from an independent government organization**

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

## You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare.

Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>).

## Section 3. To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

### *Section 3.1*

### Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or, should you use the process for making complaints?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, **START HERE:**

**Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?** (This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

<b>Yes.</b>	<b>No.</b>
My problem is about benefits or coverage.	My problem is <i>not</i> about benefits or coverage.
Go on to the next section of this chapter, <b>Section 4: “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”</b>	Skip ahead to <b>Section 10</b> at the end of this chapter: <b>“How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.”</b>



## Coverage decisions and appeals

### Section 4. A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

#### *Section 4.1*

#### **Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture**

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services and prescription drugs, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

#### **Asking for coverage decisions**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her, or, if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist.

You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service, or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

#### **Making an appeal**

If we make a coverage decision, and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can “appeal” the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or “fast coverage decision” or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. If this happens, we will let you know. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

#### *Section 4.2*

#### **How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal**

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- **You can call us at Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **To get free help from an independent organization** that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).

■ **Your doctor can make a request for you.**

- For medical care, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.
- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative.

■ **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under state law.
- If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf> or on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

■ **You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

### Section 4.3

## Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 5** of this chapter: “Your medical care: how to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.”
- **Section 6** of this chapter: “Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.”
- **Section 7** of this chapter: “How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.”
- **Section 8** of this chapter: “How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.” (*Applies to these services only:* home health care, skilled nursing facility care and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.)

If you’re not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from government organizations, such as your SHIP (Chapter 2, Section 3, of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

## Section 5. Your medical care: how to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (*A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals*)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

### Section 5.1

## This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care, or, if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. To keep things simple, we generally refer to “medical care coverage” or “medical care” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “medical care or treatment or services” every time.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.
2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
3. You have received medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
4. You have received and paid for medical care or services that you believe should be covered by the

plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.

5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.

■ **Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services**, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here's what to read in those situations:

- Chapter 9, Section 7: *How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.*
- Chapter 9, Section 8: *How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.* This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.
- For *all other* situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

Which of these situations are you in?	
If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. Go to the next section of this chapter, <b>Section 5.2</b> .
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an <b>appeal</b> . (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 5.3</b> of this chapter.

Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have already received and paid for?	You can send us the bill. Skip ahead to <b>Section 5.5</b> of this chapter.
--	--

## Section 5.2

### Step-by-step: how to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)

**Legal Terms** When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **“organization determination.”**

**Step 1:** You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a **“fast coverage decision.”**

**Legal Terms** A “fast coverage decision” is called an **“expedited determination.”**

### How to request coverage for the medical care you want

- Start by calling, writing or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor or your representative can do this.
- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.*

### Generally, we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines, unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. **A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.

- **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if you ask for more time, or, if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

### If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”

- **A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours.**
  - **However, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or, if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making

## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

■ **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**

- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if you are asking for coverage for medical care *you have not yet received*. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.

■ **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**

■ **If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.**

- If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
- This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
- The letter will also tell how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision, instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

**Step 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.**

**Deadlines for a “fast coverage decision”**

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision, we will give you our answer **within 72 hours**.
  - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If

we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.

- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
- If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or, if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the medical care coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

**Deadlines for a “standard coverage decision”**

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision, we will give you our answer **within 14 calendar days of receiving your request**.
  - We can take up to 14 more calendar days (“an extended time period”) under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making

complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

- If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or, if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), you have the right to appeal. Section 5.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 14 calendar days after we received your request. If we extended the time needed to make our coverage decision, we will authorize or provide the coverage by the end of that extended period.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested,** we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

### **Step 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider – and perhaps change – this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 5.3 below).

## **Section 5.3**

### **Step-by-step: how to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)**

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**Legal Terms** An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “reconsideration.”

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### **Step 1: You contact us and make your appeal.** **If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”**

#### **What to do**

- **To start an appeal, you, your doctor or your representative, must contact us.** For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.*
- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal, in writing, by submitting a request.** You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs*).
  - If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. (To get the form, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. It is also available on Medicare’s website at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf> or on our website at <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca.>) While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing, or call us** at the phone number

shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs*).

- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include, if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us, or, if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.**
  - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
  - If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

**If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal” (you can make a request by calling us)**

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**Legal Terms** A “fast appeal” is also called an **“expedited reconsideration.”**

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- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
- The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.

## **Step 2: We consider your appeal, and we give you our answer.**

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

## **Deadlines for a “fast appeal”**

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or, if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

## Deadlines for a “standard appeal”

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
  - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

**Step 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

## Section 5.4

### Step-by-step: how a Level 2 Appeal is done

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

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**Legal Terms** The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the **“Independent Review Entity.”** It is sometimes called the **“IRE.”**

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### Step 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.** We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.



## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### If you had a “fast appeal” at Level 1, you will also have a “fast appeal” at Level 2

- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days.**

### If you had a “standard appeal” at Level 1, you will also have a “standard appeal” at Level 2

- If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 30 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days.**

### Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision, in writing, and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date the plan receives the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for

medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)

- If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the medical care coverage you are requesting must meet a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal, which means that the decision at Level 2 is final. The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you how to find out the dollar amount to continue the appeals process.

### Step 3: If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down, and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3, and make a third appeal. The details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal.
- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

## Section 5.5

### What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*. Chapter 7 describes the

situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

### **Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*).

We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: *Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*).

### **We will say yes or no to your request**

- If the medical care you paid for is covered, and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider. (When we send the payment, it's the same as saying *yes* to your request for a coverage decision.)
- If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying *no* to your request for a coverage decision.)

### **What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?**

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the

coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3.** Go to this section for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer **within 60 calendar days** after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)
- If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider **within 30 calendar days**. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

## **Section 6. Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**

Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (*A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals*)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

### ***Section 6.1***

### **This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug**

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to our plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A "medically accepted

indication” is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

- **This section is about your Part D drugs only.**  
To keep things simple, we generally say “drug” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “covered outpatient prescription drug” or “Part D drug” every time.
- For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, rules and restrictions on coverage and cost information, see Chapter 5 (*Using the plan’s coverage for your Part D prescription drugs*) and Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

## Part D coverage decisions and appeals

As discussed in Section 4 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

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**Legal Terms** An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **“coverage determination.”**

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Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including:
  - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*
  - Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
  - Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier
- You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you satisfy any applicable coverage rules. (For example, when your drug is on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)
  - *Please note:* If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, you will get a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.
- You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal. Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:

Which of these situations are you in?	
Do you need a drug that isn't on our <i>Drug List</i> or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover?	You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.) Start with <b>Section 6.2</b> of this chapter.
Do you want us to cover a drug on our <i>Drug List</i> , and you believe you meet any plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need?	You can ask us for a coverage decision. Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.4</b> of this chapter.

Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for?	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.4</b> of this chapter.
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.5</b> of this chapter.

## Section 6.2

### What is an exception?

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an “exception.” An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request.

Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.** (We call it the “*Drug List*” for short.)

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**Legal Terms** Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the *Drug List* is sometimes called asking for a “**formulary exception.**”

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- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the *Drug List*, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4 Nonpreferred Drugs. You cannot ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

- 2. Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug.** There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our *List of Covered*

*Drugs (Formulary)* (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).

---

**Legal Terms** Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a “**formulary exception.**”

---

- The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:
  - *Being required to use the generic version* of a drug instead of the brand-name drug.
  - *Getting plan approval in advance* before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called “prior authorization.”)
  - *Quantity limits.* For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.
- If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

- 3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier.** Every drug on our *Drug List* is in one of six cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.

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**Legal Terms** Asking to pay a lower price for a covered nonpreferred drug is sometimes called asking for a “**tiering exception.**”

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- If our drug list contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower

cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s). This would lower your share of the cost for the drug.

- – If the drug you’re taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you’re taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5, Specialty drugs.
- If we approve your request for a tiering exception and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

### Section 6.3

## Important things to know about asking for exceptions

### Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our *Drug List* includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called “alternative” drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative

drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won’t work as well for you.

### We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 6.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

### Section 6.4

## Step-by-step: how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

**Step 1:** You ask us to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a “fast coverage decision.” You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.

### What to do

- **Request the type of coverage decision you want.** Start by calling, writing or faxing us to make your request. You, your representative or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs*. Or,

## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug, go to the section called, *Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.*

- **You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf** can ask for a coverage decision. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- **If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug**, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.* Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.
- **If you are requesting an exception, provide the “supporting statement.”** Your doctor or other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting. (We call this the “supporting statement.”) Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about exception requests.
- **We must accept any written request**, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.

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**Legal Terms** A “fast coverage decision” is called an **“expedited coverage determination.”**

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### If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”

- When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours

after we receive your doctor’s statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement.

- **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**
  - You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if you are asking for a *drug you have not yet received.* (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
  - You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.*
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, (without your doctor’s or other prescriber’s support) we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
  - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
  - This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
  - The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision, instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a “fast complaint,” which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

## Step 2: We consider your request, and we give you our answer.

### Deadlines for a “fast coverage decision”

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 24 hours**.
  - Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

### Deadlines for a “standard coverage decision” about a drug you have not yet received

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours**.
  - Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.

- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested:**

- If we approve your request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

### Deadlines for a “standard coverage decision” about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

## Step 3: If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

### Section 6.5

## Step-by-step: how to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)

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**Legal Terms** An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan “redetermination.”

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**Step 1: You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”**

### What to do

- **To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.**
  - For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, mail, or on our website, for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.*
- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request.** You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1, (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.*)
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal, in writing, or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1, (*How to contact us when you are making***

*an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs).*

- **We must accept any written request**, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include: if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us, or, if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.**
  - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
  - If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

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**Legal Terms** A “fast appeal” is also called an “expedited redetermination.”

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### If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal”

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
- The requirements for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision” in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal, and we give you our answer.**



## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

**Deadlines for a “fast appeal”**

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

**Deadlines for a “standard appeal”**

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within seven calendar days** after we receive your appeal for a drug you have not received yet. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If you believe your health requires it, you should ask for a “fast appeal.”
  - If we do not give you a decision within seven calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we

tell about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested:**
  - If we approve a request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than seven calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
  - If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.
- If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, we must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
  - If we do not give you a decision **within 14 calendar days**, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we will talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Step 3: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.**

- If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal.

- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process (see below).
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

## Section 6.6

### Step-by-step: how to make a Level 2 Appeal

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

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**Legal Terms** The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “**Independent Review Entity**.” It is sometimes called the “IRE.”

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**Step 1: To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.**

- If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the Independent Review Organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.
- When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.** We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.**

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision, in writing, and explain the reasons for it.

### Deadlines for a “fast appeal” at Level 2

- If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a “fast appeal.”
- If the review organization agrees to give you a “fast appeal,” the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.
- **If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization **within 24 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

### Deadlines for a “standard appeal” at Level 2

- If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within seven calendar days** after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not received yet. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

▪ **If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested:**

- If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the review organization **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

**What if the review organization says no to your appeal?**

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)

If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

**Step 3: If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down, and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals

process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3, and make a third appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.

- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

## **Section 7. How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon**

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **“discharge date.”**
- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

## Section 7.1

### During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

#### 1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it.

It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay and know who will pay for it.
- Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

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**Legal Terms** The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can “**request an immediate review.**” Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 7.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)

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#### 2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, must sign the notice. (Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

#### 3. Keep your copy of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html>.

## Section 7.2

### Step-by-step: how to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).  
Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

**During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a “fast review” of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

#### What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care

for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

#### How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

#### Act quickly

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than your planned discharge date**. (Your “planned discharge date” is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
  - If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date, *without paying for it*, while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - If you do *not* meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

#### Ask for a “fast review”

- You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a “**fast review**” of your discharge. Asking for a “fast review” means you are asking for the organization to use the “fast” deadlines for an appeal, instead of using the standard deadlines.

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**Legal Terms** A “fast review” is also called an “immediate review” or an “expedited review.”

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## Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

### What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains, in detail, the reasons why your doctor, the hospital and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

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**Legal Terms** This written explanation is called the “Detailed Notice of Discharge.” You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html>

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## Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

### What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says *yes* to your appeal, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

### What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal, and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

## Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

### Section 7.3

## Step-by-step: how to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

### Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

### Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

### If the review organization says yes

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on

the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**

- You must continue to pay your share of the costs, and coverage limitations may apply.

### If the review organization says no

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it. This is called “upholding the decision.”
- The notice you get will tell you, in writing, what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

### Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision, or whether to go on to Level 3, and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

### Section 7.4

## What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

### You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 7.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital

discharge. (“Quickly” means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

### Step-by-step: how to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

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**Legal Terms** A “fast review” (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “**expedited appeal.**”

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#### Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.*
- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

#### Step 2: We do a “fast review” of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair, and followed all the rules.
- In this situation, we will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

#### Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs, and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

#### Step 4: If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that you are *automatically* going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

#### Step-by-step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.



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**Legal Terms** The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “**Independent Review Entity.**” It is sometimes called the “**IRE.**”

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**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.**

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says *yes* to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse, or

how long we would continue to cover your services.

- **If this organization says *no* to your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing, what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3, and make a third appeal.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

## **Section 8. How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon**

### ***Section 8.1***

***This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services***

This section is about the following types of care *only*:

- **Home health care services** you are getting.
- **Skilled nursing care** you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a “skilled nursing facility,” see Chapter 12, *Definitions of important words*.)
- **Rehabilitation care** you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 12, *Definitions of important words*.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care*.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

## Section 8.2

### We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

1. **You receive a notice in writing.** At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.
  - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
  - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask our plan to change this decision

about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.

---

**Legal Terms** In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a **“fast-track appeal.”** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 8.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.) The written notice is called the **“Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.”** To get a sample copy, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or see a copy online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html>

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### 2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.

- You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, must sign the notice. (Section 4 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does *not* mean you agree** with the plan that it's time to stop getting the care.

## Section 8.3

### Step-by-step: how to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

**If you ask for a Level 1 Appeal on time, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.**

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal — Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.**

#### What is the Quality Improvement Organization?

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by

people with Medicare, and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

#### How can you contact this organization?

- The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

#### What should you ask for?

- Ask this organization for a “fast-track appeal” (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

#### Your deadline for contacting this organization

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal *no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.*
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

#### What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and

review information that our plan has given to them.

- By the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains, in detail, our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

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**Legal Terms** This notice of explanation is called the “**Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.**”

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**Step 3:** Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

**What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?**

- If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

**What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?**

- If the reviewers say *no* to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4:** If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- This first appeal you make is “Level 1” of the appeals process. If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 Appeal – *and* you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

## Section 8.4

### Step-by-step: how to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1:** You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said no to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.****What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal?**

- We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

**What happens if the review organization says no?**

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you, in writing, what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3, and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

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**Section 8.5****What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?****You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 8.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most).

If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

**Step-by-step: how to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

---

**Legal Terms** A “fast review” (or “fast appeal”) is also called an **“expedited appeal.”**

---

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”**

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.*
- Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a “fast review” of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.**

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.
- We will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).**

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal**, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your fast appeal**, then your coverage will end on the date we told you, and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that

you are *automatically* going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

---

**Legal Terms** The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the **“Independent Review Entity.”** It is sometimes called the **“IRE.”**

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**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.**

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan, and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company, chosen by Medicare, to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says *yes* to your appeal**, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse, or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says *no* to your appeal**, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing, what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.

**Step 3: If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3, and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

## Section 9. Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

### *Section 9.1*

#### Levels of Appeal 3, 4 and 5 for medical service appeals

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

#### Level 3 Appeal

**A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government** will review your appeal, and give you an answer.

- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says *yes* to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- **If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

## Level 4 Appeal

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, or, if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 Appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.** We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- **If the answer is no, or, if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to

your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

## Level 5 Appeal

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- This is the last step of the appeals process.

## Section 9.2

## Levels of Appeal 3, 4 and 5 for Part D drug appeals

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

## Level 3 Appeal

A judge (called an **Administrative Law Judge**) or **attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government** will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later**



**than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.

▪ **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

#### Level 4 Appeal

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

▪ **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.**

What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Appeals Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.

▪ **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the

written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

#### Level 5 Appeal

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- This is the last step of the appeals process.

### Making complaints

## Section 10. How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage or payment, then this section is *not for you*. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

### Section 10.1

#### What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems *only*. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

**If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can “make a complaint”**

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</li> </ul>

Complaint	Example
<b>Respecting your privacy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?</li> </ul>
<b>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treated you?</li> <li>Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</li> </ul>
<b>Waiting times</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists or other health professionals? Or by our Customer Service or other staff at the plan?               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Cleanliness</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital or doctor's office?</li> </ul>
<b>Information you get from us</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give?</li> <li>Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?</li> </ul>
<b>Timeliness</b> (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<p>The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in Sections 4-9 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process. However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If you have asked us to give you a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint.</li> <li>If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.</li> <li>When a coverage decision we made is reviewed, and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>

Complaint	Example
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>

## Section 10.2

### The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance”

**Legal Terms** What this section calls a “**complaint**” is also called a “**grievance.**”

Another term for “**making a complaint**” is “**filing a grievance.**”

Another way to say “**using the process for complaints**” is “**using the process for filing a grievance.**”

## Section 10.3

### Step-by-step: making a complaint

#### Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

- Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. You can reach us by calling 1-800-499-2793. If you use a TTY device, please call 711. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.
- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your

complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.

- If you call or send your grievance in writing, please provide us with the following information: Your name, address, telephone number, and member identification number. A summary of the grievance, any previous contact with us, and a description of the action you are requesting. If the grievance is in writing, please include you or your authorized representative’s signature and the date the grievance letter was signed. If you, or your authorized representative, require assistance in preparing and submitting your written grievance, please contact Customer Service at the telephone number in Chapter 2 of this booklet.
- Whether you call or write, you should contact Customer Service right away. The complaint must be made within 60 calendar days after you had the problem you want to complain about.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast complaint.” If you have a “fast complaint,” it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.

**Legal Terms** What this section calls a “**fast complaint**” is also called an “**expedited grievance.**”

#### Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your

## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

- **Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest, or, if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

- The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
- To find the name, address and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Chapter 2, Section 4 of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.
- **Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time.** If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

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### Section 10.4

#### You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization.** If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (*without* making the complaint to us).

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### Section 10.5

#### You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or, if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

# Chapter 10

Ending your membership in the  
plan

# Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan

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## Section 1. Introduction

### Section 1.1

#### This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in our plan may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave.
  - There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you *when* you can end your membership in the plan.
  - The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you *how* to end your membership in each situation.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care through our plan until your membership ends.

## Section 2. When can you end your membership in our plan?

You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

### Section 2.1

#### You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the “Annual Open Enrollment Period”). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage, and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

- **When is the Annual Enrollment Period?** This happens from October 15 to December 7.
- **What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period?** You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - – *or* – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
    - **If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:** If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may have to pay a Part D late-enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late-enrollment penalty.

**When will your membership end?** Your membership will end when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

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## Section 2.2

### You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the annual **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- **When is the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period?** This happens every year from January 1 to March 31.
- **What type of plan can you switch to during the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period?** During this time, you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage plan. (You choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you have until March 31 to join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan to add drug coverage.
- **When will your membership end?** Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

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## Section 2.3

### In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of our plan may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

- **Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period?** If any of the following situations apply to you, you may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These are just examples. For the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare or visit the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>):
  - Usually, when you have moved.
  - If you have Medicaid.
  - If you are eligible for “Extra Help” with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
  - If we violate our contract with you.
  - If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term-care (LTC) hospital.
- **When are Special Enrollment Periods?** The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.
- **What can you do?** To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.



- – *or* – Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- **If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:** If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late-enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the Part D late-enrollment penalty.

- **When will your membership end?** Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

## Section 2.4

### Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can find the information in the *Medicare & You 2019* Handbook.
  - Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.

- You can also download a copy from the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.
- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

## Section 3. How do you end your membership in our plan?

### Section 3.1

#### Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan

Usually, to end your membership in our plan, you simply enroll in another Medicare plan during one of the enrollment periods (see Section 2 in this chapter for information about the enrollment periods).

However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare *without* a Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- --*or*-- You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late-enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late-enrollment penalty.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Another Medicare health plan</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Note:</b> If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug plan and go without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may have to pay a late-enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late-enrollment penalty.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Send us a written request to disenroll.</b> Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).</li> <li>You can also contact <b>Medicare</b>, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</li> <li>You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</li> </ul>

## Section 4. Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan

### Section 4.1

#### Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.)

During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.

- You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in our plan ends.** Usually, your prescription drugs are only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy, including through our mail-order pharmacy services.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

## Section 5. Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

### *Section 5.1*

#### **When must we end your membership in the plan?**

**Our plan must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:**

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
  - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)
- You do not meet the plan's special eligibility requirements as stated in Chapter 1, Section 2.1.
  - This plan is a special needs plan for people with certain qualifying medical conditions and other requirements. Prior to the end of the first month of enrollment, we will confirm from a licensed practitioner that you have the qualifying condition necessary for enrollment in the diabetes mellitus plan. If at any time, or at some subsequent time, it is determined you do not have the qualifying condition, we are required to disenroll you from the chronic special needs plan. Disenrollment would be effective the first of the month following the month in which the plan provides you with notification of disenrollment. You will have a Special Enrollment Period that begins the month you lose eligibility, plus two additional months to enroll in another Medicare Advantage plan.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan, and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income, and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan, and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

#### **Where can you get more information?**

If you have questions, or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

- You can call **Customer Service** for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## ***Section 5.2***

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### **We *cannot* ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health, unless you no longer have a medical condition required for enrollment in Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP).**

In most cases, we cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health. The only time we are allowed to do this is if you no longer have the medical condition required for enrollment in Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP). (For information about the medical conditions required for enrollment, look in Chapter 1, Section 2.1 of this booklet.)

## **What should you do if this happens?**

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

## ***Section 5.3***

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### **You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan**

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons, in writing, for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can look in Chapter 9, Section 10 for information about how to make a complaint.

# Chapter 11

## Legal notices

## Chapter 11. Legal notices

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<b>Section 2.</b>	<b>Notice about nondiscrimination .....</b>	<b>247</b>
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<b>Section 4.</b>	<b>Additional legal notices .....</b>	<b>247</b>

## Section 1. Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this *Evidence of Coverage* and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities, even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

## Section 2. Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage Plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, and all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

## Section 3. Notice about Medicare secondary payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP), as a Medicare Advantage organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery

that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR, and the rules established in this section supersede any state laws.

## Section 4. Additional legal notices

### Collecting member payments

Under certain circumstances, if we pay the health care provider amounts that are your responsibility, such as deductibles, copayments or coinsurance, we may collect such amounts directly from you. You agree that we have the right to collect such amounts from you.

### Assignment

The benefits provided under this *Evidence of Coverage* are for the personal benefit of the member and cannot be transferred or assigned. Any attempt to assign this contract will automatically terminate all rights under this contract.

### Notice of claim

You have 36 months from the date the prescription was filled to file a paper claim. This applies to claims you submit, and not to pharmacy or provider filed claims.

In the event that a service is rendered for which you are billed, you have no more than 6 months from the date of service to submit such claims to your plan. According to CMS Pub 100-02 Benefit Policy, Chapter 15, Section 40, physicians and practitioners are required to submit claims on behalf of beneficiaries for all items and services they provide for which Medicare payment may be made under Part B. Also, they **are not allowed to charge beneficiaries in excess of the limits on charges that apply to the item or service being furnished.** However, a physician or practitioner (as defined in §40.4) may opt out of Medicare. A physician or practitioner who opts out is not required to submit claims on behalf of

beneficiaries and also is excluded from limits on charges for Medicare covered services.

You may submit such claims to:

Anthem Blue Cross - Customer Services  
P.O. Box 366  
Artesia, CA 90702-0366

## Entire contract

This *Evidence of Coverage* and applicable riders attached hereto, and your completed enrollment form, constitute the entire contract between the parties and as of the effective date hereof, supersede all other agreements between the parties.

## Waiver by agents

No agent or other person, except an executive officer of Anthem Blue Cross, has authority to waive any conditions or restrictions of this *Evidence of Coverage* or the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

No change in this *Evidence of Coverage* shall be valid unless evidenced by an endorsement signed by an authorized executive officer of the company or by an amendment to it signed by the authorized company officer.

## Cessation of operation

In the event of the cessation of operation or dissolution of your plan in the area in which you reside, this *Evidence of Coverage* will be terminated. You will receive notice 90 days before the *Evidence of Coverage* is terminated.

**Please note:** If the *Evidence of Coverage* terminates, your coverage will also end.

In that event, the company will explain your options at that time. For example, there may be other health plans in the area for you to join if you wish. Or you may wish to return to Original Medicare, and possibly obtain supplemental insurance. In the latter situation, Anthem Blue Cross would arrange for you to obtain, without health screening or a waiting period, a

supplemental health insurance policy to cover Medicare coinsurance and deductibles.

Whether you enroll in another prepaid health plan or not, there would be no gap in coverage.

## Refusal to accept treatment

You may, for personal or religious reasons, refuse to accept procedures or treatment recommended as necessary by your primary care physician. Although such refusal is your right, in some situations it may be regarded as a barrier to the continuance of the provider/patient relationship, or to the rendering of the appropriate standard of care.

When a member refuses a recommended, necessary treatment or procedure, and the primary care physician believes that no professionally acceptable alternative exists, the member will be advised of this belief.

In the event you discharge yourself from a facility against medical advice, your plan will pay for covered services rendered up to the day of self-discharge. Fees pertaining to that admission will be paid on a per diem basis or appropriate Diagnostic Related Grouping (DRG), whichever is applicable.

## Limitation of actions

No legal action may be taken to recover benefits within 60 days after the service is rendered. No such action may be taken later than three years after the service, upon which the legal action is based, was provided.

## Circumstances beyond plan control

If there is an epidemic, catastrophe, general emergency, or other circumstance beyond the company's control, neither your plan nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation except the following, as a result of reasonable delay in providing services:

- Because of the occurrence, you may have to obtain covered services from a non-network provider, instead of a network provider. Your plan will



reimburse you up to the amount that would have been covered under this *Evidence of Coverage*.

- Your plan may require written statements, from you and the medical personnel who attended you, confirming your illness or injury and the necessity for the treatment you received.

## Plan's sole discretion

The plan may, at its sole discretion, cover services and supplies not specifically covered by the *Evidence of Coverage*.

This applies if the plan determines such services and supplies are in lieu of more expensive services and supplies that would otherwise be required for the care and treatment of a member.

## Disclosure

You are entitled to ask for the following information from your plan:

- Information on your plan's physician incentive plans.
- Information on the procedures your plan uses to control utilization of services and expenditures.
- Information on the financial condition of the company.
- General coverage and comparative plan information.

To obtain this information, call Customer Service at 1-800-499-2793, or, if you are hearing or speech impaired and have a TTY telephone line, 711. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free. The plan will send this information to you within 30 days of your request.

## Information about advance directives

(Information about using a legal form such as a “living will” or “power of attorney” to give directions in advance about your health care in case you become unable to make your own health care decisions)

You have the right to make your own health care decisions. *But what if you had an accident or illness so serious that you became unable to make these decisions for yourself?*

If this were to happen:

- You might want a particular person you trust to make these decisions for you.
- You might want to let health care providers know the types of medical care you would *want* and *not want* if you were not able to make decisions for yourself.
- You might want to do both – to appoint someone else to make decisions for you, and to let this person and your health care providers know the kinds of medical care you would want if you were unable to make these decisions for yourself.

If you wish, you can fill out and sign a special form that lets others know what you want done if you cannot make health care decisions for yourself. This form is a legal document. It is sometimes called an “advance directive,” because it lets you give directions in advance about what you want to happen if you ever become unable to make your own health care decisions.

There are different types of advance directives and different names for them depending on your state or local area. For example, documents called “living will” and “power of attorney for health care” are examples of advance directives.

It's your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive. The law forbids any discrimination against you in your medical care based on whether or not you have an advance directive.

## **How can you use a legal form to give your instructions in advance?**

If you decide that you want to have an advance directive, there are several ways to get this type of legal form. You can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, and from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare, such as your SHIP (which stands for State Health Insurance Assistance Program). Chapter 2 of this booklet tells how to contact your SHIP. SHIPs have different names depending on which state you are in.

Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it. It is important to sign this form and keep a copy at home. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't.

You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, take a copy with you.

## **If you are hospitalized, they will ask you about an advance directive**

If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you. If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

It is your choice whether to sign or not. If you decide not to sign an advance directive form, you will not be denied care or be discriminated against in the care you are given.

## **What if providers don't follow the instructions you have given?**

If you believe that a doctor or hospital has not followed the instructions in your advance directive,

you may file a complaint with your state Department of Health.

## **Continuity and coordination of care**

Anthem Blue Cross has policies and procedures in place to promote the coordination and continuity of medical care for our members. This includes the confidential exchange of information between primary care physicians and specialists, as well as behavioral health providers. In addition, Anthem Blue Cross helps coordinate care with a practitioner when the practitioner's contract has been discontinued and works to enable a smooth transition to a new practitioner.

## **Subrogation and reimbursement**

These provisions apply when we pay benefits as a result of injuries or illness you sustained, and you have a right to a recovery or have received a recovery. We have the right to recover payments we make on your behalf, or take any legal action against, any party responsible for compensating you for your injuries. We also have a right to be repaid from any recovery in the amount of benefits paid on your behalf. The following apply:

- The amount of our recovery will be calculated pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 411.37, and pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 422.108(f), no state laws shall apply to our subrogation and reimbursement rights.
- Our subrogation and reimbursement rights shall have first priority, to be paid before any of your other claims are paid. Our subrogation and reimbursement rights will not be affected, reduced, or eliminated by the "made whole" doctrine or any other equitable doctrine.
- You must notify us promptly of how, when and where an accident or incident, resulting in personal injury or illness to you, occurred and all information regarding the parties involved, and you must notify us promptly if you retain an attorney related to such an accident or incident. You and your legal representative must cooperate with us, do whatever is necessary to enable us to

exercise our rights, and do nothing to prejudice our rights.

- If you fail to repay us, we shall be entitled to deduct any of the unsatisfied portion of the amount of benefits we have paid or the amount of your recovery whichever is less, from any future benefit under the plan.

## **Presidential or Gubernatorial emergencies**

In the event of a Presidential or Gubernatorial emergency or major disaster declaration or an announcement of a public health emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, your plan will make the following exceptions to assure adequate care during the emergency:

- Approve services to be furnished at specified noncontracted facilities that are considered Medicare-certified facilities;

- Temporarily reduce cost sharing for plan-approved out-of-network services to the in-network cost-sharing amounts; and
- Waive in full the requirements for a primary physician referral where applicable.

Typically, the source that declared the disaster will clarify when the disaster or emergency is over. If, however, the disaster or emergency time frame has not been closed within 30 days from the initial declaration, and, if CMS has not indicated an end date to the disaster or emergency, your plan will resume normal operations 30 days from the initial declaration.

When a disaster or emergency is declared, it is specific to a geographic location (i.e., county). Your plan will apply the above exceptions only if you reside in the geographic location indicated.

# Chapter 12

Definitions of important words

## Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

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**Allowable Amount** – This is the amount a doctor or supplier that accepts assignment can be paid. It may be less than the actual amount a doctor or supplier charges. It is the maximum amount that Medicare pays for a service or item, less any beneficiary cost sharing.

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Annual Enrollment Period** – A set time each fall when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare. The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services, prescription drugs, or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don't pay for a drug, item or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

**Balance billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of our plan, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to "balance bill" or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

**Benefit period** – The way that both our plan and Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't

received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Brand-name drug** – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand-name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand-name drug has expired.

**Catastrophic coverage stage** – The stage in the Part D drug benefit where you pay a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent \$5,100 on covered drugs during the covered year.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The Federal agency that administers Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%).

**Complaint** – The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." The complaint process is used for certain types of problems *only*. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also "Grievance," in this list of definitions.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or "copay")** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor's visit or prescription drug.

**Cost sharing** – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: 1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; 2) any fixed "copayment" amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or 3) any "coinsurance" amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received. A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you, and you are required to pay a copayment.

**Cost-sharing tier** – Every drug on the *List of Covered Drugs* is in one of six cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Covered drugs** – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

**Covered services** – The general term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable prescription drug coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Customer Service** – A department, within our plan, responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Customer Service.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you, and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay.

**Disenroll or disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

**Dispensing fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist’s time to prepare and package the prescription.

**Durable medical equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency care** – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and disclosure information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Exception** – A type of coverage determination that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor’s formulary (a formulary exception), or get a nonpreferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

**“Extra Help”** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare

prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles and coinsurance.

**Freestanding Dialysis Center** – A freestanding facility that provides dialysis on an outpatient basis. This type of facility does not provide inpatient room and board and is Medicare-certified and licensed by the proper authority.

**Freestanding Radiology (Imaging) Center** – A freestanding facility that provides one or more of the following services on an outpatient basis for the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of an injury or illness: X-rays; nuclear medicine; radiation oncology. This type of facility does not provide inpatient room and board and is Medicare-certified and licensed by the proper authority.

**Formulary** – A list of covered drugs provided by the plan.

**Generic drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand-name drug. Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand-name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about us or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Health Maintenance Organization (HMO)** – A type of Medicare managed care plan where a group of doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers agree to give health care to Medicare beneficiaries for a set amount of money from Medicare every month. You usually must get your care from the providers in the plan.

**Home health aide** – A home health aide provides services that don’t need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

**Home health care** – Skilled nursing care and certain other health care services that you get in your home for the treatment of an illness or injury. Covered

services are listed in Chapter 4 under the heading, “Home health agency care.” If you need home health care services, our plan will cover these services for you, provided the Medicare coverage requirements are met. Home health care can include services from a home health aide if the services are part of the home health plan of care for your illness or injury. They aren’t covered unless you are also getting a covered skilled service. Home health services don’t include the services of housekeepers, food service arrangements, or full-time nursing care at home.

**Hospice** – A member who has six months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums, you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

**Hospital inpatient stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

**Income-Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your income is above a certain limit, you will pay an income-related monthly adjustment amount in addition to your plan premium. For example, individuals with income greater than \$85,000 and married couples with income greater than \$170,000 must pay a higher Medicare Part B (medical insurance) and Medicare prescription drug coverage premium amount. This additional amount is called the income-related monthly adjustment amount. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

**Initial coverage limit** – The maximum limit of coverage under the initial coverage stage.

**Initial coverage stage** – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$3,820.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you’re eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the seven-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65 and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

**Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – A Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These LTC facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF), nursing facility (NF), (SNF/NF), an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR), and/or an inpatient psychiatric facility. An institutional Special Needs Plan to serve Medicare residents of LTC facilities must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility (ies).

**Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – An institutional Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

**List of covered drugs (Formulary or “Drug List”)** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand-name and generic drugs.

**Low-Income Subsidy (LIS)** – See “Extra Help.”

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out of pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your late-enrollment penalty, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums and



prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 *What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?* for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Medicaid (or medical assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

**Medically accepted indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

**Medically necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a Medicare Advantage plan.

**Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** – A set time, each year, when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to Original Medicare or make changes to your Part D coverage. The Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 until March 31, 2019, 2019.

**Medicare Advantage (MA) plan** – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan or a Medicare Medical

Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage plans with prescription drug coverage**. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare health plan that is offered in their area, except people with end-stage renal disease (unless certain exceptions apply).

**Medicare coverage gap discount program** – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand-name drugs to Part D members who have reached the coverage gap stage and who are not already receiving “Extra Help.” Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand-name drugs are discounted.

**Medicare-covered services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

**Medicare health plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage plans, Medicare Cost plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare prescription drug coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**“Medigap” (Medicare supplement insurance) policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (member of our plan, or “plan member”)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get

covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Network pharmacy** – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them “network pharmacies” because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

**Network provider** – “Provider” is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services. We call them “**network providers**” when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate, as well as provide, covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers, or, if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as “plan providers.”

**Observation** – A stay in a hospital for less than 24 hours if: 1) You have not been admitted as a registered bed patient; 2) you are physically detained in an emergency room, treatment room, observation room, or other such area; or 3) you are being observed to determine whether an inpatient admission will be required.

**Optional Supplemental Benefits -**

Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. If you chose to have optional supplemental benefits, you may have to pay an additional premium. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

**Organization determination** – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this

booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Original Medicare (“traditional Medicare” or “fee-for-service” Medicare)** – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (hospital insurance) and Part B (medical insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-network pharmacy** – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this *Evidence of Coverage*, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-network provider or out-of-network facility** – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

**Out-of-pocket costs** – See the definition for “cost sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement.

**Part C – See “Medicare Advantage (MA) plan.”**

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare prescription drug benefit program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

**Part D drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs.

**Part D late-enrollment penalty** – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late-enrollment penalty.

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both in-network (preferred) and out-of-network (nonpreferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health and/or prescription drug coverage.

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health

care provider. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about primary care providers.

**Prior authorization** – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from our plan. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Some drugs are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

**Prosthetics and orthotics** – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Chapter 2, Section 4 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

**Quantity limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

**Rehabilitation services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Service area** – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (nonemergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area.

**Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting “Extra Help” with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or, if we violate our contract with you.

**Special needs plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Standard cost sharing** – Standard cost sharing is cost sharing other than preferred cost sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

**Step therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently needed services** – Urgently needed services are provided to treat a nonemergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.





Anthem Blue Cross is an HMO CSNP plan with a Medicare contract. Enrollment in Anthem Blue Cross depends on contract renewal. Anthem Blue Cross is the trade name of Blue Cross of California. Independent licensee of the Blue Cross Association. Anthem is a registered trademark of Anthem Insurance Companies, Inc.

## **Anthem Diabetes (HMO SNP) Customer Service – contact information**

**Call:** 1-800-499-2793. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.

**TTY:** 711. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. We are available for phone calls from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., seven days a week (except Thanksgiving and Christmas) from October 1 through March 31, and Monday to Friday (except holidays) from April 1 through September 30. Calls to these numbers are free.

**Fax:** 1-888-426-5087

**Write:** BLUE CROSS OF CALIFORNIA - Customer Service  
12900 Park Plaza Drive, Suite 150, Mailstop 6150  
Cerritos, CA 90703-9329

**Website:** <https://shop.anthem.com/medicare/ca>

## **California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) (California SHIP)**

California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) is a state program that get money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP) – contact information

**Call:** 1-800-434-0222

**TTY:** 1-800-735-2929

This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

**Write:** California Health Insurance Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP)  
1300 National Drive  
Suite 200  
Sacramento, CA 95834-1992

**Website:** <http://www.aging.ca.gov/HICAP>

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# Important Notice

Please be advised that the following Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) contact information has changed in Chapter 2, Section 4 of the *Evidence of Coverage*:

Current QIO contact information	Revised QIO contact information
<p><b>In Arizona:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In Arizona:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 9 <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4063 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 9 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In California:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In California:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 9 <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4063 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 9 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Colorado:</b> KEPRO, Area 3 <b>Call:</b> 1-844-430-9504 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 3 Rock Run Center, Suite 100 5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>	<p><b>In Colorado:</b> KEPRO, Region 8 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-317-0891 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4062 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 8 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>
<p><b>In Connecticut:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In Connecticut:</b> KEPRO – Region 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-319-8452 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4055 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO – Region 1 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>

<p><b>In Florida:</b> KEPRO, Area 2 <b>Call:</b> 1-844-455-8708 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 2 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Florida:</b> KEPRO, Region 4 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-317-0751 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4058 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 4 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>
<p><b>In Georgia:</b> KEPRO, Area 2 <b>Call:</b> 1-844-455-8708 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 2 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Georgia:</b> KEPRO, Region 4 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-317-0751 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4058 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 4 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>
<p><b>In Indiana:</b> KEPRO, Area 4 <b>Call:</b> 1-855-408-8557 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 4 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Indiana:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 5 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-524-9900 <b>TTY:</b> 1-888-985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4059 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 5 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Kansas:</b> KEPRO, Area 4 <b>Call:</b> 1-855-408-8557 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 4 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Kansas:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 7 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-755-5580 <b>TTY:</b> 1-888-985-9295 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4061 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 7 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Kentucky:</b> KEPRO, Area 3 <b>Call:</b> 1-844-430-9504 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 3 Rock Run Center, Suite 100 5700 Lombardo Center Dr. Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>	<p><b>In Kentucky:</b> KEPRO, Region 4 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-317-0751 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4058 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 4 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>

<p><b>In Maine:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In Maine:</b> KEPRO – Region 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-319-8452 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4055 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO – Region 1 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>
<p><b>In Missouri:</b> KEPRO, Area 4 <b>Call:</b> 1-855-408-8557 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 4 5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900 Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Missouri:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 7 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-755-5580 <b>TTY:</b> 1-888-985-9295 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4061 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 7 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Nevada:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In Nevada:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 9 <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4063 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 9 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In New Hampshire:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In New Hampshire:</b> KEPRO – Region 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-888-319-8452 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4055 <b>Write:</b> KEPRO – Region 1 5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100 Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>
<p><b>In New Jersey:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In New Jersey:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 2 <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4056 <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 2 10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>

<p><b>In New Mexico:</b>  KEPRO, Area 3  <b>Call:</b> 1-844-430-9504 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 3  Rock Run Center, Suite 100  5700 Lombardo Center Dr.  Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>	<p><b>In New Mexico:</b>  KEPRO, Region 6  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-315-0636 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4060  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 6  5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900  Tampa, FL 33609</p>
<p><b>In New York:</b>  BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1  <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 1  10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In New York:</b>  Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 2  <b>Call:</b> 1-866-815-5440 <b>TTY:</b> 1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4056  <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 2  10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Ohio:</b>  KEPRO, Area 4  <b>Call:</b> 1-855-408-8557 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 4  5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900  Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Ohio:</b>  Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 5  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-524-9900 <b>TTY:</b> 1-888-985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4059  <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 5  10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Tennessee:</b>  KEPRO, Area 3  <b>Call:</b> 1-844-430-9504 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 3  Rock Run Center, Suite 100  5700 Lombardo Center Dr.  Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>	<p><b>In Tennessee:</b>  KEPRO, Region 4  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-317-0751 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4058  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 4  5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900  Tampa, FL 33609</p>
<p><b>In Texas:</b>  KEPRO, Area 3  <b>Call:</b> 1-844-430-9504 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 3  Rock Run Center, Suite 100  5700 Lombardo Center Dr.  Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>	<p><b>In Texas:</b>  KEPRO, Region 6  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-315-0636 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4060  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 6  5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900  Tampa, FL 33609</p>

<p><b>In Virginia:</b>  KEPRO, Area 2  <b>Call:</b> 1-844-455-8708 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 2  5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900  Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Virginia:</b>  Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 3  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-396-4646 <b>TTY:</b> 1-888-985-2660 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4057  <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 3  10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>
<p><b>In Washington:</b>  BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5  <b>Call:</b> 1-877-588-1123 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-887-6668 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> BFCC-QIO Program, Area 5  10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>	<p><b>In Washington:</b>  KEPRO, Region 10  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-305-6759 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4064  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Region 10  5700 Lombardo Center Dr., Suite 100  Seven Hills, OH 44131</p>
<p><b>In Wisconsin:</b>  KEPRO, Area 4  <b>Call:</b> 1-855-408-8557 <b>TTY:</b> 1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Write:</b> KEPRO, Area 4  5201 W. Kennedy Blvd, Suite 900  Tampa, FL 33609</p>	<p><b>In Wisconsin:</b>  Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 5  <b>Call:</b> 1-888-524-9900 <b>TTY:</b> 1-888-985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.  <b>Fax:</b> 1-833-868-4059  <b>Write:</b> Livanta BFCC-QIO Program, Region 5  10820 Guilford Rd, Suite 202  Annapolis Junction, MD 20701</p>